Annual report and unaudited financial statements

Year ended

31 December 2017

Company Number 08926994



Company information

Directors K JF Douws

S Jiang S J Turner

Company secretary Brodies Secretarial Services Limited

Registered number 08926994

Registered office AB Inbev House

Church Street West

Woking GU21 6HT

Accountants BDO LLP

Thames Tower Station Road Reading Berkshire RG1 1LX

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Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their Strategic report for AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited (formerly SABMiller Australia Holdings Limited) (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Review of activities and future developments

The principal activity of the Company is to act as a holding and financing company for various subsidiary undertakings within the Anheuser-Busch InBev group (the "Group").

On 28 September 2016, the shareholders of SABMiller plc, the then ultimate parent undertaking, approved an offer by Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV to acquire SABMiller plc (the "AB InBev transaction"). Prior to the completion of the transaction, on 6 October 2016, SABMiller plc delisted from the London Stock Exchange and re-registered as a private limited Company under the name SABMiller Limited. On 8 October 2016 Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV acquired SABMiller Limited and on 10 October 2016, control of the SABMiller Group transferred to Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV and the SABMiller Group became part of the AB InBev Group. As a result of the business combination there may be an impact on the activities of the Company in the future.

With effect from 31 May 2017 the Company's name changed from SABMiller Australia Holdings Limited to AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited.

No significant change in the business of the Company is expected in the foreseeable future.

Results

The Company recorded a loss for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 of US\$334,943,000 (period ended 31 December 2016: US\$1,039,478,000). The detailed results are set out in the profit and loss account on page 6

Details of movements during the year in investments, debtors and creditors can be found in notes 11 to 13 to the financial statements.

Details of share movements during the year can be found in note 15 of the financial statements.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the Company, during the year under review the principal risks and uncertainties were integrated with the principal risks of the AB inBev Group and were not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV include those of the Company and are described in the risks and uncertainties section of the Group's 31 December 2017 annual report which does not form part of this report. The consolidated financial statements for Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV for the year ended 31 December 2017 are available at the address detailed in note 18 to these financial statements.

Strategic report (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

Key performance indicators ("KPIs")

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

The report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

S Jiang Director

Date: 09.11.18

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and unaudited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Dividends

The directors declared interim dividends for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 of US\$7,923,801,000 (period ended 31 December 2016: US\$Nil). No final dividend is proposed (period ended 31 December 2016 US\$Nil).

Financial risk management

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking within the Group. Cash funds of the Group are managed at a group level. Interest is received and paid by the Company on certain loans with other Group companies.

Liquidity and interest rate risk

The Company's arrangements with the Group, as described above, ensure it can access the funds needed to meet its liquidity requirements as cash can be obtained through group funding. Interest receivable and payable on loans with other group companies are calculated at either fixed or at floating rates of interest. The Group's liquidity requirements and interest rate risks are managed at a group level.

Currency risk

The Company's functional currency is US Dollar and it also presents its financial statements in US Dollar. Some transactions undertaken by the Company are denominated in currencies other than US Dollar.

Commodity risk

The Company manages some of the Group's commodity risks by entering into commodity derivatives with external counterparties. The Company mitigates its own risk by entering into offsetting trades with the Group companies which hold the exposure.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing of this report were:

K JF Douws (appointed 25 June 2018)

S Jiang (appointed 25 June 2018)

S J Turner (appointed 8 March 2017)

Y Bomans (appointed 29 September 2017, resigned 25 June 2018)

J Davidson (resigned 29 March 2017)

T M Boucher (resigned 29 September 2017)

Directors' insurance and indemnity

Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV maintains directors' and officers' liability insurance in respect of its directors and those directors of its subsidiary companies.

Directors' report (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2017

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements:
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors

As a result of the Company taking the exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act"), Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP are not deemed to be reappointed as auditors, and thus, have resigned as auditors of the Company.

The directors' approval of the financial statements appears on page 7.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

S Jiang Director __

Date: 09, 11, 18

Chartered accountants' report to the board of directors on the unaudited financial statements of AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Profit and loss account and other comprehensive income, the Balance sheet, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes from the Company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practicing member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/

This report is made solely to the board of directors of AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 11 September 2017. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release TECH07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited. You consider that AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

BDO LLP

Kno LLB

Chartered Accountants

Reading

UK

Date: 09.11.18

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Profit and loss account and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2017

		1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017	1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016
	Note	US\$('000s)	US\$('000s)
Income from shares in group undertakings		43,854	121,962
Other operating (expenses)/income	4	(1)	8
Waiver of loans receivable from group undertakings	5	-	(3,869)
Gain/(loss) on sale of investments	11	18,946	(948,834)
Impairment provision on subsidiary investments	11	(13,825)	-
Profit/(loss) before interest and taxation		48,974	(830,733)
Finance income	7	325	165,681
Finance expense	8	(384,242)	(353,702)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(334,943)	(1,018,754)
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	9	•	(20,724)
Loss for the financial year / period		(334,943)	(1,039,478)
Total comprehensive expense for the financial year / period		(334,943)	(1,039,478)

All activities during the year / period are in respect of continuing activities.

