Registered number: 07523074

AMENDED

THE LIBERTI GROUP LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

29/12/2023 #262

COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors C J Mills

N A Durrant S C Daw J D Mills

Company secretary N A Durrant

Registered number 07523074

Registered office Barbury House Stonehill Green Business Park

Westlea Swindon SN5 7HB

Independent auditor CLA Evelyn Partners Limited

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

45 Gresham Street

London EC2V 7BG

CONTENTS

Page
1 - 3
4
5
6 - 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17 - 30

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Introduction

The directors present the Group Strategic Report for The Liberti Group Limited and its subsidiary companies for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal Activities

The provision of fractional C-suite financial advisory services.

Business review

The Liberti Group is the holding company of the CFO Centre Group and Liberti Limited.

The CFO Centre Group holds interests in the multiple CFO Centre businesses around the world (14 countries with subsidiary operations).

The FD Centre was started in September 2001 by Colin Mills. Colin continues to work in the business as the Executive Chairman. The business grew steadily in the UK, and from 2009 onwards the international subsidiaries were added. The CFO Centre businesses supply highly skilled fractional finance professionals at the C-Suite level to act as Board level advisors. Our services are provided by independent contractors seeking a portfolio-based career, working with multiple clients at any one time and helping those businesses and their owners achieve the outcomes that are important to them. We refer to this as defining and delivering "the Numbers that Really Matter".

The Group holds minority interests in companies that employ a similar model to the CFO Centre businesses but in other fields (Legal, IT, Sales, Marketing, Human Resources, Finance).

The UK and the international businesses of The CFO Centre Group operate a growth model which aims for each business to grow year on year. The largest of the subsidiaries is The FD Centre Limited operating in the UK which accounts for 60% of global revenues (2021 - 60%). The majority of the client base of the Group are SME businesses.

The Group has an organic growth strategy. It sets ambitious annual targets for growth which it aims to achieve through organic growth in existing territories or through expansion into new territories.

Performance in 2022

In 2022 the consolidated revenues of the group grew by 23.7% to £51.4 million. 2022's growth exceeded the Group's plan for the year and was a welcome return to growth for the Group which had experienced year on year growth of 35% on average since The FD Centre Limited first began trading in 2001.

In 2022 the Group had an average of 1318 clients (2021 - 1123).

The Group saw a slight reduction in its measure of client retention, with the average months a client stays with the business decreasing from 20 months in December 2021 to 19 months in December 2022. Client retention is a key focus for the business and the directors are focusing significant efforts to improve this through customer experience initiatives to deliver consistently high service levels.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Performance indicators

The business monitors a range of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) across all of the FD and CFO Centre businesses across the world. The financial KPIs are revenue growth year on year, client retention, sales opportunities created, sales wins, number of consultants working with clients, number of clients. The table below shows these KPIs for 2022 compared to 2021:

	2022	2021	Change £	Change %
Revenue in £ million	51.4	41.6	9.8	23.6%
Client Retention on 31 December in months	19	20	(1.0)	(5.0)%
Sales opportunities generated	3,393	3,570	(177)	(5.0)%
Sales wins	1060	921	139	<i>15.1%</i>
Average number of clients	1318	1123	195	17.4%

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties for the business are:

- Foreign exchange risk. Whilst over 60% of the revenues of the group are in sterling, there is an exposure in respect of remainder. To partially mitigate this risk, the Group engages in partial hedging to deliver some degree of certainty in respect of licence fee receipts.
- Competition. All the CFO Centre businesses experience competition in one form or another. Whilst the
 Group is the only business operating in fractional CFO services across the number of countries, it
 remains vigilant for emerging competition and trends within the industry. The Group monitors new
 entries into the market through its network of partner organisations and by monitoring trademark
 applications of potential competitors. The directors believe the strongest mitigations to competition risk
 are delivering value to our clients and continuing to organically build the business and its brand.
- Emerging regulations. The CFO Centre businesses can operate the model of supplying services to
 clients through the subcontracting of delivery of those services in all countries in which it operates. The
 Group remains vigilant for changes in legislation in any jurisdiction in which it operates that might bring
 into question the employment status of the consultants contracted to deliver services. The Group
 works with specialist advisors to remain updated on potential regulator changes.
- Uncertainty and fragility in the world economy. The last two years have been challenging in differing
 ways within the countries in which the business operates. Whether it has been the impact by the war in
 Ukraine. political instability, or rising inflation, the businesses around the world have been impacted in
 different ways. The Group Board remain confident the services the Group provides are relevant in our
 target markets in all economic conditions, and that the business can add value to clients in all business
 conditions.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Financial position as of December 2022 and plans for the Group

The Group ended 2022 in a strong financial position with £2.8m of net assets including £4.1m of cash. Plans for 2023 and beyond include investments in the group's ability to consistently deliver high value to clients, in our core technology base, and in our learning and development capabilities to support our consultants.

