REGISTERED NUMBER: 09102360 (England and Wales)

ABBREVIATED UNAUDITED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

FOR

KJM HSE CONSULTANCY LIMITED

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET 30TH JUNE 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	2		585		-
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank		32,330		98,260	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		32,698	<u>(368</u>) 217	98,160	100 100
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES NET ASSETS			117 100		100
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	3		100 100		100 100

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30th June 2016.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2016 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
 - preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of
- Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 31st January 2017 and were signed by:

Mr K Mowat - Director

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings

- 25% on reducing balance

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

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NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

2.		EIXED ASSETS		Total £
	COST Additions At 30th June DEPRECIAT			637 637
	Charge for year At 30th June	ear 2016		<u>52</u> 52
	At 30th June	2016		<u>585</u>
3.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Allotted, issue Number:	ed and fully paid: Class:	Nominal 2016 value: £	2015 £
	100	Ordinary	£1 <u>100</u>	<u> 100</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.