OneFamily Foundation Limited

Annual report and financial statements

Registered number 09176069

Year ended 31 December 2019



Contents

							Page
			•		. ,		
Directors' report		· · · · · .	: .		•		1-2
		. 1					
Statement of Directors' responand the financial statements	nsibilities in re	espect of t	he Directo	rs' report,		,	3
Independent auditor's report t	to the mem	ber of One	eFamily Fou	undation Lin	nited		4-6
Profit and loss account and of	ther compre	ehensive in	come				7
Statement of financial position	n						8
Statement of changes in equi	ty	•				•	9
Notes to the financial stateme	ents		:			-	10-14

Directors' report

The Directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Going concern

The parent company of OneFamily Foundation Limited is Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited (FAFS). The Board has undertaken a going concern assessment, which includes consideration of the group-wide assessment of going concern as well as factors specific to the Company. This assessment of going concern also takes account of the COVID-19 pandemic in early 2020. The Board has considered the effect on business operations as a result of the pandemic. Based on these assessments, the Directors believe that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Therefore, the Directors have presented the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year was £1,037,978 (2018: £nil). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2018: £nil).

Directors

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing were as follows:

S T Nyahasha	Director
P J Herz	Director
J Islam (appointed 01 January 2020)	Director
S.C. Markey (resigned 31 December 2019)	Director

Provision of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- that Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any information needed by the Company's auditor in connection with preparing their report, and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Directors' report (continued)

By order of the Board:

S T Nyahasha Director

16-17 West Street Brighton East Sussex BN1 2RL

18 May 2020

J Islam Director

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of OneFamily Foundation Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of OneFamily Foundation Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 3.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102
 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of OneFamily Foundation Limited (continued)

Directors' report

The directors are responsible for the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of OneFamily Foundation Limited (continued)

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

londolon Johns

Andrew Jones (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

1 Sovereign Square, Sovereign Street, Leeds, LST 4DA

18 May 2020

Profit and loss account and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2019

		Notes	2019	2018
			£	£ .
Incoming resources				
Foundation funding			1,611,044	1,141,593
Total incoming resources		•	1,611,044	1,141,593
Administration expenses		6	(100,000)	(100,000)
Grants and awards made			(473,066)	(1,041,593)
Profit before taxation -			1,037,978	
Tax on profit		7	· •	-
Profit for the financial year			1,037,978	•
Other comprehensive income	•		-	•
Total comprehensive income	for the financial year		1,037,978	•

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of the financial statements.

1,037,978

1,037,978

Statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019

Company number: 091	176069				
	•		Notes	2019	2018
				£	£
Current Assets			·	•	:
Debtors			8	1,109,288	132,244
Cash at Bank		•	•	31,177	65,781
				1,140,465	198,025
Creditors				•	
		•			
Amounts falling due w	ithin one year		9	(102,487)	(198,025)
Net assets				1,037,978	· ·
			•		
	•				
Reserves		,	•		•

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 May 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

S T Nyahasha

Profit and loss account

Total reserves

Director

J IslamDirector

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Profit and loss	Tatal
- -	account £	Total £
As at 1 January 2018		- -
Total comprehensive income: Profit for the year		- -
As at 31 December 2018	_	· •
As at 1 January 2019	-	· : · · · -
Total comprehensive income: Profit for the year	1,037,978	1,037,978
At 31 December 2019	1,037,978	1,037,978

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

1 General information

OneFamily Foundation Limited provides benefits to customers of the Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited (FAFS) Group, their loved ones, local communities and the causes they care about, by way of individual and project grant funding.

The Company is limited by guarantee and is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association. The Company is incorporated in England and Wales and domiciled in the UK. The liability in respect of the guarantee is set out in the Memorandum of Association and is limited to £1 per member of the Company. The sole member of the Company is Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited. The address of its registered office is 16-17 West Street, Brighton, BN1 2RL.

2 Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") as it applies to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

3 Summary of significant policies

The main accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a) Basis of preparation

These individual financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The presentation currency of these financial statements is sterling. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £1.

b) Going concern

These individual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, supported by an assessment of the Group's forecast profitability and capital resilience over the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements as set out in the Directors' Report.

c) Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions. The Company's parent undertaking, Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited (FAFS), includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements, which are available to the public by request to the address shown in Note 12 or at www.onefamily.com/company-information/financial-reports. In these financial statements, the Company is considered to be a qualifying entity (for the purposes of FRS 102) and has applied the exemptions available under FRS 102 in respect of financial instrument disclosures, key management personnel compensation disclosures and the presentation of the cash flow statement and related notes

The Company has taken advantage of an exemption from FRS102.33.1A not to disclose transactions with Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited's group undertakings as they are fully controlled by FAFS.