The directors see significant opportunity to deliver value to current and future clients in all the countries the group has operations. We continue to target growth of 20% or more per annum over the next 5 years. There are also opportunities to enter new countries and expand to additional regions within existing countries which the business will be pursuing.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

N A Durrant Director

Date: 04/09/2023

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation and minority interests, amounted to £3.9m (2021 -£3.3m).

During the year £2.5m was paid in dividends to the shareholders. £0.7m were declared and unpaid as at 31 December 2022.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

C J Mills N A Durrant S C Daw J D Mills

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditor is aware of that information.

The information is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Group since the year end.

Auditor

The auditor, CLA Evelyn Partners Limited, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

N A Durrant Director

1 4 300

Date: 04/09/2023

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Group's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Group's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements and other information included in Directors' Reports may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LIBERTI GROUP LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Liberti Group Limited (the 'Parent Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Parent Company Balance Sheets, the Consolidated and Parent Company Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, the Consolidated Analysis of Net Debt and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the Parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and Parent Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group and Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LIBERTI GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report and Financial Statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and the Parent Company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LIBERTI GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained a general understanding of the Group and the Parent Company's legal and regulatory framework through enquiry of management concerning their understanding of relevant laws and regulations and the entity's policies and procedures regarding compliance. We also drew on our existing understanding of the Group and the Parent Company's industry and regulation.

We understand that the Group and the Parent Company's complies with the framework through:

- Updating operating procedures, manuals and internal controls as legal and regulatory requirements change.
- The directors' close involvement in the day-to-day running of the business, including liaising with the country leaders and regional directors meaning that any litigation or claims would come to their attention directly.

In the context of the audit, we considered those laws and regulations which determine the form and content of the financial statements, and which are central to the Group and the Parent Company's ability to conduct its business and where failure to comply could result in material penalties. We did not identify any specific laws and regulations as being of significance in the context of the Group and the Parent Company's must abide by the Companies Act 2006 and FRS102 in respect of the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

The senior statutory auditor led a discussion with all members of the engagement team regarding the susceptibility of the entity's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur. The key areas identified as part of the discussion were with regard to manipulation of the financial statements through manual journals, incorrect recognition of revenue and management bias in areas of judgement and estimation uncertainty.

The procedures we carried out to gain evidence in the above areas included:

- Substantive audit procedures on the recognition of revenue, including the agreeing of transactions to underlying documentation; and
- Testing of manual journal entries, selected based on specific risk assessments applied based on the client processes and controls surrounding manual journals.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LIBERTI GROUP LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Group and Parent Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Parent Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Parent Company and the Parent Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

CLA Evelyn Partners

CLA Evelyn Partners (Sep 4, 2023 21 59 GMT+1)

Chetan Mistry (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of CLA Evelyn Partners Limited

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

45 Gresham Street London EC2V 7BG

Date: 04/09/2023

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £000	2021 £000
Turnover	4	51,380	41,552
Cost of sales		(38,798)	(32,032)
Gross profit	-	12,582	9,520
Administrative expenses		(7,824)	(5,476)
Operating profit	5	4,758	4,044
Interest receivable and similar income		8	2
Profit before taxation	-	4,766	4,046
Tax on profit	9	(914)	(722)
Profit for the financial year	_	3,852	3,324
Profit for the year attributable to:	_	Table 2"	
Non-controlling interests		16	47
Owners of the parent company		3,836	3,277
	_	3,852	3,324

There was no other comprehensive income for 2022 (2021 - N/L).

