COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 09258415

GS INTEGRA LIMITED FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2023

GS INTEGRA LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2023

CONTENTS	PAGE
Balance sheet	1
Notes to the financial statements	2

GS INTEGRA LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

31 December 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	4	1,625,432	1,625,432
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	78	70
Cash at bank and in hand		200	200
		278	270
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,669,879)	(1,669,879)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(1,669,601)	(1,669,609)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(44,169)	(44,177)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		149	159
Capital redemption reserve		129	111
Profit and loss account		(44,447)	(44,447)
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS		(44,169)	(44,177)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 March 2024, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr K D Gardiner

Director

Company registration number: 09258415

GS INTEGRA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2023

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Merlin House, No 1 Langstone Business Park, Newport, South Wales, NP18 2HJ.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The accounts show that the company had net liabilities of £44,169 (2022 - £44,177) at the balance sheet date. The directors have therefore had to consider the appropriateness of the going concern basis. The company has been able to finance its operations largely because of support from its subsidiary, Integra Business Solutions Limited. The directors are confident that the company will be able to meet its obligations for at least the next twelve months with the continuing support of its subsidiary. They therefore consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis.

Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. INVESTMENTS

Shares in group undertakings

£

Cost

At 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023 1,625,432

Impairment

At 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023

Carrying amount

At 31 December 2023 1,625,432

At 31 December 2022 1,625,432

5. DEBTORS

	2023	2022
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a		
participating interest	74	66
Other debtors	4	4
	78	70
6. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a		
participating interest	1,669,879	1,669,879

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included within creditors is a balance of £1,669,879 (2022 - £1,669,879) due to its subsidiary Integra Business Solutions Limited for monies advanced.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.