Registered number: 09072153

Michael Kors (UK) Holdings Limited

Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 March 2016



Michael Kors (UK) Holdings Limited Company information

Directors

J D Idol

J B Parsons C D A Wilmotte

Company secretary

C Harries Ogle

Registered number

09072153

Registered office

33 Kingsway London WC2B 6UF

Independent auditors

Ernst and Young LLP

1 More London Place

London SE1 2AF

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Strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2016

The directors present their Strategic report on the company for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Business review and future developments

The company is and will continue to be an intermediate holding company of a group which operates in the global luxury goods industry.

Principal risks and uncertainties and financial risk management

The key business risk for the company is the decline of the subsidiary undertakings' trading performance leading to an impairment of the company's investments. To mitigate this risk management regularly monitor the performance of their investments.

The key financial risk for the company is liquidity. The company takes reasonable steps to manage and control this risk and is financially supported by Michael Kors Holdings Limited, the parent undertaking.

Key performance indicators

Given the straightforward nature of the company's business the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using Key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance and position of the company.

This report was approved by the board on 28 October 2016 and signed on its behalf.

J B Parsons Director

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2016

The <u>directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2016.</u>

Future developments and financial risk management

The future developments and financial risk management disclosures can be found in the Strategic report on page 1.

Going concern

The directors have a written undertaking that Michael Kors Holdings Limited, the company's ultimate parent undertaking, will continue to provide adequate cash funding to enable the company to trade and meet its liabilities as they fall due. The directors have therefore concluded that the company has the ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

Results and dividends

The loss for the financial year amounted to \$85,562,000 (2015: \$27,502,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

J D Idol

J B Parsons

C D A Wilmotte

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including 'Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ("FRS 102").

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 102 used in the
 preparation of financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 March 2016

Directors' responsibilities statement (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Provision of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to
 establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, Ernst and Young LLP, will be deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 28 October 2016 and signed on its behalf.

J B Parsons Director

Independent auditor's report to the members of Michael Kors (UK) Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Michael Kors (UK) Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016, which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Director's responsibilities statement (set out on page 2), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic report and the Directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Michael Kors (UK) Holdings Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Eurlys

For and on behalf of
Ernst & Young LLP

1 More London Place

London SE1 2AF

28 October 2016

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2016

| | Note | 2016 \$000 | 5 June 2014 to 31 March 2015 \$000 |
|---|------|--|--|
| Income from shares in group undertakings | | 507,500 | 12,700,000 |
| Impairment of investment in subsidiary | | (520,000) | (12,700,000) |
| Gross loss | | (12,500) | - |
| Administrative expenses | | (78) | |
| Operating loss | | (12,578) | - |
| Interest payable and similar charges | 7 | (72,984) | (27,502) |
| Loss on ordinary activities before taxation | | (85,562) | (27,502) |
| Tax on loss on ordinary activities | 8 | | - |
| Loss for the financial year | | (85,562) | (27,502) |
| Administrative expenses Operating loss Interest payable and similar charges Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on loss on ordinary activities | | (78) (12,578) (72,984) (85,562) | (27,5 |

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

No separate Statement of comprehensive income has been presented as there are no other gains or losses.

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 09072153

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2016

| | Note | | 2016 \$000 | | 2015 \$000 |
|---|------|-------------|-----------------|------|---------------|
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Investments | 9 | | 2,573,717 | | 3,055,717 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 30 | | | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 10 | (2,648,661) | | (20) | |
| Net current liabilities | | | (2,648,631) | | (20) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | (74,914) | | 3,055,697 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 11 | | <u></u> | | (3,083,049) |
| Net liabilities | | | (74,914) | | (27,352) |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 14 | | 150 | | 150 |
| Capital contribution | | | 38,000 | | - |
| Profit and loss account | | | (113,064) | | (27,502) |
| Total deficit | | | (74,914) ——— | | (27,352) |

The financial statements on pages 6 to 17 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors and were signed on its behalf on 28 October 2016.

J B Parsons Director

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2016

| | Called up share capital \$000 | Profit and loss account \$000 | Capital contribution \$000 | Total equity \$000 |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Balance as at 31 March 2015 Capital contribution Loss for the financial year | 150 | (27,502) - (85,562) | 38,000 - | (27,352) 38,000 (85,562) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2016 | 150 | (113,064) | 38,000 | (74,914) |

Statement of changes in equity for the period ended 31 March 2015

| | Note | Called up share capital | Profit and loss account \$000 | Total equity \$000 |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Balance as at 5 June 2014 | | - | - | |
| Proceeds from shares issued | 14 | 150 | - | 150 |
| Loss for the financial year | | • | (27,502) | (27,502) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2015 | | 150 | (27,502) | (27,352) |
| | | | | |

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

1. General information

Michael Kors (UK) Holdings Limited ('the company') is an intermediate holding company of a group which operates in the luxury goods industry.