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 08926994

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 US\$('000s)	2016 US\$('000s)
Fixed assets			
Investments Current assets	11	-	7,863,000
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Current liabilities	12	14,234	25,739
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(134)	(299,798)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		14,100	(274,059)
Total assets less current liabilities		14,100	7,588,941
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	-	(8,500,000)
Net assets/(liabilities)		14,100	(911,059)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	1	2,053
Share premium account		-	-
Profit and loss account		14,099	(913,112)
Total shareholders' funds / (deficit)		14,100	(911,059)

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") relating to subsidiary companies.

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

S Jiang Director

Date: 09, 11, 18

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Called up share capital US\$('000s)	Share premium account US\$('000s)	Profit and loss account US\$('000s)	Total shareholders' funds / (deficit) US\$('000s)
At 1 April 2016	2,053	2,050,449	(1,924,083)	128,419
Loss for the financial period	-	-	(1,039,478)	(1,039,478)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	•	-	(1,039,478)	(1,039,478)
Reduction of share premium and transfer to profit and loss account	•	(2,050,449)	2,050,449	-
At 31 December 2016	2,053	-	(913,112)	(911,059)
Loss for the financial year	-	-	(334,943)	(334,943)
Total comprehensive loss for the year			(334,943)	(334,943)
Dividends paid (note 10)	•	-	(7,923,801)	(7,923,801)
Conversion of preference shares into ordinary shares	8,500	8,491,500	-	8,500,000
Cancellation of share premium and reducing nominal value of shares (note 15)	(10,552)	(8,491,500)	8,502,052	•
Interest due on Preference "C" Shares transfer to profit and loss (note 14)	-	-	683,903	683,903
At 31 December 2017	1	•	14,099	14,100

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

1. Presentation of financial statements

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the US Dollar as the presentational currency. The US Dollar is also the Company's functional currency, representing the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is: AB Inbev House, Church Street West, Woking, GU21 6HT.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with *Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework* (*FRS 101*). The amendments to FRS 101 (2013/14, 2014/15 and 2015/16 cycle) issued in July 2014, July 2015 and July 2016 effective immediately have been applied

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU (*EU Adopted IFRSs*), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV, includes the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and are available to the public and may be obtained from the Corporate Secretary at Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV, Brouwerijplein 1, B-3000 Leuven, Belgium.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

The following exemptions from the requirements of EU Adopted IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
 - 10(d), (statement of cash flows)
 - 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS),
 - 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements),
 - 38B-D (additional comparative information),
 - 111 (cash flow statement information)
 - 134-136 (capital management disclosures)
- IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows'
- Paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS that has been issued but is not yet effective)
- The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Basis of preparation (continued)

As the consolidated financial statements of Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 'Impairment of assets' in respect of the impairment of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets; and
- The disclosures required by IFRS 7 and IFRS 13 regarding financial instrument disclosures have not been provided apart from those which are relevant for the financial instruments which are held at fair value and are not held as part of a trading portfolio or as derivatives.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the fair valuation of financial instruments. The accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are set out below.

Exemption from preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about AB InBev Australia Holdings Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The Company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by \$400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to produce consolidated financial statements as it is included in the EEA accounts of a larger group.

Dividend income from group undertakings

Dividends receivable from subsidiary undertakings are recognised in profit or loss when the right to the dividend income has been established. Interim dividends are recognised when paid and any final dividends receivable are recognised when declared at a general meeting.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accruats basis using the effective interest method.

When a receivable is impaired, the Company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount by discounting the estimate future cash flows at the original effective interest rate, and continuing to unwind the discount as interest income.

Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised within profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Interest expense on loans from fellow group undertakings

Interest expense on loans in respect of borrowings from other subsidiaries within the Group is recognised on an amortised cost basis using the effective interest rate method.

Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax expense is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items that are not taxable or not deductible. The Company's liability for current taxation is calculated using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are stated at cost, together with subsequent capital contributions, less provisions for impairment.

Impairment of investments

The carrying amounts of the Company's investments are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Impairment reviews are performed by comparing the carrying value of the non-current asset with its recoverable amount, being the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal is considered to be the amount that could be obtained on disposal of the asset. Value in use is determined by discounting the future post-tax cash flows generated from continuing use of the asset using a post-tax discount rate, as this closely approximates applying pre-tax discount rates to pre-tax cash flows. Where a potential impairment is identified using post-tax cash flows and post-tax discount rates, the impairment review is re-performed on a pre-tax basis in order to determine the impairment loss to be recorded.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments comprise investments in equity and debt securities, loans receivable and borrowings.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value (plus any directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of those classified at fair value through profit or loss). For those financial instruments that are not subsequently held at fair value, the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence of impairment at each balance sheet date.

