Company registration number: 08912755

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2018

PROAV HOLDINGS LIMITED

THURSDAY



MENZIES BRIGHTER THINKING

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

R Brookes F Hazell L Brookes

Registered number

08912755

Registered office

proAV House Omega Way Egham Surrey TW20 8RD

Independent auditors

Menzies LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Victoria House 50-58 Victoria Road Farnborough Hampshire GU14 7PG

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc 1 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5HP

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GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Introduction

The principal activity of the group during the year remained focused on the activities of design, supply, installation and support of Audio Visual, Video Conferencing & Large Format Display Systems.

proAV Holdings Limited is just a holding company whose only transactions are the payment of debt and amortisation of goodwill acquired. To assess the underlying trading activity of the group, please refer to the financial statements of proAV Limited.

Business review

The group performed as forecasted with increased levels of profitability in the Limited Company compared with the previous year, achieved through an increased portfolio of services and project delivery efficiency. Gross profit increased from £20m to £21.6m.

Facilities Management and Support Services have continued to perform well with increased activity in EMEA, APAC and US regions. The Network Operations Centre continues to attract overseas and domestic clients allowing the group to provide a wider portfolio of products and services. The continued investment in the NOC sets the group aside from all AV Companies by providing consistent state of the art support and intelligence.

The group has attracted a high calibre of associates over the last 12 months allowing ongoing business growth with improved infrastructure.

As at 31 March 2018, employee numbers have increased to 323 (2017: 307). The group has minimal dependency on external resources as a result of its ongoing AV training programmes. Our infrastructure is aligned to manage our forecasted increase in business maintaining a good work life balance for all team members.

The group continues to be supported by Barclays Bank who provide an adequate and agile financial resource which supports our strategic and growth plans. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements. The Limited Company maintained a strong balance sheet position increasing assets from £2.9m to £3.6m.

For the foreseeable future, the group will continue to develop its business along similar lines to those followed in previous years, whilst maintaining consideration to market and geographic changes in trading. The company has introduced Frankfurt operations to facilitate improved European delivery and mitigate any risk associated with Brexit. Regional offices in Scotland and Eire were launched in Q2 FY19 with the local appointment of Regional Management and technical staff.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Competition risk

As a leader in this industry, proAV identifies with its competitors and continues to evolve to meet and surpass client expectations and quality of service. The directors regularly identify, monitor and ensure appropriate processes are in place to mitigate potential risks and uncertainties.

Financial risk

It is considered that the company's exposure to risk in terms of credit, liquidity, interest rates and cash flow is not material to the financial statements.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Financial key performance indicators (group)

Service versus project revenue split for the year was 20:80 (2017: 24:76). Employee numbers for the year was 323 (2017: 307).

These are in line with the directors expectations, and are discussed in the business review above.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf by

F Hazell Director

Date: 6.12.18

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

R Brookes

F Hazeil

L Brookes

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,092,062 (2017 - loss £1,216,445).

Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 12 to the financial statements.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Employee involvement

During the year, the policy of providing employees with information about the company has been continued through internal media methods in which employees have also been encouraged to present their suggestions and views on the company's performance. Regular meetings are held between local management and employees to allow a free flow of information and ideas.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Group's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed
 and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Matters covered in the strategic report

The company has chosen in accordance with Section 414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 to set out within the company's Strategic Report the Company's Strategic Report Information Required by Schedule 7 of the Large and Medium Sized Companoes and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulation 2008. This Includes information that would have been included in the business review and details of the principal risks and uncertainties.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company and the Group's auditors
 are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company and the Group's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Menzies LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf by

F Hazell Director

Date: 6-12-18



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PROAV HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of proAV Holdings Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 March 2018, which comprise the Group Income Statement, the Group Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Group and company Statements of Financial Position, the Group Statement of Cash Flows, the Group and company Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast
 significant doubt about the Group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for
 issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PROAV HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance; but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PROAV HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Roberto Lobue FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

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for and on behalf of Menzies LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Victoria House 50-58 Victoria Road Farnborough Hampshire GU14 7PG

