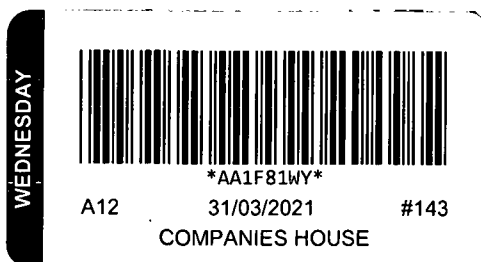


Company Registration No. 08957651 (England and Wales)

**GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**



# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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<b>Directors</b>	W B Norman A R Norman B E Slade-Jones
<b>Company number</b>	08957651 (England and Wales)
<b>Registered office</b>	Tricor Suite 4th Floor 50 Mark Lane London EC3R 7QR

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# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

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# **GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD**

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020***

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The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company in the year under review continued to be that of the import and sale of synthetic turf.

### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

W B Norman  
A R Norman  
B E Slade-Jones

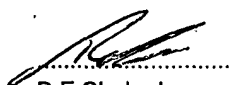
### **Going concern**

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the directors indicated their intention to strike off the company and accordingly the financial statements were prepared on a break-up basis. Since then however, the directors secured new business deals and continued trading during the year ended 31 March 2020. As these contracts are still ongoing, the directors have indicated their intentions to continue trading and therefore consider the use of going concern basis is appropriate for the year ended 31 March 2020. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as set out in the accounting policies under note 1.2.

### **Small companies exemption**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

  
.....  
B E Slade-Jones  
Director

Date: 30/3/2021

# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020*

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	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover	44,803	-
Cost of sales	(43,096)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Gross profit	1,707	-
Administrative expenses	(8,917)	(7,890)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Loss before taxation	(7,210)	(7,890)
Tax on loss	-	844
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Loss for the financial year	(7,210)	(7,046)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks		32,393			
Debtors	3	83,424		40,992	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,030		3,689	
		<u>119,847</u>		<u>44,681</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	4	<u>(92,046)</u>		<u>(9,670)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>27,801</u>		<u>35,011</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital	5	40,000		40,000	
Profit and loss reserves		<u>(12,199)</u>		<u>(4,989)</u>	
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>27,801</u>		<u>35,011</u>

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

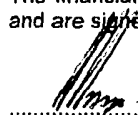
For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.


The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30/03/2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

  
WB Norman  
Director

  
B E Slade-Jones  
Director

Company Registration No. 08957651

# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Goodman Donald Group Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Tricor Suite, 4th Floor, 50 Mark Lane, London, EC3R 7QR.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

During the year ended 31 March 2019, the directors indicated their intention to strike off the company and accordingly the financial statements were prepared on a break-up basis. Since then however, the directors secured new business deals and continued trading during the year ended 31 March 2020. As these contracts are still ongoing, the directors have indicated their intentions to continue trading and therefore consider the use of going concern basis is appropriate for the year ended 31 March 2020. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### 1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

##### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the tax currently payable.

##### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.



# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 1.8 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 0 (2019 - 0).

	2020 Number	2019 Number
Total	-	-

### 3 Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	41,749	-
Corporation tax receivable	844	844
Amounts owed by group undertakings	40,000	40,000
Other debtors	831	148
	83,424	40,992

# GOODMAN DONALD GROUP LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

### 4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade creditors	72,741	5,534
Other creditors	19,305	4,136
	<u>92,046</u>	<u>9,670</u>

### 5 Called up share capital

	2020 Number	2019 Number	2020 £	2019 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
	<u>40,000</u>	<u>40,000</u>	<u>40,000</u>	<u>40,000</u>

### 6 Events after the reporting date

The Coronavirus Disease (Covid-19) outbreak and the measures taken to contain the spread of the pandemic have created a high level of uncertainty to global economic prospects and this may have impacted the Company's operations and its financial performance subsequent to the financial year end.

This has significantly slowed down the business activities as works were halted during the period. A series of measures to curb the COVID-19 outbreak have been and continue to be implemented across the country. This has resulted in delays in services from suppliers due to requirements to limit or suspend business operations and border controls implemented around the world.

As the situation continues to evolve with significant level of uncertainty, the Company is unable to reasonably estimate the full financial impact of the COVID-19 outbreak. The Company is monitoring the situation closely and to mitigate the financial impact, it is conscientiously managing its cost by adopting an operating cost reduction strategy and conserving liquidity by working with major suppliers to align repayment obligations with receivables collections.

### 7 Parent company

Goodman Donald Group Pte Ltd (incorporated in Singapore with a registered address of 80 Robinson Road, #2, Singapore, 068898) is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.