Company registration number: 09148868

Bancroft Homes (Skipton) Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 July 2017

SATURDAY

07/04/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE #138

Directors and other information

Directors Mrs A Harford

Mr J E Nutter Mr G P Harford

Company number 09148868

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Registered office Stoop Barn

Stirton Skipton

North Yorkshire BD23 3LH

Business address Stoop Barn

Stirton Skipton

North Yorkshire BD23 3LH

Accountants Windle & Bowker Limited

Duke House Duke Street Skipton

North Yorkshire BD23 2HQ

Bankers HSBC Bank Plc

61 High Street

Skipton

North Yorkshire
BD23 1DW

Statement of financial position 31 July 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	19,159		13,155	
			19,159		13,155
Current assets					
Stocks		651,103	,	276,288	
Debtors	6	7,245		4,492	
Cash at bank and in hand		55,482		578,996	
·		713,830		859,776	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(712,054)		(864,830)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			1,776		(5,054)
Total assets less current liabilities			20,935		8,101
Provisions for liabilities			(3,640)		(2,631)
Net assets			17,295		5,470
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			17,195		5,370
Shareholders funds			17,295		5,470
					====

For the year ending 31 July 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 July 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6 April 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr G P Harford

Director

Company registration number: 09148868

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 July 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Stoop Barn, Stirton, Skipton, North Yorkshire, BD23 3LH.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 August 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 10.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of Value Added Tax.

Property sales are recognised on completion of the properties sold.

Other sales are recognised on despatch of the goods sold.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 July 2017

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery
Fittings fixtures and equipment

20% reducing balance

- 20% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2016: 3).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 July 2017

5.	Tangible assets			
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost At 1 August 2016 Additions	18,575 10,793	1,511 -	20,086 10,793
	At 31 July 2017	29,368	1,511	30,879
	Depreciation At 1 August 2016 Charge for the year	6,387 4,596	544 193	6,931 4,789
	At 31 July 2017	10,983	737	11,720
	Carrying amount At 31 July 2017	18,385	774	19,159
	At 31 July 2016	12,188	967	13,155
				
6.	Debtors		2017	2016
	Other debtors		7,245	£ 4,492 ———
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Trade creditors Corporation tax		28,236 1,672	13,833 18,967
	Social security and other taxes Other creditors		2,476 679,670	662 831,368
			712,054	864,830

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 July 2017

8. Related party transactions

During the year, the following dividends were paid to the directors:

Mrs A Harford - £nil (2016 - £30,000) Mr J E Nutter - £nil (2016 - £20,000) Mr G P Harford - £nil (2016 - £30,000)

Included within creditors: amounts falling due within one year, are the following directors loan account balances:

Mr G P & Mrs A Harford - £669,711 (2016 - £805,350) Mr J E Nutter - £4,959 (2016 - £20,000)

Both loan account balances are interest free and repayable on demand.

During the year, the company was invoiced £nil (2016 - £49,780) from J N Builders (Yorkshire) Limited, a company in which Mr J E Nutter is a director.

9. Controlling party

The company is under the control of Mr G P Harford & Mrs A Harford, who are interested in 75% of the company's issued share capital.

10. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 August 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.