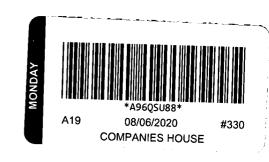
# SKYKOMISH LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

# REGISTER'S COPY OF ACCOUNTS

Cavendish
Chartered Certified Accountants
68 Grafton Way
London
W1T 5DS

Ref: 6423



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## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 AUGUST 2019

	2019		2019	
Notes	£	£	£	£
_	0.504.000			
2	3,524,286		3,524,286	
•	(2 EEO 62E)		(2 544 455)	
3	(3,339,633)		(3,541,155)	
	<del></del>	(35,349)	<del></del>	(16,869)
4		1		1
		(35,350)	•	(16,870)
		(35,349)		(16,869)
	2	Notes £  2 3,524,286  3 (3,559,635)	Notes £ £  2 3,524,286 3 (3,559,635)	Notes £ £ £  2 3,524,286 3,524,286 3 (3,559,635) (3,541,155)  (35,349)  1 (35,350)

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial period ended 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 22 May 2020

M C Tellwright

Luca Till \_ my.

Director

Company Registration No. 08909875

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019

Share capital £	Profit and loss reserves £	Total £
. 1	(5,817)	(5,816)
	(11,053)	(11,053)
1	(16,870)	(16,869)
-	(18,480)	(18,480)
1	(35,350)	(35,349)
	capital £	capital loss reserves £ £  1 (5,817)  - (11,053) - (16,870)  - (18,480)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Skykomish Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 68 Grafton Way, London, W1T 5DS.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

As at 31 August 2019, the company had net liabilities of £35,349. The directors and the shareholder, Hartwill Limited, have confirmed that they will continue to provide ongoing financial support to enable the company to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due for the foreseeable future. On this basis the financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be required if ongoing financial support was withdrawn.

#### 1.3 Reporting period

The financial statements are presented for a period of less than one year as the accounting reference date has been changed to bring it in line with that of the parent company. For this reason, that comparative amounts presented in the financial statements (including the related notes) are not entirely comparable.

#### 1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 2 Debtors

		2019	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	3,524,286	3,524,286
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2019 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,556,982	3,539,702
	Other creditors	2,653	1,453
		3,559,635	3,541,155
4	Called up share capital		
		2019	2019
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	1	1
	1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	'
		1	1

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019

5	Related party transactions		
	The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:		
	Amounts due to related parties	2019 £	2019 £
	Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the company	3,556,982	3,539,702