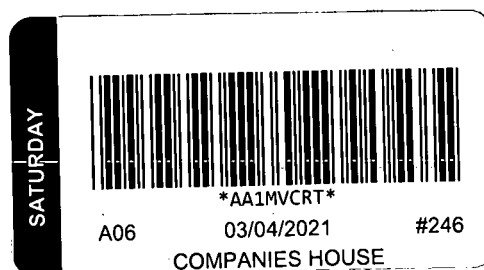


Registered number: 09130292

Harbourne Power Limited

**Directors' report and financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2020**



Harbourne Power Limited

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Harbourne Power Limited

Company Information

Directors	Dr M J Bullard P S Latham
Company secretary	Octopus Company Secretarial Services Limited
Registered number	09130292
Registered office	6th Floor 33 Holborn London EC1N 2HT
Independent auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Central Square South Orchard Street Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 3AZ

Harbourne Power Limited

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the financial year was that of construction and operation of reserve power plants.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the effects of COVID-19 on the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and determined that based on recent trading of the company and revised projections, the pandemic is not expected to have a significant impact on the company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited (formerly Fern Trading Group Limited), will continue to support the operations of the company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible impacts of COVID-19.

Brexit

The UK left the EU on 31 January 2020 and the transition period ended on 31 December 2020, in which time the UK and EU negotiated additional arrangements and concluded the "Trade and Cooperation Agreement". The directors have considered the impact on the company regarding the agreed exit terms within the agreement and wider regulatory and legal implications within these statutory financial statements and will continue to do so.

Events after the balance sheet date

On the 12 February 2021, the ultimate parent undertaking of Harbourne Power Limited, Fern Trading Group Limited completed a name swap with the intermediate parent undertaking of Harbourne Power Limited, Fern Trading Limited.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise indicated, are given below:

Dr M J Bullard
A D Fraser (resigned 11 March 2020)
P S Latham
OCS Services Limited (resigned 17 December 2019)

Harbourne Power Limited

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising the FRS 102 Section 1A, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time of approval of this report has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Harbourne Power Limited

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020

Small company exemption

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors have also taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 and have not prepared a strategic report.

This report was approved by the board on

18 March

2021 and signed on its behalf.

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a stylized 'P' and 'S' followed by a horizontal line.

**P S Latham
Director**

Harbourne Power Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Harbourne Power Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Harbourne Power Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Directors' report and financial statements (the "Annual report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 30 June 2020 and the statement of income and retained earnings for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Harbourne Power Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Harbourne Power Limited

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2020 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Harbourne Power Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Harbourne Power Limited

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: prepare financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime; take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.



Nicholas Cook (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Newcastle upon Tyne
Date: 18 March 2021

Harbourne Power Limited

Statement of income and retained earnings for the year ended 30 June 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover	1,115,038	1,847,575
Cost of sales	(1,058,495)	(1,598,174)
Gross profit	56,543	249,401
Administrative expenses	(531,565)	(425,274)
Other operating income	1,224,257	-
Operating profit/(loss)	749,235	(175,873)
Interest receivable and similar income	4	1
Interest payable and similar charges	(960,108)	(919,678)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(210,869)	(1,095,550)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	-	-
Loss for the financial year	(210,869)	(1,095,550)
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year	(3,568,761)	(2,473,211)
Loss for the financial year	(210,869)	(1,095,550)
Retained earnings at the end of the year	(3,779,630)	(3,568,761)

All amounts above relate to continuing operations.

The company has no items of other comprehensive income for the current year or preceding financial year. Therefore no separate statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Harbourne Power Limited

Registered number: 09130292

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 £	2020 £	2019 £	2019 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	4		7,813,494		8,260,571
Current assets					
Debtors	5	214,886		341,074	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,061,845		1,549,367	
		<u>1,276,731</u>		<u>1,890,441</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(12,869,854)		(1,380,216)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			<u>(11,593,123)</u>		510,225
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>(3,779,629)</u>		<u>8,770,796</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		-		(12,339,556)
Net liabilities			<u>(3,779,629)</u>		<u>(3,568,760)</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Accumulated losses			(3,779,630)		(3,568,761)
Total shareholders' deficit			<u>(3,779,629)</u>		<u>(3,568,760)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" as amended by section 1A "small companies".

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on
18 March 2021.



P S Latham
Director

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

1. General information

Harbourne Power Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in and domiciled in the United Kingdom, registered number: 09130292. The registered office is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, EC1N 2HT.

The company's principal activity during the financial year was that of construction and operation of reserve power plants.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company accounting policies. No critical judgements have been applied to these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders.

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, required under Section 7 of FRS 102 and para 3.17(d), on the basis that it is a small company;
- from disclosing the company's key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 para 33.7; and
- from disclosing related party transactions that are wholly owned within the same group.

2.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the effects of COVID-19 on the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and determined that based on recent trading of the company and revised projections, the pandemic is not expected to have a significant impact on the company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited (formerly Fern Trading Group Limited), will continue to support the operations of the company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible impacts of COVID-19.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Foreign currency

(i) *Functional and presentation currency*

The company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

(ii) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings within administrative expenses.