The notes on pages 17 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

THE LIBERTI GROUP LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07523074

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note		2022 £000		2021 £000
Fixed assets	11010		2000		
Tangible assets	10		15		21
Fixed asset investments	11		134		126
		_	149		147
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	6,686		4,998	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	4,123		4,105	
	-	10,809		9,103	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(8,193)		(6,659)	
Net current assets	-		2,616		2,444
Total assets less current liabilities		_	2,765		2,591
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		-		(215)
Net assets		_	2,765		2,376
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		9		9
Share premium account	17		40		40
Profit and loss account	17		2,645		2.272
Non-controlling interests	17		71		55
Shareholders' funds		_	2,765		2,376

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

N A Durrant

Director

Date: 04/09/2023

The notes on pages 17 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

THE LIBERTI GROUP LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07523074

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note		2022 £000		2021 £000
Fixed assets					
Investments	11		1		1
		_	1		1
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	138		103	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	1,353		674	
		1,491		777	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(878)		(656)	
Net current assets	_		613		121
Net assets		_	614		122
Capital and reserves		=			
Called up share capital	16		9		9
Share premium account	17		40		40
Profit and loss account			565		<i>73</i>
Shareholders' funds			614		122

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the Company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes as it prepares group accounts. The Company's profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 was £3,836k (2021 - £3,277k).

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

N A Durrant Director

18 -

Date: 04/09/2023

The notes on pages 17 to 30 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Equity attributable to owners of parent Company £000	Non- controlling interests £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2021	9	40	1,589	1,638	8	1,646
Profit for the year Dividends Redemption of shares	- - -	- - -	3,277 (2,345) (249)		47 - -	3,324 (2,345) (249)
At 1 January 2022	9	40	2,272	2,321	55	2,376
Profit for the year Dividends Redemption of shares	- - -	- - -	3,836 (3,203) (260)		16 - -	3,852 (3,203) (260)
At 31 December 2022	9	40	2,645	2,694	71	2,765

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
At 1 January 2021	9	40	378	427
Profit for the year Dividends Redemption of shares	- - -	<u>-</u> -	2,289 (2,345) (249)	2,289 (2,345) (249)
At 1 January 2022	9	40	73	122
Profit for the year Dividends Redemption of shares	- - -	- - -	3,955 (3,203) (260)	3,955 (3,203) (260)
At 31 December 2022	9	40	565	614

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Cash flows from operating activities	2000	£000
Profit for the financial year	3,852	3,324
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	15	15
Interest received	(8)	(2)
Taxation charge	914	722
Increase in debtors	(1,688)	(917)
Increase in creditors	516	1,826
Corporation tax paid	(812)	(430)
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,789	4,538
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(9)	(2)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	·	1
Purchase of fixed asset investments	(49)	(40)
Sale of fixed asset investments	41	1
Interest received	8	2
Net cash used in investing activities	(9)	(38)
Cash flows from financing activities		··
Redemption of shares	(260)	(249)
Dividends paid	(2,503)	(2,345)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,763)	(2,594)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	17	1,906
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,105	2.198
Foreign exchange gains and losses	1	1
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	4,123	4,105
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	4,123	4,105

CONSOLIDATED ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	At 1 January 2022 £000	Cash flows £000	At 31 December 2022 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	4,105	18	4,123
	4,105	18	4,123

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General information

The Liberti Group Limited is a private company, limited by shares, domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales (registered number: 07523074). The registered office address is Barbury House Stonehill Green Business Park, Westlea, Swindon. SN5 7HB.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgment in applying the Group's accounting policies (see note 3).

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Comprehensive Income in these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they form a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Balance Sheet, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

2.3 Going concern

In preparing the financial statements the directors are required to assess the Group and Parent Company's ability to continue to trade as a going concern for the foreseeable future.

In undertaking this assessment, the directors have given due consideration to the Group and Parent Company's historical and current trading, together with the forward-looking projections. The Company has prepared detailed cashflow forecasts and applied sensitivities to the underlying assumptions with reductions in revenue and costs savings that could be achieved if decreases in revenue were experienced.

The directors have reviewed the cash flow forecasts and scenarios and based on their best assessment believe that the Group and Parent Company's will have sufficient financing in place to ensure cash flow requirements are satisfied for at least the next twelve months and that there are no material uncertainties. As such, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

ļ

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.5 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Rendering of services

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings

- over 48 months

Computer equipment

- over 12 months

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.10 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

2.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank, short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less and bank overdrafts which are an integral part of the Group's cashmanagement.

Interest bearing bank loans, overdrafts and other loans which meet the criteria to be classified as basic financial instruments are initially recorded at the present value of cash payable to the bank, which is ordinarily equal to the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

2.13 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The judgements, estimates and assumptions are evaluated at each reporting date and are based on historical experience as adjusted for current market conditions and other factors. Management makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future in preparing the financial statements and the actual results will not always reflect the accounting estimates made. The estimates and assumptions that had a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the Group are outlined below.

