

Registered Number 08920368

Dominique Levy Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2016

Dominique Levy Limited

Registered Number 08920368

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
	3		
Tangible		688,183	631,620
		<u>688,183</u>	<u>631,620</u>
Current assets			
Debtors		315,234	375,765
Cash at bank and in hand		39,708	311,304
Total current assets		<u>354,942</u>	<u>687,069</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(522,172)	(1,498,105)
Net current assets (liabilities)		(167,230)	(811,036)
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>520,953</u>	<u>(179,416)</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4	(593,724)	0
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>(72,771)</u>	<u>(179,416)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	5	100	100

Profit and loss account	(72,871)	(179,516)
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Shareholders funds	<u>(72,771)</u>	<u>(179,416)</u>
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- a. For the year ending 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 29 December 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr H Gadhia, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity. Compound instruments

Compound instruments comprise both a liability and an equity component. At date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar debt instrument. The liability component is accounted for as a financial liability. The residual is the difference between the net proceeds of issue and the liability component (at time of issue). The residual is the equity component, which is accounted for as an equity instrument. The interest expense on the liability component is calculated applying the effective interest rate for the liability component of the instrument. The difference between this amount and any repayments is added to the carrying amount of the liability in the balance sheet.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	0% Method for Fixtures & fittings
Equipment	0% Method for Equipment
Leasehold Property	0% Method for Leasehold property

2 Exchange rate

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

3 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 April 2015	725,879	725,879
Additions	221,828	221,828
At 31 March 2016	<u>947,707</u>	<u>947,707</u>
Depreciation		
At 01 April 2015	94,259	94,259
Charge for year	165,265	165,265
At 31 March 2016	<u>259,524</u>	<u>259,524</u>
Net Book Value		
At 31 March 2016	688,183	688,183
At 31 March 2015	<u>631,620</u>	<u>631,620</u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

5 Share capital

	2016	2015
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100