The company is a private company, limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of its registered office is 33 Kingsway, London, WC2B 6UF.

2. Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements of Michael Kors (UK) Holdings Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland' ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the year presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions. The exemption taken by the company is from the requirement to prepare a statement of cash flows.

3.2 Going concern

The directors have a written undertaking that Michael Kors Holdings Limited, the company's ultimate parent undertaking, will continue to provide adequate cash funding to enable the company to trade and meet its liabilities as they fall due. The directors have therefore concluded that the company has the ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

3.3 Consolidated financial statements

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Michael Kors Holdings Limited, its ultimate parent undertaking. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Michael Kors Holdings Limited which are publicly available. Therefore the company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.4 Foreign currency

The company's functional and presentational currency is the US dollar. All financial information presented in US dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand unless stated otherwise.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to the Profit and loss account

3.5 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

3.6 Interest payable

Interest payable is recognised in the Profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred.

3.7 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3.8 Investments

Fixed asset investments are recognised at cost and subsequently stated at cost less provision for impairment in value.

3.9 Impairment

The carrying amount of the company's assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is an indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of any asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

3.10 Financial instruments

The company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

Financial instruments

Basic financial liabilities, including loans due to group undertakings, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

3.11 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

3.12 Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

4. Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(4.1) Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

The company does not make any critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies.

(4.2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of its investments. The company reviews its investments for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be supported by its underlying assets.

5. Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration is borne by Michael Kors (USA) Inc., a fellow group undertaking. Fees payable to the auditors in respect of audit services for the year totalled \$37,300 (2015: \$15,000).

6. Employees and Directors

The company had no employees.

No directors remuneration was paid or payable during the year (2015: \$Nil) for services provided to the company. The directors are remunerated by fellow group companies with no recharge to the company.

7. Interest payable and similar charges

| | | 5 June 2014 to |
|--|--------|----------------|
| | 2016 | 31 March 2015 |
| | \$000 | \$000 |
| Interest payable on loan due to parent undertaking | 72,984 | 27,502 |
| | | |

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

8. Tax on loss on ordinary activities

| | | 5 June 2014 to |
|--|-------|----------------|
| | 2016 | 31 March 2015 |
| | \$000 | \$000 |
| UK corporation tax charge on loss for the year | - | - |

Reconciliation of tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher (2015: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 21.00%). The differences are explained below:

| | 2016 \$000 | 5 June 2014 to 31 March 2015 \$000 |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| (Loss) on ordinary activities before tax | (85,562) | (27,502) |
| (Loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 21%) | (17,112) | (5,775) |
| Dividends from UK companies Group relief Impairment of investment | (101,500) 14,612 104,000 | (2,667,000) 5,775 2,667,000 |
| Total tax charge for the year | - | - |

Tax rate changes

A change to the UK corporation tax rate was announced in the Chancellor's Budget on 16 March 2016. The change announced is to reduce the main rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. Changes to reduce the UK corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020 had already been substantively enacted on 26 October 2015.

As the change to 17% had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date its effects are not included in these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

9. Investments

| | Investments in subsidiary undertakings \$000 |
|------------------------------|---|
| Cost | |
| At 1 April 2015 Additions | 15,755,717 38,000 |
| At 31 March 2016 | 15,793,717 |
| Impairment | |
| At 1 April 2015 | 12,700,000 |
| Charge for the year | 520,000 |
| At 31 March 2016 | 13,220,000 |
| Net book value | |
| At 31 March 2016 | 2,573,717 |
| At 31 March 2015 | 3,055,717 |
| | |

During the year the investment in Michael Kors (Luxembourg) Holdings S.a.r.l increased due to a capital contribution of \$38,000,000.

