Company No: 09153837 (England and Wales)

APUS ENERGY LIMITED
Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 March 2020



**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

# Financial Statements

# For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

Contents			·	
Company Information		•		2
Balance Sheet	·			3
Notes to the Financial Statements				4

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

# For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

DIRECTORS

M Tucker

T W Woolerton

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

Fourth Floor 2 Kingsway

Cardiff
CF10 3FD

United Kingdom

**COMPANY NUMBER** 

09153837 (England and Wales)

**AUDITOR** 

Deloitte LLP

**Statutory Auditor** 

Cardiff

United Kingdom

# **BALANCE SHEET**

# As at 31 March 2020

		•	
•	Note	2020	2019
		£'000	£'000
Current assets			
Debtors	5	924	1,017
Cash at bank and in hand		1,255	178
		2,179	1,195
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	(188)	(2,088)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		1,991	(893)
Total assets less current liabilities		1,991	(893)
Net assets/(liabilities)		1,991	(893)
Capital and reserves			•
Called-up share capital	7	-	-
Profit and loss account		1,991	(893)
Total shareholders' funds/(deficit)		1,991	(893)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and a copy of the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements of Apus Energy Limited (registered number: 09153837) were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 17 December 220. They were signed on its behalf by:

M Tucker Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

## 1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and to the preceding financial year.

## General information and basis of accounting

Apus Energy Limited (the Company) is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, CF10 3FD, United Kingdom.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Company has applied the amendments to FRS 102 issued by the FRC in December 2017 with effect from 1 January 2019. The transitional provisions relating to the triennial review amendments have not resulted in any restatements of comparative information by the Company.

The functional currency of Apus Energy Limited is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

#### Going concern

The directors have assessed the financial position, likely cash flows and carefully considered the impact of Covid-19 and have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and to meet its financial obligations for the foreseeable future and it is therefore appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The Company is the parent undertaking of a small group and as such is not required by the Companies Act 2006 to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its Group.

#### Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the Balance Sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date.

Exchange differences are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences arising on gains or losses on non-monetary items which are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

## For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is stated net of VAT and trade discounts and is recognised when the significant risks and rewards are considered to have been transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the supply of services represents the value of services provided under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company for development services provided during the period. Revenue is recognised, in full, on completion of the relevant milestone that gives the Company the right to invoice and collect its fees. This is the point at which the directors consider the service to be delivered and the right for revenue to accrue to the Company.

#### **Finance costs**

Interest is accrued by the Company on loans payable to related parties. Interest payable costs are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Taxation**

#### Current tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recoverable) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the Company's financial statements. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more or less tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each Balance Sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account as described below.

## Non-financial assets

An asset is impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after initial recognition, the estimated recoverable value of the asset has been reduced. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

## For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

#### Financial assets

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that would be received for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Where indicators exist for a decrease in impairment loss, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the prior impairment loss is tested to determine reversal. An impairment loss is reversed on an individual impaired financial asset to the extent that the revised recoverable value does not lead to a revised carrying amount higher than the carrying value had no impairment been recognised.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## Financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through the Profit and Loss Account, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the Balance Sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### **Investments**

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through the Profit and Loss Account. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

# For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

## 2. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The key accounting judgements are listed below:

#### **Prepayments**

Costs incurred during the course of a development project are held in prepayments until completion. These costs are only considered free from impairment if, using management's estimate, it is likely that each development project will generate future income exceeding the total costs incurred on the development. Upon completion, the costs held are released to the Profit and Loss Account and matched against the corresponding development fee income.

There are no critical accounting estimates.

# 3. Employees 2020 2019 Number Number Monthly average number of persons employed by the Company during the year, including directors 4. Fixed asset investments Investments in subsidiaries 2020 £'000 Carrying value at 31 March 2020 Carrying value at 31 March 2019

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

# For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

Investments in shares					
Name of entity	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares	% of ownership 31.3.20	% of ownership 31.3.19
Apus Reserve Power 18 Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Apus Reserve Power 19 Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Apus Reserve Power 20 Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Ciren Power Limted	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Cody Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Crayside Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Cross Green Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Dee Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Dorcan Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Farnborough Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Flint Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Harlow Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Henwood Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Littlehampton Power <sup>.</sup> Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Low Moor Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Nacton Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Normanton Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Nursling Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Orwell Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Portsdown Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%

Development

Development

Ordinary

shares

Ordinary

shares

100.00%

100.00%

. 100.00%

100.00%

Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff,

United Kingdom, CF10 3FD

Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff,

United Kingdom, CF10 3FD

Rassau Grid Services

**Ray Power Limited** 

Limited

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

# For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

		•			
Ribble Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Tay Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Vulcan Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Wade Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Walworth Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
Westmead Power Limited	Fourth Floor, 2 Kingsway, Cardiff, United Kingdom, CF10 3FD	Development ,	Ordinary shares	100.00%	100.00%
5. Debtors					
	,			2020	2019
				£'000	£'000
Trade debtors				41	16
Amounts owed by own subsidiaries				. 131	160
Prepayments				210	743

58

40

1,017

542

924

# 6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Corporation tax

Other debtors

	2020 £'000	2019 £'000
Trade creditors	100	18
Amounts owed to related parties .		2,041
Accruals	· -	20
Corporation tax	88	-
Other taxation and social security		9
•	188	2,088

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## For the financial year ended 31 March 2020

## 7. Called-up share capital and reserves

'	2020	2019
	£	£
Allotted, called-up and fully-paid		
1 A ordinary share of £1.00 (2019: 1 share of £1.00)	1	1
1 B ordinary share of £1.00 (2019: 1 share of £1.00)	1	1
	2	2

## 8. Related party transactions

The Company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions with 100% owned subsidiary companies by virtue of the provisions of Section 33 of FRS 102.

In previous years, Welsh Power Group Limited provided the Company with loan funding which was subsequently repaid in the year, the loan was unsecured and had an interest rate of 10% from 31 March 2016. Included within creditors in note 6 is the amount outstanding as at 31 March 2020 of £Nil (2019: £700,000). Interest charged during the year on loans was £50,000 (2019: £77,000). Included within creditors in note 6 is the accrued interest as at 31 March 2020 of £Nil (2019: £271,000). During the year Apus Energy Limited was charged management fees of £300,000 (2019: £480,000) from Welsh Power Group Limited. The amount outstanding at 31 March 2020 for trading balances was £Nil (2019: £99,000) and is within creditors in note 6.

In previous years, Octopus Administrative Services Limited provided the Company with loan funding which was subsequently repaid in the year. Included within creditors in note 6 is the amount outstanding as at 31 March 2020 of £Nil (2019: £700,000). The loan was unsecured and had an interest rate of 10% from 31 March 2016. Interest charged during the year on loans was £50,000 (2019: £77,000). Included within creditors in note 6 is the accrued interest as at 31 March 2020 of £Nil (2019: £271,000).

Welsh Power Group Limited and Octopus Administrative Services Limited are both shareholders of Apus Energy Limited.

## 9. Audit Opinion

The Company has chosen to file filleted financial statements without a Profit and Loss Account. Consequently, the Company is not required to file an auditor's report.

The auditors report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 was unqualified. The audit report was signed by David Hedditch (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Deloitte LLP.

# 10. Ultimate controlling party

The Company is jointly owned by Welsh Power Group Limited and Octopus Administrative Services Limited.

There is no ultimate controlling party.