Amended

Genesis 2014 (UK) Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 October 2018



Statement of Financial Position

31 October 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	1,003,630	970,643
rangible assets	•	1,003,630	970,643
			370,043
Current assets			
Debtors	5	966,420	863,833
Cash at bank and in hand		284,179	<u>187,312</u>
		<u>1,250,599</u>	<u>1,051,145</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	911,617	<u>765,158</u>
Net current assets		338,982	285,987
Total assets less current liabilities		1,342,612	1,256,630
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	720,350	750,388
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		190,690	<u> 194,128</u>
Net assets		431,572	312,114
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		431,571	312,113
		431,572	312,114

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st October 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27th June 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Tracy Greening

Director

Company registration number: 09254872

The notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 October 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is G29 Genesis Centre, Innovation Way, Stoke-On-Trent, ST6 4BF.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from services rendered is recognised when; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved losses and other deferred taxation assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 October 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of the revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that assets as follows:

Plant & Machinery

- 10% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

- 20% on reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 October 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are appointed between finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discount at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

3. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2017: 2).

4. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£ ·
Cost				
Brought forward	16,419	255,419	997,760	1,269,598
Additions			207,200	207,200
Carried forward	16,419	255,419	1,204,960	1,476,798
Depreciation				
Brought forward	-	51,563	247,392	298,955
Charge		30,578	143,635	174,213
Carried forward	_	82,141	391,027	473,168
Net book value				
Brought forward	16,419	203,856	750,368	970,643
Carried forward	16,419	173,278	813,933	1,003,630

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 October 2018

Debtors

		2018	2017
	Trade debtors	£ 966,420	± -863,833
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Trade creditors	186,802	117,283
	Other creditors	724,815	647,875
		911,617	765,158
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2018	2017

		2018	2017
	•	£	£
Other creditors		720,350	<u>184,257</u>

8. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	812,000	570,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	1,319,000	1,140,000
	<u>2,131,000</u>	<u>1,710,000</u>

9. Charges on assets

Fixed assets with a net book value of £148,750 (2017: nil) are pledged in respect of hire purchase liabilities totalling £121,192 (2017: nil).

Other creditors of £724,815 (2017: £647,875) are secured via a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.