

Company registration number 08971104 (England and Wales)

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 MARCH 2023

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

verallo

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SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

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SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director	Mrs. A. R. Mirkowski
Secretary	Mrs. A. R. Mirkowski
Company number	08971104
Registered office	9400 Garsington Road Oxford Business Park Oxford Oxfordshire OX4 2HN
Accountants	Verallo Century House Wargrave Road Henley-on-Thames Oxfordshire United Kingdom RG9 2LT

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investment properties	3		3,073,136		3,073,136
Current assets					
Debtors	4	66,941		66,326	
Cash at bank and in hand		825,814		717,264	
		<u>892,755</u>		<u>783,590</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
	5	<u>(154,871)</u>		<u>(153,736)</u>	
Net current assets			<u>737,884</u>		<u>629,854</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>3,811,020</u>		<u>3,702,990</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year					
	6		<u>(3,067,301)</u>		<u>(3,067,301)</u>
Net assets			<u><u>743,719</u></u>		<u><u>635,689</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			<u>743,619</u>		<u>635,589</u>
Total equity			<u><u>743,719</u></u>		<u><u>635,689</u></u>

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 17 November 2023

Mrs. A. R. Mirkowski
Director

Company Registration No. 08971104

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Shiplake Property Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 9400 Garsington Road, Oxford Business Park, Oxford, Oxfordshire, OX4 2HN.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents rent receivable from investment property.

1.4 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2023 Number	2022 Number
Total	1	1

3 Investment property

	2023 £
Fair value	
At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023	3,073,136

The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out at the balance sheet date by the director. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

3 Investment property (Continued)

If investment properties were stated on an historical cost basis rather than a fair value basis, the amounts would have been included as follows:

	2023 £	2022 £
Cost	3,073,136	3,073,136
Accumulated depreciation	-	-
	<u>3,073,136</u>	<u>3,073,136</u>
Carrying amount	<u>3,073,136</u>	<u>3,073,136</u>

4 Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Other debtors	40	-
Prepayments and accrued income	66,901	66,326
	<u>66,941</u>	<u>66,326</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Corporation tax	25,340	21,915
Other taxation and social security	300	300
Other creditors	108,688	103,598
Accruals and deferred income	20,543	27,923
	<u>154,871</u>	<u>153,736</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Other borrowings	<u>3,067,301</u>	<u>3,067,301</u>

SHIPLAKE PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

7	Called up share capital				
		2023	2022	2023	2022
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.