Registered number: 09029753

### **DELPH PROPERTIES BIRMINGHAM LIMITED**

## UNAUDITED

**ACCOUNTS FOR REGISTRAR** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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COMPANIES HOUSE

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

P Crocker

**H** Crocker

Registered number

09029753

Registered office

35 Ballards Lane

London **N3 1XW** 

**Accountants** 

Berg Kaprow Lewis LLP Chartered Accountants 35 Ballards Lane

London **N3 1XW** 

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## DELPH PROPERTIES BIRMINGHAM LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09029753

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note		2016 £		2015 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	4		1		1
		-	1	•	1
Current assets					
Stocks	5	585,396		12,604,947	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	50,670		539,112	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	1,833,331		482,730	
		2,469,397		13,626,789	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(2,375,972)		(7,818,583)	
Net current assets			93,425		5,808,206
Total assets less current liabilities		-	93,426	•	5,808,207
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		-		(6,613,914)
Net assets/(liabilities)		<del>-</del>	93,426	•	(805,707)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			93,326		(805,807)
		<del>-</del>	93,426	•	(805,707)

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

#### **DELPH PROPERTIES BIRMINGHAM LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 09029753**

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) **AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016**

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime,

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

H Crocker

Director

P Crocker

Director

Date:

109/17

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1. General information

Delph Properties Birmingham Limited ("the Company") is a property trading company.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England and Wales.

The Registered Office address is 35 Ballards Lane, Finchley, London, N3 1XW.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of the sale of trading properties.

Revenue on the sale of properties is recognised when completion of sales contract occurs during the accounting period.

#### 2.3 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

#### 2.4 Stocks

Stock comprises properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes the initial purchase price, together with any other directly attributable costs.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.6 Financial instruments (continued)

third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, cash and bank balances and investments in commercial paper, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and accruals, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### (iii) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### 2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

#### 2.9 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

#### 2.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2015 - 2).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4.

Fixed asset investm	nents				
					Investments
					in
			Ψ.		subsidiary
					companies £
		•	•	•	L
Cost or valuation		•			
At 1 January 2016		•			1
At 31 December 2010	6				1
At 31 December 2010	U				<u> </u>
Net book value					
At 31 December 2010	e				4
At 31 December 2010	O				1
At 31 December 201	E				4
At 31 December 2013	0				1
	•				
Subsidiary undertal	kings				
The following were su	ubsidiary unde	ertakings of t	he Company:		
	Class of		Principal		
Name	shares	Holding			
Metalworks		_	•		
Management			•		
Company Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Dormant		
The aggregate of the year ended on that da					profit or loss for the
					Aggregate
					of share
					capital and
					reserves
Metalworks Managen	nent Compan	v Limited	•		£ 1
		,			•

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

5.	Stocks		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Stocks of trading property	585,396	12,604,947
6.	Debtors		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Other debtors	50,670	539,112
		50,670	539,112
7.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,833,331	482,730
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Corporation tax	400,000	-
	Other creditors	1,947,152	7,715,994
	Accruals and deferred income	28,820	102,589
		2,375,972	7,818,583

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year 9.

2016

Bank loans

6,613,914

2015

#### **Secured loans**

The bank loan was secured over the stock of property.

#### 10. Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

#### 11. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.