The directors carried out an impairment review of the investments in subsidiary undertakings at the year end which resulted in an impairment of \$520,000,000 relating to Michael Kors (Switzerland) Holdings GmbH. The directors consider the carrying value of the investments to be supported by their underlying assets.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

9. Investments (continued)

At 31 March 2016, the company held an investment in the ordinary share capital of the following subsidiary undertakings:

| Entity | Percentage held (%) | Registered office |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| Michael Kors (Luxembourg) Holdings S.a.r.l. Michael Kors (UK) Limited | 100 100 | Luxembourg UK |
| Michael Kors Belgium BVBA * | 100 | Belgium |
| Michael Kors (Bucharest Store) S.R.L.* | 100 | Romania |
| Michael Kors Italy S.R.L. Con Socio Unico * | 100 | Italy |
| Michael Kors Japan K.K. * | 54 | Japan |
| Michael Kors Limited * | 100 | Hong Kong |
| Michael Kors Yuhan Hoesa * | 100 | Korea |
| Michael Kors Spain S.L. * | 100 | Spain |
| Michael Kors (Austria) GmbH * | 100 | Austria |
| Michael Kors (Czech Republic) s.r.o. * | 100 | Czech Republic |
| Michael Kors (Canada) Co. * | 54 | Canada |
| Michael Kors (Canada) Holdings Ltd. * | 54 | Canada |
| Michael Kors (Denmark) ApS * | 100 | Denmark |
| Michael Kors (Europe) B.V. * | 100 | Netherlands |
| Michael Kors (Europe) Holdings B.V. * | 100 | Curacao |
| Michael Kors (Finland) Oy * | 100 | Finland |
| Michael Kors (France) SAS * | 100 | France |
| Michael Kors (Germany) GmbH * | 100 | Germany |
| Michael Kors (Hungary) Kft * | 100 | Hungary |
| Michael Kors (Ireland) Limited * | 100 | Ireland |
| Michael Kors (Latvia) SIA * | 100 | Latvia |
| Michael Kors (Luxembourg) Retail S.a.r.l.* | 100 | Luxembourg |
| Michael Kors (Mexico) S. de R.L. de C.V. * | _ 100 | Mexico |
| Michael Kors (Netherlands) B.V. * | 100 | Netherlandd |
| Michael Kors (Norway) AS * | 100 | Norway |
| Michael Kors (Panama) Holdings, Inc* | 75 | Panama |
| Michael Kors (Poland) sp. z.o.o. * | 100 | Poland |
| Michael Kors (Portugal), Lda * | 100 | Portugal |
| Michael Kors (Sweden) AB * | 100 | Sweden |
| Michael Kors (Switzerland) GmbH * | 100 | Switzerland |
| Michael Kors (Switzerland) International GmbH * | 54 | Switzerland |
| Michael Kors (Switzerland) Retail GmbH * | 100 | Switzerland |
| MK Shanghai Commercial Trading Company Limited * | 100 | China |
| UAB Michael Kors (Lithuania) * | 100 | Lithuania |

^{*} Indirectly held

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | 2016 \$000 | 2015 \$000 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Amounts due to group undertaking | . 60 | 20 |
| Loan due to group undertaking | 2,648,533 | - |
| Accruals and deferred income | 68 | - |
| | | |
| | 2,648,661 | 20 |
| | | |

Amounts due to the group undertaking are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

The loan due to group undertaking is unsecured and bears interest at the USD 12 month LIBOR plus 1.5% per annum. All amounts owed, including accrued interest, are repayable on 15 December 2016.

11. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

| | orealtors, amounts faming due after more than one year | | |
|-----|--|-------------|-----------|
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | \$000 | \$000 |
| | Amounts falling due between one and five years | | |
| | Loan due to group undertaking (note 10) | - | 3,083,049 |
| | | | |
| 12. | Loans and other borrowings | | |
| | | | |
| | , | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | \$000 | \$000 |
| | Loan due to group undertaking (note 10 & 11) | 2,648,533 | 3,083,049 |
| | | | |
| 13. | Financial instruments | | |
| | Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | | |
| | | 2016 | 2015 |
| | · | \$000 | \$000 |
| | Amounts due to group undertaking | 60 | 20 |
| | Loan due to group undertaking | 2,648,533 | 3,083,049 |
| | | | |

2,648,593

3,083,069

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

14. Called up share capital

Ordinary shares of \$1.50 each

| | 2016 Number | 2016 US\$ |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Allotted and fully paid | | |
| On 31 March 2015 and 2016 | 100,001 | 150,001 |
| | | |

There is a single class of ordinary shares. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

15. Controlling parties

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is Michael Kors Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Michael Kors Holdings Limited. Copies of the Michael Kors Holdings Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from 33 Kingsway, London, United Kingdom, WC2B 6UF.