Company Registration No. 09094260 (England and Wales)

KITTY HAWK FOUNDER III LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

W J Kıllıck

A J Pettit N A West

Company number

09094260

Registered office

First Floor

105 Wigmore Street

London WIU IQY

Accountants

UHY Hacker Young

Quadrant House

4 Thomas More Square

London EIW IYW

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The directors present their report and unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015. The company is dormant and has not traded during the year.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of founder partner in a limited partnership

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows

W J Kıllıck

A J Pettit

N A West

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

On behalf of the board

W.wik

W J Kıllıck

Director

13 June 2016

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

| | | Year | Period |
|---|-------|-------------|-------------|
| | | ended | ended |
| | | 31 December | 31 December |
| | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | Notes | £ | £ |
| Profit before taxation | | - | - |
| Taxation | | - | - |
| | | | |
| Profit for the financial year | | - | - |
| | | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | - | - |
| | | === | |

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

| | | 2015 | | 2014 | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|------|-----|------|-----|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Investments | 2 | | 56 | | 56 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 3 | 100 | | 100 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due | 4 | | | | |
| within one year | • | (56) | | (56) | |
| Net current assets | | | 44 | | 44 |
| | | | | | |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 100 | | 100 |
| | | | | | === |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 5 | | 100 | | 100 |
| | | | | | |

For the financial year ended 31 December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

Directors' responsibilities

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476,
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 June 2016 and are signed on its behalf by

W J Kıllıck Dırector

www.luid.

Company Registration No. 09094260

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Kitty Hawk Founder III Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is First Floor, 105 Wigmore Street, London, W1U 1QY

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 are the first financial statements of Kitty Hawk Founder III Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 19 June 2014. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publically traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled

1.3 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company

2 Fixed asset investments

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|-------------|------|------|
| | £ | £ |
| Investments | 56 | 56 |

Movements in fixed asset investments

| | Investmen other th loa | an |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| Cost or valuation | | - |
| At 1 January 2015 & 31 December 2015 | | 56 |
| Carrying amount | | |
| At 31 December 2015 | | 56 |
| At 31 December 2014 | | 56 |
| Debtors | | |
| | 2015 20 | 14 |

3

| Amounts falling due within one year: | £ | £ |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Other debtors | 100 | 100 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

| 4 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | |
|---|--|------|------|
| | · | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Other creditors | 56 | 56 |
| | | | |
| 5 | Called up share capital | | |
| | | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Ordinary share capital | | |
| | Issued and fully paid | | |
| | 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 100 | 100 |
| | | | |

6 Parent company

The immediate parent company is Real Estate Venture Capital Management LLP The LLP is controlled by its members