Registration number: 09171391

# Berkeley Financial Partners Ltd

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

Chatha & Co Chartered Certified Accountants 115-116 Spon End Coventry Warwickshire CV1 3HF



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## **Company Information**

Director

Mr J Dolan

Company secretary

Miss J Nayyar

Registered office

2 The Courtyard The Courtyard

East Park Crawley West Sussex RH10 6AG

**Solicitors** 

Patel & Co 5 Brook Street Daventry Northamptonshire

NN11 4GG

**Auditors** 

Chatha & Co

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

115-116 Spon End

Coventry Warwickshire CV1 3HF

### Director's Report for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2017.

#### Director of the company

The director who held office during the year was as follows:

Mr J Dolan

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of financial advisors

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

The director has taken steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The director confirms that there is no relevant information that he knows of and of which he knows the auditors are unaware.

#### Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the director on 22 June 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr J Dolan

#### Statement of Director's Responsibilities

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Berkeley Financial Partners Ltd

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Berkeley Financial Partners Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 31 October 2017, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 October 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast
  significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for
  a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Berkeley Financial Partners Ltd

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Director's Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
  regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Director's Report and from
  the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities [set out on page 3], the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Berkeley Financial Partners Ltd

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Sukhjit Singh Chatha (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Chatha & Co, Statutory Auditor

115-116 Spon End Coventry Warwickshire CV1 3HF

22 June 2018

## Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover		171,360	174,869
Cost of sales		(83,350)	(117,350)
Gross profit		88,010	57,519
Administrative expenses		(86,263)	(57,303)
Operating profit		1,747	216
Other interest receivable and similar income		1	
		1	
Profit before tax	5	1,748	216
Taxation		(340)	(73)
Profit for the financial year		1,408	143

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above.

## Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

	2017 £	2016 ₤
Profit for the year	1,408	143
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,408	143

### (Registration number: 09171391) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	3,060	-
Current assets			
Debtors	7	64,535	111,910
Cash at bank and in hand		592	59
		65,127	111,969
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(56,784)	(101,826)
Net current assets		8,343	10,143
Total assets less current liabilities		11,403	10,143
Provisions for liabilities		148	
Net assets		11,551	10,143
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	. 9	10,000	10,000
Profit and loss account		1,551	143
Total equity		11,551	10,143

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the director on 22 June 2018

Mr J bolan Director

### Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

	Profit and loss		
	Share capital	account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 November 2016	10,000	143	10,143
Profit for the year		1,408	1,408
Total comprehensive income		1,408	1,408
At 31 October 2017	10,000	1,551	11,551
		Profit and loss	
	Share capital	account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 June 2015	1	-	1
Profit for the year	<del></del>	143	143
Total comprehensive income	-	143	143
New share capital subscribed	9,999		9,999
At 31 October 2016	10,000	143	10,143

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements. Page  $10\,$ 

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 2 The Courtyard The Courtyard East Park Crawley West Sussex RH10 6AG

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 22 June 2018.

#### 2 Accounting policies

England

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

It is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Commissions are recognised when received, and advisory fees when rendered.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Fixtures and Fittings

Equipment

#### Depreciation method and rate

20% reducing balance.

20% reducing balance.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 3 (2016 - 3).

4 Auditors' remuneration		
	2017 £	2016 £
Audit of the financial statements	2,195	1,800
5 Profit before tax		
Arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
	2017	2016
Depreciation expense	£ 765	£ 

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

## 6 Tangible assets

		Furniture, fittings and equipment	Total £
Cost or valuation Additions		3,825	3,825
At 31 October 2017		3,825	3,825
<b>Depreciation</b> Charge for the year		765	765
At 31 October 2017		765	765
Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2017		3,060	3,060
7 Debtors			
	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors		44,247	82,447
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	11	20,288	20.462
the company has a participating interest	11	64,535	29,463
•		04,333	111,910
8 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Due widhin and ween	Note	<b>3.</b>	T.
Due within one year Trade creditors		400	2 100
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which		400	2,189
the company has a participating interest	11	43,550	84,800
Taxation and social security		8,278	12,964
Accruals and deferred income		3,995	1,800
Other creditors		561	73
		56,784	101,826

## 9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

	2017		20	16
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
10 Financial commitments, guarantees	and contingencie	S		
Amounts not provided for in the balance	e sheet			
The total amount of financial commitment lease commitments and guarantees in place. There were no contingencies.				- £Nil). There are
11 Related party transactions				·
Directors' remuneration				
The director's remuneration for the year wa	as as follows:			
			2017	2016
Remuneration		_	£ 12,000	£ 17,000
Summary of transactions with parent Brookfield Partners Int'l Ltd is the parent of Advisory fee income is received and service All transactions are interest free and on not	es rendered.		capital.	
Summary of transactions with entities we Greenhill (Life And Pensions) Ltd Financial Advisors To Consultants Engineer			terest	
Both companies are part of the Group Brod Advisory fees received and rendered from All transactions are interest free non instaln	and to the compar	nt'l Ltd. nies.		
Income and receivables from related par	ties			Entities with joint control or significant influence
2017				£
Receipt of services				120,160

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

2016 Receipt of services	Parent £ 25,945	Entities with joint control or significant influence £ 57,735
Expenditure with and payables to related parties		
2017 Rendering of services	Parent £ 8,950	Entities with joint control or significant influence £ 62,400
2016 Rendering of services	Parent £ 9,350	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
Loans to related parties		
2017 At start of period Advanced	Parent £ 16,188 4,650	Entities with joint control or significant influence £
At end of period	20,838	3,276
2016	Parent £	Entities with joint control or significant influence
Advanced	65,484	4,000
Repaid	(49,296)	(724)
At end of period	16,188	3,276

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2017

2017	Entities with joint control or significant influence
At start of period	84,800
Repaid	(41,250)
At end of period	43,550
2016	Entities with joint control or significant influence
2016	£
Advanced	84,800

#### 12 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Brookfield Partners Intl Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party is Miss Jaya Nayyar.

#### 13 Transition to FRS 102

There are no transitional changes in adopting FRS102.