Date: 11/12/18

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover	4	60,552,195	53,258,678
Cost of sales	,	(38,892,597)	(33,195,387)
Gross profit		21,659,598	20,063,291
Administrative expenses		(22,451,137)	(20,677,868)
Operating loss	5	(791,539)	(614,577)
Interest receivable and similar income	9	7,660	256
Interest payable and similar expenses	10	(191,460)	(194,384)
Loss before tax		(975,339)	(808,705)
Tax on loss	. 11	(116,723)	(407,740)
Loss for the financial year		(1,092,062)	(1,216,445)
Loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(1,092,062)	(1,216,445)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Loss for the financial year (1,092,062) (1,2	216,445)
Other comprehensive income	
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of tangible fixed assets 1,300,000 Deferred tax on revaluation (218,220)	435,690 -
Other comprehensive income for the year 1,081,780	435,690
Total comprehensive income for the year (10,282)	780,755)
(Loss) for the year attributable to:	
Owners of the parent company (1,092,062) (1,2	216,445)
(1,092,062) (1,2	216,445)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	
Owners of the parent company (10,282)	780,755)
(10,282)	780,755)

PROAV HOLDINGS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:08912755

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Note		2018 £		Restated 2017 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	13		2,610,479		5,220,958
Tangible assets	14		4,104,671		3,074,603
		•	6,715,150	•	8,295,561
Current assets					
Stocks	16	2,951,551		3,274,763	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	17	15,214,310		9,876,574	
Cash at bank and in hand	18	362,757		200,718	
		18,528,618		13,352,055	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(24,058,246)		(17,844,937)	
Net current liabilities			(5,529,628)		(4,492,882)
Total assets less current liabilities		•	1,185,522	•	3,802,679
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20		(525,780)		(2,289,049)
Deferred taxation	23	(161,417)		-	
			(161,417)		-
Net assets		•	498,325	- -	1,513,630
Capital and reserves		·		•	
Called up share capital	24		50,397		50,397
Share premium account	25		7,818,024		7,818,024
Revaluation reserve	25		1,517,470		435,690
Foreign exchange reserve	25		(5,023)		-
Profit and loss account	25	_	(8,882,543)	_	(6,790,481)
		-	498,325	-	1,513,630
		;		•	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

F Hazell Director

Date: 6.12.18

PROAV HOLDINGS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:08912755

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets	11010		_		_
Tangible assets	14		2,800,000		1,500,000
Investments	15		14,967,465		14,967,465
		-	17,767,465	•	16,467,465
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	17	13,218		13,218	
Cash at bank and in hand	18	939		939	
		14,157	-	14,157	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(7,618,224)		(5,914,224)	
Net current liabilities	,		(7,604,067)		(5,900,067)
Total assets less current liabilities			10,163,398	-	10,567,398
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20		(525,000)		(2,229,000)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	23	(218,220)		-	
	•		(218,220)		-
Net assets		-	9,420,178	-	8,338,398
Capital and reserves		:		:	
Called up share capital	24		50,397		50,397
Share premium account	25		7,818,024		7,818,024
Profit and loss account	25		1,551,757		469,977
		-	9,420,178	-	8,338,398
		:		:	

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Comprehensive Income in these financial statements. The company's profit for the year was £2,081,780 (2017 - £1,435,690).

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by

F Hazell Director

Date: 6.12.18

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Revaluation reserve £	Foreign exchange reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Equity attributable to owners of parent company	Total equity
At 26 April 2016	£ 50,397	7,818,024	Ł		(4,574,036)	3,294,385	£ 3,294,385
At 26 April 2016	50,397	7,818,024	•	•	(4,574,036)	3,294,365	3,294,389
Comprehensive income for the year							
Loss for the year	•	-	•	•	(1,216,445)	• • • • •	(1,216,445)
Surplus on revaluation of freehold property		-	435,690	-		435,690	435,690
Total comprehensive income for the year	•		435,690	-	(1,216,445)	(780,755)	(780,755)
Dividends: Equity capital	-	•	•	•	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Total transactions with owners	-	•	•	•	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
At 1 April 2017	50,397	7,818,024	435,690	•	(6,790,481)	1,513,630	1,513,630
Comprehensive income for the year							
Loss for the year	•	-	-	-	(1,092,062)	(1,092,062)	(1,092,062)
Surplus on revaluation of freehold property	•	-	1,300,000	-		1,300,000	1,300,000
Deferred tax	•	-	(218,220)	•	•	(218,220)	(218,220)
Total comprehensive income for the year		•	1,081,780		(1,092,062)	(10,282)	(10,282)
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	•	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Foreign exchange reserve movement	-	-	•	(5,023)	•	(5,023)	(5,023)
Total transactions with owners		•	•	(5,023)	(1,000,000)	(1,005,023)	(1,005,023)
At 31 March 2018	50,397	7,818,024	1,517,470	(5,023)	(8,882,543)	498,325	498,325
					=		

