Registered number: 08866941

CHECK4CANCER LTD

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022





COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors L Lander

L Mills

G Wishart

Registered number

08866941

Registered office Lower Court 3-4 Copley Hill Business Park

Cambridge Road

Cambridge CB22 3GN

Accountants Lakin Rose Limited

Chartered Accountants Pioneer House

Pioneer Hous Vision Park Histon Cambridge CB24 9NL

CHECK4CANCER LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 08866941

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 · £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		14,130		35,016
Tangible assets	5		56,652		74,658
Investments	6		3		3
			70,785		109,677
Current assets			•		
Stocks		7,777		29,044	
Debtors	7	517,642		500,765	
Cash at bank and in hand		919,846		1,894,145	
		1,445,265		 2,423,954	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,103,847)		(2,295,906)	
Net current assets			341,418		128,048
Total assets less current liabilities			412,203		
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(76,389)		(123,056,
Net assets			335,814		114,669
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			435		435
Share premium account			1,874,768		1,874,768
Profit and loss account			(1,539,389)		(1,760,534)
			335,814		114,669

CHECK4CANCER LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 08866941

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

28 September 2023

Lorraine Lander

L Lander

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is Lower Court 3-4 Copley Hill Business Park, Cambridge Road, Cambridge, CB22 3GN.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis to the statement of income and retained earnings over its useful economic life.

Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

... The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Patents - 5 years
Goodwill - 20 years
Website - 3 years

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

2.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.7 Interest payable

Interest payable on loans is recognised on an accruals basis. Where relevant, payable amounts are discounted to present value at a market rate of interest and the discount is unwound to the due date for payment.

2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.9 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 53 (2021 - 48).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

4. Intangible assets

	Patents £	Website £	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2022	105,125	155,525	25,690	286,340
At 31 December 2022	105,125	155,525	25,690	286,340
Amortisation		,		
At 1 January 2022	105,125	135,925	10,274	251,324
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	19,600	1,286	20,886
At 31 December 2022	105,125	155,525	11,560	272,210
Net book value				
At 31 December 2022		<u> </u>	14,130	14,130
At 31 December 2021	-	19,600	15,416	35,016

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5.	Tangible fixed assets	
		Plant and machinery £
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 January 2022	190,892
	Additions	17,931
	At 31 December 2022	208,823
	Depreciation	
	At 1 January 2022	116,234
	Charge for the year on owned assets	35,937
	Ç ,	
	At 31 December 2022	152,171
		
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2022	56,652
	At 31 December 2021	74,658
6.	Fixed asset investments	
		Investments
		in
		subsidiary companies
		£
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 January 2022	3
	At 31 December 2022	3
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2022	3
	At 31 December 2021	3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

7.	Debtors		-
		2022 £	2021 £
	Due after more than one year	L .	L
	Other debtors	7,000	7,000
		7,000	7,000
	Due within one year	7,000	7,000
	Trade debtors	135,477	240,159
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	228,791	183,205
	Other debtors	737	2,647
	Prepayments and accrued income	145,637	67,754
		517,642	500,765
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans	10,000	10,000
	Other loans	36,667	36,667
	Trade creditors	254,121	590,364
	Other taxation and social security	57,287	81,474
	Other creditors	104,224	153,737
	Accruals and deferred income	641,548	1,423,664
		1,103,847	2,295,906
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans	27,500	37,500
	Other loans	48,889	85,556
		76,389	123,056

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

10. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Bank loans	10,000	10,000
Other loans	36,667	36,667
Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
Bank loans	10,000	10,000
Other loans	48,889	73,333
Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
Bank loans	17,500	27,500
Other loans	-	12,223
	123,056	169,723

Secured Loans

Loans totalling £48,889 (2021 - £85,556) are secured by means of fixed and floating charges over the assets of the company.

11. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2022 the company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2022 £	2021 £
Not later than 1 year	45,600	45,600
	45,600	45,600

12. Related party transactions

During the year, the company recharged expenses of £ 45,586 to a subsidiary company (2021 - the company was recharged expenses of £ 10,868 by a subsidiary company). The balance with the subsidiary company at the year end was £ 228,791 (2021 - £ 183,205) included within debtors due within one year. This balance is interest free and repayable on demand.