3 Summary of significant policies (continued)

d) Incoming resources

Foundation funding is received from other group entities to match the costs of grants and awards made, and administration expenses, on an accruals basis. In 2019 the parent company injected an additional £1,037,978 to fund the activities of the Company in future years (see Note 10).

e) Current tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

f) Deferred tax

Except as set out in FRS102, deferred tax is provided on timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

g) Basic financial instruments

Financial assets

Basic financial assets comprise amounts owed by the parent company and are recognised at transaction price. At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired an impairment loss is calculated, representing the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and other short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities comprise amounts owed to award winners and amounts owed to group undertakings and are recognised at transaction price. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Trade and other creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

h) Accounting estimates and judgements

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

No estimates of values are made and therefore there is no uncertainty in relation to estimates at the balance sheet date.

Critical Accounting Judgements

No judgements have been made in applying the Company's accounting policies.

4 Auditor's remuneration

Audit fees for the Company form part of the total group audit fees and the cost is borne by FAFS

					. •	2019 £	2018 £
	ceivable by the n respect of:	Company's	auditor (and its	•		
Audit a	of these financial	statements	· 5	•	·	4,901	1,394
			•			4.901	1,394

Fees paid to KPMG LLP for non-audit services and the audit of associated companies are disclosed in the consolidated accounts of the ultimate parent company FAFS on a consolidated basis.

5 Directors' Emoluments

All directors were remunerated by the parent company, FAFS, for their services to the Group as a whole. No direct charge has been made to the Company in respect of the emoluments of these directors as they were not specifically remunerated for their services to the Company. Accordingly, no emoluments are disclosed in respect of the directors. Directors of the Company that are not directors of FAFS are classified as Key Management Personnel of FAFS. Details of the remuneration of directors of the Group, and of Key Management Personnel, can be found in the Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements of FAFS, which is available from the FAFS Secretary at the address in Note 12.

6 Administration expenses and employees

There are no employees directly employed by the Company (2018: nil). A service charge is payable by the Company to the parent in respect of certain expenses (including salary and staff related costs), as well as for other operational and support costs.

7 Taxation

a) Analysis of charge in the period				2019	2018	
Current tax:			*	•	£	£
UK corporation tax on inc	come for the yea	ar .		• •	-	· . .
Total current tax		•			-	
Total deferred tax					•	<u>-</u> · .
Total tax (note 7(b))						

7 Taxation (continued)

b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the period

The tax charge for the year is lower than (2018: equal to) the main rate of corporation tax in the UK (19%) (2018: 19%). The differences are explained below

	2019 £	2018 £
Profit before tax	1,037,978	_
Profit multiplied by the main rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%)	197,216	
Effects of: Group relief Total tax charge for the period (note 7 (a))	(197,216)	

c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. The March 2020 Budget announced that a rate of 19% would continue to apply with effect from 1 April 2020, and this change was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020.

8 Debtors

	Amounts falling due within one year:	2019 £	2018 £
	Amounts due from group undertakings: parent company	1,109,288	132,244
		1,109,288	132,244
9	Creditors	2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Amounts owed to award winners	102,487 102,487	198,025 198,025

10 Contingent liability

At the time of the merger between Family Assurance Friendly Society (FAFS) and Engage Mutual Friendly Society, it was agreed an amount of £5 million would be provided to finance the Foundation's activities over a period of five years up to the period ending December 2019. This funding was dependent on the level of capital resources within FAFS.

As at 31 December 2019, a total of £4 million has been paid into the Foundation, leaving a balance of £1 million. As FAFS has sufficient capital resources at this date it has committed to paying the remaining £1 million to the Foundation.

10 Contingent liability (continued)

There is an element of uncertainty around the amounts and timings of the cash outflows, which depend on members applying for grants and awards, therefore the Company has a contingent liability.

In line with accounting standards, contingent liabilities are not included within the statement of financial position.

As at 31 December 2019, the £1 million of additional funding is being recognised in the Foundation as revenue with a corresponding debtor entry to reflect the amount due from FAFS.

11 Related party disclosures

The Company has taken advantage of an exemption from FRS102.33.1A not to disclose transactions with Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited's group undertakings as they are fully controlled by FAFS. Balances with Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited's group undertakings are shown in note 8.

No member of key management personnel, being any person having authority and responsibility for planning, directing or controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company, nor their close family, had a material transaction with the Company.

12 Registered office and ultimate parent

The registered office of OneFamily Foundation Limited is the same address as its parent company shown below. The ultimate parent company is Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited, a friendly society incorporated in England and Wales in accordance with the Friendly Societies Act 1992. Copies of the ultimate parent's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from:

The Secretary
Family Assurance Friendly Society Limited
16-17 West Street
Brighton
East Sussex
BN1 2RL