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account	Total equity £
At 26 April 2016	50,397	7,818,024	34,287	7,902,708
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year		-	1,435,690	1,435,690
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	-	1,435,690	1,435,690
Contributions by and distributions to owners				
Dividends: Equity capital	•	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
At 1 April 2017	50,397	7,818,024	469,977	8,338,398
Comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	<u> </u>	-	2,081,780	2,081,780
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	•	2,081,780	2,081,780
Contributions by and distributions to owners				
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
At 31 March 2018	50,397	7,818,024	1,551,757	9,420,178

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss for the financial year	(1,092,062)	(1,216,445)
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	2,610,479	2,610,479
Depreciation of tangible assets	459,046	<i>595,574</i>
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	(853)	1,348
Interest paid	192,361	194,384
Interest received	(8,561)	(256)
Taxation charge	116,723	407,740
(Increase) in stocks	(204,387)	(742,249)
(Increase) in debtors	(4,873,061)	(2,468,255)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	2,484,126	(101,840)
Corporation tax (paid)	(233,292)	(149,320)
Foreign exchange	(5,023)	-
Net cash generated from operating activities	(554,504)	(868,840)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(189,116)	(134,204)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	855	256
Interest received	8,561	-
HP interest paid	(5,739)	(10,944)
Net cash from investing activities	(185,439)	(144,892)

CONSOLIDATED ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of loans	(146,363)	(143,524)
Repayment of other loans	(48,605)	(113,994)
Dividends paid	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Movement on invoice discounting	2,770,405	1,284,470
Interest paid	(182 <u>,</u> 622)	(183,440)
Net cash used in financing activities	1,392,815	(156,488)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	652,872	(1,170,220)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(290,115)	880,105
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	362,757	(290,115)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	362,757	200,718
Bank overdrafts	-	(490,833)
	362,757	(290,115)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

1. General information

proAV Holdings Limited is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office which is the same as its principal place of business is disclosed on the Company Information page.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgement in applying the Group accounting policies (see note 3).

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of group and its own subsidiaries ("the group") as they formed a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Statement of Financial Position, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Income Statement from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the group's share of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Income Statement over its useful economic life.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed five years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Goodwill - 5 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property

Improvements to premises

Motor vehicles Fixtures and fittings

Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment - Over 50 years

- Over the term of the lease

- 33.3% p.a. straight line

- Over the term of the lease/30% p.a. straight line

- 30% p.a. straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement.

2.6 Revaluation of tangible fixed assets

Individual freehold and leasehold properties are carried at current year value at fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are undertaken with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Fair values are determined from market based evidence by the directors with reference to contacts in the property market.

Revaluation gains and losses are recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement by the company who holds the property as an investment property.

During the year the Group changed it's accounting policy to carry the freehold property at valuation, this has been retrospectively applied to the prior year resulting in an increase in fixed assets in the prior year of £435,690.

2.7 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.10 Leased assets: the Group as lessee

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the Consolidated Income Statement so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.11 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Consolidated Income Statement when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

2.12 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Consolidated Income Statement in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits;
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met; and
- Where they relate to timing differences in respect of interests in subsidiaries, associates, branches and joint ventures and the Group can control the reversal of the timing differences and such reversal is not considered probable in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

The group did not make any significant judgements (apart from those involving estimations which are detailed below) that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

The group makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience.

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are re-assessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets. See note 12 for the carrying amount of the property plant and equipment. The directors also make an estimate over the fair value of the property.

There were no other key sources of estimation uncertainty.

4. Turnover

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Audio visual income	48,168,510	40,510,827
Facilities management income	12,383,685	12,747,851
	60,552,195	53,258,678
Analysis of turnover by country of destination:		
•	2018 £	2017 £
United Kingdom	51,797,221	48,585 <u>,</u> 089
Rest of the world	8,754,974	4,673,589
	60,552,195	53,258,678

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

5.	Operating loss		
	The operating loss is stated after charging:		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	459,046	595,574
	Amortisation of intangible assets, including goodwill	2,610,479	2,610,479
	Exchange differences	(38,647)	(67,740)
	Defined contribution pension cost	437,112	335,115
6.	Auditors' remuneration		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Group's annual accounts	4,000	3,500
		4,000	3,500
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates in respect of:		
	Tax compliance	43,203	38,338
	Audit of subsidiary company	18,000	16,600
	Preparation of accounts	3,500	3,500
		64,703	58,438
		=	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