Financial assets are recognised when the Company has rights or other access to economic benefits. Such assets consist of cash, equity instruments, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset, or a contractual right to exchange financial instruments with another entity on potentially favourable terms. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation to transfer benefits and that obligation is a contractual liability to deliver cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial instruments with another entity on potentially unfavourable terms. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, that is discharged, cancelled or expired. If a legally enforceable right exists to set off recognised amounts of financial assets and liabilities, which are in determinable monetary amounts, and there is the intention to settle net, the relevant financial assets and liabilities are offset.

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- (a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- (b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Loans receivable and borrowings

Loans receivable and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Impairment of financial assets

A financial asset not carried at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. For financial instruments measured at cost less impairment an impairment is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date. Interest on the impaired asset continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. When a subsequent event causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Dividend payable

Dividend distributions to equity shareholders are recognised as a liability in the financial statements of the Company in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders Interim dividends are recognised when paid.

Dividends declared after the balance sheet date are not recognised, as there is no present obligation at the balance sheet date.

3. Key estimates and judgements

In determining and applying accounting policies, judgement is often required where the choice of specific policy, assumption or accounting estimate to be followed could materially affect the reported results or net position of the Company, should it later be determined that a different choice be more appropriate

Management considers the following to be the areas of significant judgement and estimation for the Company due to greater complexity and/or particularly subject to the exercise of judgement

Impairment reviews

Impairment reviews in respect of investments in subsidiaries are performed if events indicate that this is necessary. Impairment reviews are based on future cash flows discounted using the weighted average cost of capital for the relevant country with terminal values calculated applying a long-term growth rate. The future cash flows which are based on business forecasts, the long-term growth rates and the discount rates used are dependent on management estimates and judgements. Future events could cause the assumptions used in these impairment reviews to change with a consequent impact on the results and net position of the Company.

4. Other operating expenses/(income)

The other operating expenses/(income) is stated after charging:

1 January	1 April 2016
2017 to	to
31 December	31 December
2017	2016
US\$('000s)	US\$('000s)
1	(8)

Other operating charges/(income)

5. Waiver of loans receivable from group undertakings

During the prior period loans receivables from group undertaking AB InBev Holdings Limited (formerly SABMiller Holdings Limited) of US\$3,868,839 were waived and a charge was recognised in the Profit and loss account

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

6. Key management compensation and employees

Key management personnel are considered to be the directors of the Company. The Company had no employees in the year (period ended 31 December 2016: none) None of the key management personnel received any remuneration for their services as key management personnel of the Company and are not employed by the Company

During the year, no (period ended 31 December 2016 eight) key management personnel exercised options over US 10 cent shares in SABMiller Limited. This is accounted for by the employing company within the Group. No (period ended 31 December 2016 none) key management personnel exercised options in Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV.

Pension contributions, on behalf of the key management personnel, were made by their employing companies within the Group.

7. Finance income

		1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 US\$('000s)	1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 US\$('000s)
	Interest receivable from fellow Group undertakings	325	165,681
8.	Finance expense		
		1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 US\$('000s)	1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 US\$('000s)
	Interest payable to fellow Group undertakings on "C" Preference share Interest payable to third parties	384,242 -	353,680 22
		384,242	353,702

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

9.	Taxation on loss		
	Analysis of charge in year / period		
		1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 US\$('000s)	2016
	Current taxation		
	Withholding taxes and other remittance taxes	-	20,724
	Total taxation result / expense	-	20,724
	Factors affecting the taxation charge for the year / period		
	The tax assessed for the year is higher than (period ended 31 Decembe standard rate of corporation tax for the year ended 31 December 2017 December 2016: 20%). The differences are explained below	r 2016 - highe of 19 25% (p∈	r than) the UK eriod ended 31
		1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 US\$('000s)	1 April 2016 to 31 December 2016 US\$('000s)
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(334,943)	(1,018,754)
	Tax credit at UK standard rate of corporation tax of 19.25% (period ended 31 December 2016: 20%) Effects of:	(64,476)	(203,751)
	Exempt dividend income	(8,442)	(24,392)
	Non-deductible preference dividend payable	73,966	70,736
	Non-deductible impairment charge	2,661	774
	Non-deductible loss on sale of investment	(3,647)	189,767

Withholding tax and other remittance taxes

Group relief

Total taxation expense

(19)

20,724

20,724

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

9. Taxation on loss (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The UK corporation tax rate decreased from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017.

