Bancroft Homes (Skipton) Limited
Unaudited filleted financial statements
31 January 2019

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Directors and other information

Directors Mrs A Harford

Mr J E Nutter Mr G P Harford

Company number 09148868

Registered office Stoop Barn

Stirton Skipton

North Yorkshire BD23 3LH

Accountants Windle & Bowker Limited

Unit 1 Acorn Business Park Airedale Business Centre

Skipton

North Yorkshire BD23 2UE

Bankers HSBC Bank Plc

61 High Street

Skipton

North Yorkshire BD23 1DW

Statement of financial position 31 January 2019

		31/01/19		31/07/17	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	5			19,159	
Tangible assets	5			——————————————————————————————————————	
			-		19,159
Current assets					
Stocks		-		651,103	
Debtors	6	1,540		7,245	
Cash at bank and in hand		215,606		55,482	
		217,146		713,830	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(193,456)		(712,054)	
Net current assets			23,690		1,776
Total assets less current liabilities	, a		23,690		20,935
Provisions for liabilities			-		(3,640)
					, , ,
Net assets			23,690		17,295
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			23,590		17,195
Shareholders funds			23,690		17,295

For the period ending 31 January 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 January 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6 September 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr G P Harford

Director

Company registration number: 09148868

Notes to the financial statements Period ended 31 January 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Stoop Barn, Stirton, Skipton, North Yorkshire, BD23 3LH.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of Value Added Tax.

Property sales are recognised on completion of the properties sold.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery

- 20% reducing balance

Fittings fixtures and equipment

- 20% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2019

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period amounted to 3 (2017: 3).

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Bancroft Homes (Skipton) Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2019

5.	Tangible assets			
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 August 2017	29,368	1,511	30,879
	Additions	2,490	-	2,490
	Disposals	(31,858)	(1,511)	(33,369)
	At 31 January 2019			_
	Depreciation			
	At 1 August 2017	10,983	737	11,720
	Disposals	(10,983)	(737)	(11,720)
	At 31 January 2019			
	Carrying amount At 31 January 2019		-	
	At 31 July 2017	18,385	774	19,159
6.	Debtors			
			31/01/19	31/07/17
			£	£
	Other debtors		1,540	7,245 ———
7.	Creditors; amounts falling due within one year			
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		31/01/19	31/07/17
			£	£
	Trade creditors		1,293	28,236
	Corporation tax		23,906	1,672
	Social security and other taxes		-	2,476
	Other creditors		168,257	679,670
			193,456	712,054

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Period ended 31 January 2019

8. Related party transactions

During the year, the following dividends were paid to the directors:

Mrs A Harford - £58,000 (2017 - £nil) Mr J E Nutter - £20,000 (2017 - £nil) Mr G P Harford - £2,000 (2017 - £nil)

Included within creditors: amounts falling due within one year, are the following directors loan account balances:

Mr G P & Mrs A Harford - £159,244 (2017 - £669,711) Mr J E Nutter - £6,013 (2017 - £4,959)

Both loan account balances are interest free and repayable on demand.

9. Controlling party

The company is under the control of Mr G P Harford & Mrs A Harford, who are interested in 75% of the company's issued share capital.