Trade debtors consist of amounts due from customers. An allowance for doubtful debts is maintained for estimated losses resulting from the viability of the Group's customers to make required payment. The allowance is based on the Group's regular assessment of the credit worthiness and financial conditions of customers.

The carrying value of investments in subsidiaries and amounts owed by group undertakings are initially recorded at costs and subsequently measured at cost less provision for impairment. The directors have reviewed all forecast and budgetary information available to them and have deemed there to be no objective evidence that the Parent Company will not recover the amount stated in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

4.	Turnover		
	The whole of the turnover is attributable to the Group's principal activity.		
	Analysis of turnover by country of destination:		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	United Kingdom	31,259	25,431
	Europe	4,989	3,916
	Rest of the world	15,132	12,205
		51,380	41,552
5.	Operating profit		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Exchange differences	<i>7</i> 2	111
	Depreciation	15	14
6.	Auditor's remuneration		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual financial statements and its subsidaries	58	47
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates in respect of:		
	All other services	13	11
		13	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

7. Employees

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000	2022	Company 2021 £000
Wages and salaries	3,483	2,167	254	245
Social security costs	226	<i>155</i>	31	32
Cost of defined contribution scheme	73	163	7	13
	3,782	2,485	292	290

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	Group	Group	Company	Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	No.	No.	No.	No.
Administration	83	63	4	5

8. Directors' remuneration

	£000	£000
Directors' emoluments	238	213
Cost of defined contribution scheme	6	5
	244	218

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 director (2021 -1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £200,000 (2021 -£175,000).

The value of the Group's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £6,000 (2021 - £5,250).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

9. Taxation

Corporation tax	2022 £000	2021 £000
Current tax on profits for the year	914	722
Total current tax	914	722
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	914	722

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2021 -lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	4,766	4,046
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%) Effects of:	906	770
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	7	9
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(1)	(23)
Group relief	2	(34)
Total tax charge for the year	914	722

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Finance Act 2021 includes legislation to increase the main rate of corporation tax from 19% to 25% from 1 April 2023. The effect of these changes is reflected within future deferred tax balances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

10.	Tangible fixed assets
-----	-----------------------

Group

	Fixtures and fittings £000	Computer equipment £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2022	58	10	68
Additions	3	6	9
At 31 December 2022	61		
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2022	42	5	47
Charge for the year	14	1	15
At 31 December 2022	56	6	62
Net book value			
At 31 December 2022	5	10	15
At 31 December 2021	16	5	21

11. Fixed asset investments

Group

	Other investments £000
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2022	126
Additions	49
Disposals	(41)
At 31 December 2022	134

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

11. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Fixed asset investments

Company

	2022 Total £000
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2022	1
At 31 December 2022	1

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding
CFO Centre Limited	c/- NDCA Limited, UnitR, 301 Botany Road Golflands, Auckland, 2013 New Zealand	New Zealand	Ordinary	100%
CFO (HK) Limited	17/F, 80 GLOUCESTER ROAD, WANCHAI HK	China	Ordinary	100%
CFO Centre Pte Ltd	6 Raffles Place, #11-07, Singapore 048580	Singapore	Ordinary	100%
CFO Centre Pty Ltd	11 Regency Place, Floraville, NSW 2280	Australia	Ordinary	90%
CFO WA Pty Ltd	C/- red Fox Group PtyLtd 2 Gemstone Boulevard Carine WA6020	Australia	Ordinary	50%
CFO Centrum BV	Gooimeer 3, 1410 AC Naarden	Netherlands	Ordinary	50%
The FD Skills Centre SA Pty (Ltd)	9 St Michaels Road, Hilton, 3290	South Africa	Ordinary	50%
Het CFO Centrum bvba	Floraliënlaan 2 bus 1, 2600 Antwerpen	Belgium	Ordinary	50%
The CFO Center Ltd	30 Wall Street, 8th Floor, New York City, NY 10005	USA	Ordinary	100%
The CFO Centre Gmbh	Potsdamer Straße 18210783 Berlin Deutschland	Germany	Ordinary	100%
The CFO centre Italy srl	Via G.B. De Rossi 13 - 00161 Rome	Italy	Ordinary	80%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Subsidiary undertakings (continued)