7. Employees

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Wages and salaries	14,203,203	12,869,037	-	_
Social security costs	1,561,227	1,421,762	-	-
Cost of defined contribution scheme	437,602	335,115	•	-
	16,202,032	14,625,914	-	
The average monthly number of employees, i	including the directors, o	during the year wa	as as follows:	
			2018 No.	2017 No.
Directors			3	3
Audio Visual			123	123
Facilities management			165	165
Operations			32	16

8. Directors' remuneration

	2018 £	2017 £
Directors' emoluments	502,649	500,633
Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	51,648	11,250
	554,297	511,883

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 3 directors (2017 - 3) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £204,067 (2017 - £204,077).

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £nil (2017 - £6,000).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

9.	Interest receivable		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other interest receivable	7,660	256
	•	7,660	256
10.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
	,	2018 £	2017 £
	Other loan interest payable	185,721	183,440
	Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	5,739	10,944
		191,460	194,384
11.	Taxation		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profits for the year	366,415	393,737
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(255,813)	-
	Total current tax	110,602	393,737
	Deferred tax	 	
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	6,121	14,003
	Total deferred tax	6,121	14,003

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

11. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2017 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 20%). The differences are explained below:

2018 £	2017 £
(975,339)	(808,705)
(185,314)	(161,741)
50,286	4,929
505,283	577,070
(255,813)	-
2,281	(10,000)
-	(2,518)
116,723	407,740
	£ (975,339) = (185,314) = 50,286

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

12. Dividends

	2018 £	2017 £
Equity dividends payable on ordinary A shares	800,000	800,000
Equity dividends payable on ordinary B shares	200,000	200,000
•	1,000,000	1,000,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

13. Intangible assets

Group

·	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 April 2017	13,052,395
At 31 March 2018	13,052,395
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2017	7,831,437
Charge for the year	2,610,479
At 31 March 2018	10,441,916
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	2,610,479
At 31 March 2017	5,220,958

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

14. Tangible fixed assets

Group

	Freehold property £	Long-term leasehold property £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation						
At 1 April 2017 (as restated)	1,500,000	3,092,910	31,884	1,942,813	881,517	7,449,124
Additions	•	-	31,397	19,114	138,605	189,116
Disposals	•	-	-	•	(534)	(534)
Revaluations	1,300,000	-	•	-	-	1,300,000
At 31 March 2018	2,800,000	3,092,910	63,281	1,961,927	1,019,588	8,937,706
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2017	•	1,899,574	15,941	1,765,438	693,570	4,374,523
Charge for the year on owned assets	•	260,134	•	50,196	98,224	408,554
Charge for the year on financed assets	-	•	10,628	18,164	21,700	50,492
Disposals	•	-	•	-	(534)	(534)
At 31 March 2018	-	2,159,708	26,569	1,833,798	812,960	4,833,035
Net book value						
At 31 March 2018	2,800,000	933,202	36,712	128,129	206,628	4,104,671
At 31 March 2017	1,500,000	1,193,336	15,943	177,375	187,947	3,074,601

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

14. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

The net book value of land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:

			2018 £	2017 £
Freehold	1		2,800,000	1,500,000
Long leasehold			933,202	1,193,335
	•		3,733,202	2,693,335

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
ferror compared to be a solved a source of	40 607	42 774
Improvements to leasehold property Motor vehicles	10,697 5,314	13,774 15,942
Furniture, fittings and equipment	61,608	76,695
Computer equipment	19,154	40,853
	96,773	147,264

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

14. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Company

	Freehold investment property £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2017	1,500,000
Revaluations	1,300,000
At 31 March 2018	2,800,000
At 31 March 2018	
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	2,800,000
At 31 March 2017	1,500,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

15. Fixed asset investments

Company

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company:

Ma	`	Class of	11.1.1	Data stard and starter
Name		shares	Holding	Principal activity
proAV Limited		Ordinary	100 %	Audio visual systems
proAV International Limited		Ordinary	100 %	Dormant
proAV.com Limited		Ordinary	100 %	Dormant
proFM Limited		Ordinary	100 %	Dormant
proVC Limited		Ordinary	100 %	Dormant
proAV (Germany) GmbH		Ordinary	100 %	Audio visual systems

The country of incorporation for all subsidiaries, except proAV (Germany) GmbH is England. The country of incorporation for proAV (Germany) GmbH is Germany.