The effect of changes to the corporation tax rates substantively enacted as part of the Finance Bill 2016 (on 7 September 2016) includes reductions to the main rate to reduce the rate to 17% from April 2020.

There were no other factors that may affect future tax changes.

10.	Dividends		
		2017 US\$('000s)	2016 US\$('000s)
	Interim dividends paid (US\$0.932 per US\$0.0000001 Ordinary share)	7,923,801	-
11.	Fixed asset investments		
		į	Investments in subsidiary companies US\$('000s)
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2017		7,863,000
	Disposals		(7,849,175)
	At 31 December 2017	_	13,825
	Impairment		
	Charge for the period		13,825
	At 31 December 2017	<u>-</u>	13,825
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2017	_	-
	At 31 December 2016	_	7,863,000

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

11. Fixed asset investments (continued)

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net asset or value in use.

Disposals:

During the year, ABI Southern Investment Ltd bought back 1,949,652,664 shares from the Company for US\$1,954,358,558 in cash.

The Company further disposed of the remaining 5,899,522,751 of US\$0.01 shares of ABI Southern Investment Ltd to ABI Australia Beverage Holdings Limited for US\$5,913,762,487. A gain of US\$18,946,000 was recognised on disposal.

During the year an impairment provision of US\$13,824,587 was recognised against the investment in AB Inbev Southern Capital Financing LLC.

Name	Type of shares	% held	Principal activity
AB Inbev Southern Capital Financing LLC(1)	Ordinary	100 %	Holding company

Registered address:

⁽¹⁾Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Road, Suite 400, City of Wilmington, County of New Castle DE 19808, United States.

12. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 US\$('000s)	2016 US\$('000s)
Loans owed by fellow Group undertakings	14,068	25,589
Amounts owed by fellow Group undertakings	166	149
Corporation tax	-	1
	14,234	25,739

Loans owed by fellow Group undertakings bear interest at LIBOR minus 12.5 basis points (period ended 31 December 2016: minus 12.5 basis points) and are unsecured and repayable on demand.

Amounts owed by fellow Group undertakings are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 US\$('000s)	2016 US\$('000s)
Loans owed to fellow Group undertakings	126	124
Amounts owed to fellow Group undertakings	7	299,667
Accruals and deferred income	1	7
	134	299,798

Loans owed to fellow group undertakings are unsecured, bear interest at a floating rate of one month LIBOR plus 25 basis points (period ended 31 December 2016; plus 80 basis points) and are repayable on demand.

Other amounts owed to fellow Group undertakings are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

Included in amounts owed to fellow Group undertakings are US\$Nil (period ended 31 December 2016 US\$299,661,000) preference dividends payable arising on the 5.27% Redeemable C Preference shares

14. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2017 US\$('000s)	2016 US\$('000s)
5.27% Redeemable preference C shares	•	8,500,000

During the year, the Company redesigned and reclassified all Redeemable "C" Preference shares of US\$1,000 each to Ordinary shares of US\$1 each and then approved the reduction in share capital.

The nominal value of each share was reduced from US\$1 per share to US\$0.0000001 per share, by cancelling and extinguishing US\$0.9999999 of nominal value on each Ordinary share. A balance of US\$8,502,051,653 and capitalized interest payable of US\$683,903,000 on the "C" preference shares was transferred to reserves.

15. Share capital

	2017	2016
	US\$('000s)	US\$('000s)
Allotted, called up and fully paid		, ,
8,502,052,503 Ordinary shares of US\$0 0000001 each		
(31 December 2016: 2,052,502 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each)	1	2,053

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

15. Share capital (continued)

During the year, the Company has the following share movements.

On 6 November 2017, the Company subdivided each redeemable "C" Preference share of US\$1,000 each into 1,000 new Redeemable "C" Preference shares of US\$1.00 each.

On 6 November 2017, the Company redesigned and reclassified all new Redeemable "C" Preference shares of US\$1.00 each to Ordinary shares of US\$1.00 each.

On 7 November 2017, the directors approved a reduction in share capital the nominal value of each share be reduced from \$1 per share to \$0.0000001 per share. The amount of US\$8,502,051,653 reductions were credited to the profit and loss account.

16. Reserves

Reserves are comprised of the following:

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of shares subscribed for.

Share premium account represents amounts subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value, net of issue costs.

The Company's profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses net of transactions with owners (e.g. dividends) not recognised elsewhere.

17. Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

There were no capital commitments or material contingent liabilities at 31 December 2017 (2016; US\$ Nil).

18. Ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent undertaking as at 31 December 2017 was ABI Australia Beverage Holding Ltd, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

At 31 December 2017 the ultimate parent and controlling party was Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV, a company incorporated in Leuven, Belgium. Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV consolidated financial statements can be obtained from AB InBev NV, Brouwerijplein 1, B-3000 Leuven, Belgium.