Name activity	Registered office	Principal	Class of shares	Holding
The CFO Centre Limited	1110 3280 Bloor St West, Toronton, ON Canada M8X 2X3	Canada	Ordinary	80%
The FD Centre Limited	Barbury House,Stonehill Green Business Park, Bentham Close, Swindon, Wiltshire, SN5 7HB	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%
The FD Centre Limited	2 Seapoint Avenue, Blackrock, A94 VY68, Dublin, Ireland	Ireland	Ordinary	100%
The FD Centre Services India Pvt Ltd	67B, Gopal Mansion, Gurunanak Road, Bandra (West), Mumbai Maharashtra 400050 India	India	Ordinary	50%
Liberti Limited	Barbury House, Stonehill Green Business Park, Bentham Close, Swindon, Wiltshire, SN5 7HB	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%
The CFO Centre Group Limited	Barbury House,Stonehill Green Business Park, Bentham Close, Swindon, Wiltshire, SN5 7HB	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%
CFO Center(Shanghai) Limited*	Rm 10, Floor 9, Building 10, No.196 Ouyang Road, Hongkou District, Shanghai China	China	Ordinary	100%

The principal activity of the subsidiaries is the provision of fractional C-suite financial advisory services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

12.	Debtors				
		Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000	Company 2022 £000	Company 2021 £000
	Trade debtors	6,005	4,673	68	-
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	-	-	33
	Other debtors	92	30	1	-
	Called up share capital not paid	36	54	36	30
	Prepayments and accrued income	539	241	19	12
	Tax recoverable	14	-	14	28
		6,686	4,998	138	103
13.	Cash and cash equivalents				
		Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000	Company 2022 £000	Company 2021 £000
	Cash at bank and in hand	4,123	4.105	1,353	674
		4,123	4,105	1,353	674

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000	Company 2022 £000	Company 2021 £000
Trade creditors	5,347	4,208	3	31
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	_	1
Corporation tax	418	316	-	-
Other taxation and social security	660	569	32	21
Other Creditors	817	712	702	602
Accruals and deferred income	951	854	141	1
	8,193	6,659	878	656

Other creditors include amounts owed by related parties.

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group 2022 £000	Group 2021 £000
Accruals and deferred income	-	215
		215

The Parent Company has no creditors due over one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

16. Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid	2022 £000	2021 £000
2,875 (2021 -2,875) Ordinary A shares of £1.00 each 2,875 (2021 -2,875) Ordinary B shares of £1.00 each 1,800 (2021 -1,800) Ordinary C shares of £1.00 each 1,000 (2021 -1,000) Ordinary D shares of £1.00 each 450 (2021 -450) Ordinary F shares of £1.00 each	3 3 2 1	3 3 2 1
	9	9

A, B, C & F shares rank pari passu except that certain actions including the payment of dividends may only be taken with the consent of the holder of Ordinary Ashares.

Rights attaching to Ordinary D shares shall be varied such that those shares shall have no right to vote, no right to receive dividends and no right to participate on a winding up of the Company.

17. Reserves

Share premium account

The share premium account is used to record the aggregate amount or value of premiums paid when the Company's shares are issued at an amount in excess of nominal value.

Non-controlling interests

This reserve relates to the cumulative retained earnings distributable to third party shareholders. Included within the non-controlling interests are also the foreign exchange re-translations that arise on consolidation.

Profit and loss account

This reserve relates to the cumulative retained earnings less amounts distributed to shareholders. Included within the profit and loss account are also the foreign exchange re-translations that arise on consolidation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

18. Related party transactions

Wholly owned group

entities

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 Section 33.1A to not disclose transactions with wholly owned group entities.

Entities under common control

The group holds a number of investments in subsidiary entities that are not wholly owned as disclosed in note 11. Transactions with these entities are disclosed below:

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Sales to related party Amounts owed from related party	1,733 321	1,422 251
	2,054	1,673

The directors are considered to be key management personnel. The directors remuneration for the year was £271,000 (2021 - £242,000). During the year, dividends of £3,203,000 (2021 - £2,345,000) were paid to the directors.

19. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is C J Mills. by virtue of their shareholding and directorship in the ultimate parent undertaking.

20. Subsidiary claiming audit exemption

The following companies are included within the consolidated financial statements of The Liberti Group Limited and have taken the exemption from an audit for the year ended 31 December 2022 by virtue of s479A of Companies Act 2006. In order to allow these subsidiaries to take the audit exemption, the Parent Company The Liberti Group Limited has given a statutory guarantee, in line with s479C of the Companies Act 2006. of all the outstanding liabilities as at 31 December 2022.

Company name	Registered number	Country of incorporation
The CFO Centre Group Limited	09077993	England and Wales
Liberti Limited	09053427	England and Wales
FDUK Limited	04247537	England and Wales
Badgers Brook Holdings Limited	09121656	England and Wales