The registered office address for all subsidaries, except proAV (Germany) GmbH is proAV House, Omega Way, Egham, Surrey, TW20 8RD.

The registered office for proAV (Germany) GmbH is Hanauer Landstraße 291b, 60314, Frankfurt am Main, Germany.

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2017	14,967,465
At 31 March 2018	14,967,465
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	14,967,465
At 31 March 2017	14,967,465

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

16. Stocks

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 , £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	2,951,551	3,274,763	-	-
	2,951,551	3,274,763	•	•

The difference between purchase price or production cost of stocks and their replacement cost is not material.

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £39,025,134 (2017 - £33,613,262).

17. Debtors

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Trade debtors	12,835,310	8,995,501	-	-
Other debtors	76,026	52,672	13,218	13,218
Prepayments and accrued income	2,302,974	765,477	-	-
Deferred taxation	•	62,924	-	•
	15,214,310	9,876,574	13,218	13,218

18. Cash and cash equivalents

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Cash at bank and in hand	362,757	200,718	939	939
Less: bank overdrafts	-	(490,833)	•	-
	362,757	(290,115)	939	939

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

19. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2018	Group 2017	Company 2018	Company 2017
	£	£	£	£
Bank overdrafts	-	490,833	-	-
Bank toans	38,044	150,512	-	-
Trade creditors	8,439,092	5,360,638	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	-	6,568,224	4,882,224
Corporation tax	366,415	489,105	-	-
Other taxation and social security	1,417,620	1,404,078	-	-
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase				
contracts	39,583	58,814	-	-
Other creditors	7,036,865	4,225,398	1,050,000	1,032,000
Accruals and deferred income	6,720,627	5,665,559	-	-
	24,058,246	17,844,937	7,618,224	5,914,224

Included within other creditors is an amount of £6,013,803 (2017 - £3,243,398) which relates to factored debts on which there is recourse to proAV Limited.

20. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Bank loans	•	33,895	-	-
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	780	26,154	•	
Other creditors	525,000	2,229,000	525,000	2,229,000
	525,780	2,289,049	525,000	2,229,000

Secured loans

Included within bank loans, overdrafts, factored debts and hire purchase agreements are amounts owed to Barclays Bank Plc who hold fixed and floating charges secured on the assets of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

21.	Hire	purchase	and	finance	leases
	11116	pulvilase	aiiu	Illiance	160363

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Within one year	39,583	58,814
Between 1-5 years	780	26,155
	40,363	84,969

Group

Group

22. Financial instruments

Financial instruments				
	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Financial assets				
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	12,911,121	9,048,173	13,218	13,218
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	16,072,859	12,575,244	8,329,846	8,143,224

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors, other debtors and accrued income.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise bank overdrafts, bank loans, trade creditors, hire purchase, accruals and other creditors.

23. Deferred taxation

Group

• •	2018 £	2017 £
At beginning of year	62,924	76,927
Charged to profit or loss	(6,121)	(14,003)
Charged to other comprehensive income	(218,220)	-
At end of year	(161,417)	62,924
	 =	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

23. Deferred taxation (continued)

2018 £	2017 £	Company 2018 £
47,962	56,124	-
8,841	6,800	-
(218,220)	-	(218,220)
(161,417)	62,924	(218,220)
	8,841 (218,220)	8,841 6,800 (218,220) -

24. Share capital

	2018	2017
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
40,318 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	40,318	40,318
10,079 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	10,079	10,079
	50,397	50,397
	=======================================	

All shares rank equally in terms of voting rights, dividend and capital distribution and do not confer any rights of redemptions.

25. Reserves

Share premium account

This reserve records the amount above the nominal value received for shares sold, less transactions costs.

Revaluation reserve

This reserve records the value of asset revaluations and fair value movements on assets recognised in other comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange reserve

This reserve records foreign exchange variances on consolidation of an overseas subsidiary.

Profit and loss account

This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

26. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £407,507 (2017 - £335,114).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

27. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2018 the Group and the company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Group 2018	Group 2017
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	243,017	244,219
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	742,800	798,026
Later than 5 years	76,644	170,630
	1,062,461	1,212,875

All of the above amounts relate to land and buildings.

Amounts charged to the income statement during the year were £247,470 (2017 - £255,549).

28. Related party transactions

At the balance sheet date, the company owed the directors £150,000 (2017 - £354,000).

During the period, the group declared dividends of £1,000,000 (2017 - £1,000,000).

29. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is the director R Brookes.