2.5 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue is derived from the electricity generated by reserve power plants and is recognised on an accruals basis in the period in which it is generated.

2.6 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The effect of any change is accounted for prospectively.

Repairs, maintenance and minor inspection costs are expensed as incurred.

Tangible fixed assets are derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected. On disposal, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following basis:

Plant and machinery	- 4% straight-line
---------------------	--------------------

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is compared to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's (or asset's cash generating unit) continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the statement of income and retained earnings so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.11 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the statement of income and retained earnings on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.12 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such on the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the statement of income and retained earnings. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2.14 Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

3. Employees and directors' remuneration

The company had no employees during the year. The directors did not receive any remuneration (2019: £nil).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £
Cost	
At 1 July 2019	9,435,482
Additions	2,288
At 30 June 2020	<u>9,437,770</u>
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 July 2019	1,174,911
Charge for the year	449,365
At 30 June 2020	<u>1,624,276</u>
Net book value	
At 30 June 2020	<u><u>7,813,494</u></u>
At 30 June 2019	<u><u>8,260,571</u></u>

5. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	5,418	11,299
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	6,445
Other debtors	111,503	119,288
Prepayments and accrued income	97,965	204,042
	<u><u>214,886</u></u>	<u><u>341,074</u></u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	57	-
Trade creditors	24,790	37,411
Amounts owed to group undertakings	11,983,613	-
Other creditors	63,672	127,774
Accruals and deferred income	797,722	1,215,031
	<u>12,869,854</u>	<u>1,380,216</u>

Included within bank loans and overdrafts is an amount of £57 (2019: £nil) which is unsecured and repayable on demand.

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured loans with year end balances totalling £11,983,613 (2019: £nil) of which £11,910,818 (2019: £nil) bears interest at 7.5% (2019: nil) and £72,795 (2019: £nil) is interest free. The loans are repayable on demand.

Included within accruals and deferred income are amounts of £nil (2019: £140,876) relating to interest payable on the unsecured debenture loan.

Also included within accruals and deferred income are amounts of £479,696 (2019: £nil) relating to interest payable on the unsecured loan.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Debenture loans	-	5,650,532
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	4,743,199
Accruals and deferred income	-	1,945,825
	<u>-</u>	<u>12,339,556</u>

Included within debenture loans is an amount of £nil (2019: £5,650,532) which was secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company and bear interest at 10% & 8.75%. During the year the loan was terminated as part of the acquisition by The Fern Power Company Limited.

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured loans with year end balances totalling £nil (2019: £4,743,199). The loans bear interest at 8.5% (2019: 8.5%) until the repayment of the loan to the previous parent as part of the acquisition by The Fern Power Company Limited. As part of this acquisition £1,224,257 of the intercompany loan payable to the previous parent was waived during the year and is included within other operating income in the statement of comprehensive income.

Included within accruals and deferred income are amounts of £nil (2019: £1,945,825) relating to interest payable on the unsecured loan.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

8. Called up share capital

	2020 £	2019 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
90 (2019: 90) Ordinary shares of £0.01	1	1
10 (2019: 10) Deferred shares of £0.01	-	-
	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

9. Operating lease commitments

At 30 June 2020 the company had minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Payment due:		
Not later than one year	43,150	35,782
Later than one year and not later than five years	172,600	143,128
Later than five years	938,265	564,963
	<u>1,154,015</u>	<u>743,873</u>

10. Related party transactions

The company has identified the following transactions which are to be disclosed under the terms of FRS 102 "Related party transactions".

Octopus Investments Limited

During the year, the company was charged expenses of £34,614 (2019: £75,205) by Octopus Investments Limited, a related party due to its significant influence over the company. At the year end, no balance was outstanding within creditors (2019: £6,164). At the year end, the balance outstanding within debtors was £1,227 (2019: £nil).

Terido LLP

The company had a loan and debenture facility from Terido LLP, a related party due to its significant influence over the company. During the year, the company was charged interest and non-utilisation fees of £291,428 (2019: £515,423). At the year end, no balance was outstanding within creditors (2019: £5,791,408). The loan has since been terminated and at the year end, Terido LLP was no longer a related party due to a group restructure.

Harbourne Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020

11. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's ultimate parent undertaking as at the year ended 30 June 2020 was Fern Trading Group Limited (formerly Fern Trading Limited), a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. On 10 July 2020, the ultimate parent undertaking changed to Fern Trading Limited (formerly Fern Trading Group Limited), also a company incorporated in the United Kingdom following the insertion of a new top company to the existing Fern group.

Fern Trading Group Limited (formerly Fern Trading Limited) is the smallest and largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Fern Trading Group Limited's (formerly Fern Trading Limited) consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT.

12. Events after the balance sheet date

On the 12 February 2021, the ultimate parent undertaking of Harbourne Power Limited, Fern Trading Group Limited completed a name swap with the intermediate parent undertaking of Harbourne Power Limited, Fern Trading Limited.