# STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 FOR EXNESS EUROPE LIMITED

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## COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

DIRECTORS: P A Valov

D R Morris

REGISTERED OFFICE: 55 Old Broad Street

London EC2M 1RX

BUSINESS ADDRESS: 55 Old Broad Street

London EX2M 1RX

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 08861481 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: AGK Partners

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

1 Kings Avenue

London N21 3NA

## STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The principal activity of Exness Europe Limited ("the Company") is that of the provision of investments services in relation to foreign exchange and contracts for difference ("CFDs").

The company is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority("FCA").

The company made an application to the FCA in December 2015 to become a regulated firm offering CFDs. The company became authorised and regulated by the FCA on the 1st September 2016 as an IFPRU €125k firm.

In the latter half of 2016 and in a response to communications from the regulator to the industry in general, the firms board made the decision to apply to become a full scope IFPRU €730k firm. While a change in prudential category has been requested, the main business of the company will not be changing from the current model, with the exception of the firm, once authorised, being able to take own account positions as a principal firm without the matched limitation.

The company expects to launch operations no later than September 2017.

At this stage, there are no relevant KPIs to report.

#### **PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The principal risks affecting the business are regulatory, operational and technological. The Directors mitigate these risks through stringent controls and processes. The firm is capitalised comfortably in excess of regulatory Capital requirements and having not commenced operations, is well placed to adjust to any changes in the regulatory landscape that may effect systems or other business requirements.

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENT**

The Company has a strong balance sheet and with its global coverage of clients within the group and technological expertise, the board is confident the business can react decisively and positively to any changes imposed by the regulators to the industry.

The board's decision in December to apply to become a full scope IFPRU €730k firm will allow the firm, on approval, to increase the margin of profit from client trading.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

24 April 2017

Daniel	
D R Morris - Director	<u> </u>

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### DIRECTORS

P A Valov has held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2016 to the date of this report.

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

A F Gibbins - resigned 31 December 2016 D R Morris - appointed 1 March 2016

#### **DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT**

Information relating to the following areas have been disclosed in the strategic report:

- Review of the business
- Principal activities of the company

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

#### **AUDITORS**

24 April 2017

The auditors, AGK Partners, have signified their willingness to continue in office as auditors.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Dames	
D R Morris - Director	

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF EXNESS EUROPE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Exness Europe Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 on pages five to thirteen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements in addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Other matter

In the previous accounting period the directors of the company took advantage of audit exemption under s477 of the Companies Act. Therefore, the prior period financial statements were not subject to audit.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Michael David Marcus (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of AGK Partners

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors
1 Kings Avenue

London N21 3NA

24 April 2017

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
REVENUE		-	+
Administrative expenses Other income	3	(402,224) 54,630	(85,923)
Other losses	5	(551)	(60)
OPERATING LOSS and LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(348,145)	(85,983)
Income tax expense	6	-	-
LOSS AND TOTAL COMPREHEN	SIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	(348,145)	(85,983)

#### EXNESS EUROPE LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 08861481)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
CURRENT ASSETS	140103	-	-
Other receivables	7	81,080	1,177
Cash and bank balances	11	2,279.709	1,494
		2,360,789	2,671
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payables	8	(98,444)	<u>(7,095)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILIT	TIES)	2,262,345	(4,424)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	LIABILITIES	2,262,345	(4,424)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	9	2,748,014	133,100
Accumulated losses	10	(485,669)	(137,524)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		2,262,345	(4,424)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 24 April 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Daniel	•
D R Mords - Director	x

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Note	Called up share capital £	Accumulated losses £	l Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2015		100	(51,541)	(51,441)
Comprehensive loss Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	10		(85,983)	(85,983)
Transaction with owners Issue of share capital	9	133,000	· •	133,000
Balance at 31 December 2015		133,100	(137,524)	(4,424)
Comprehensive loss Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	10	-	(348,145)	(348,145)
Transaction with owners Issue of share capital	9	2,614,914	<b>*</b> •	2,614,914
Balance at 31 December 2016		2,748,014	(485,669)	2,262,345

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016	2015
	Note	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Loss before income tax		(348,145)	(85,983)
Changes in working capital: Other receivables Other payables		(79,903) 91,349	(859) (44,664)
			<u></u>
Cash used in operations		(336,699)	(131,506)
Income tax paid			
Net cash used in operating activities		(336,699)	(131,506)
	•		
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from share issue	9	2,614,914	133,000
Net Cash generated from financing activities	es	2;614,914	133,000
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,278,215	1,494
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	11	1,494	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		2,279,709	1,494

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Exness Europe Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The Financial Statements of the company are presented in its functional currency, Sterling, on the basis that this represents the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates.

This is the first year in which the Financial Statements have been prepared under FRS 102. The transition to FRS 102 is explained in the note below.

#### Transition to FRS 102

The company transitioned to FRS 102 from previously applicable UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice for the period beginning 1 January 2015. No adjustments have been made at either the transition date or for the year ended 31 December 2015.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the statement of financial position date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of Exness Europe Limited ("the Company") is that of the provision of investments services in relation to foreign exchange and contracts for difference ("CFDs").

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's balance sheet at their fair value when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. They are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each balance sheet date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Cash and bank balances

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and other short-term highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and bank overdrafts

#### Going concern

The directors have reasonable expectation that on the basis of the financial support from its parent company, the company can continue to be in operational existence for the foreseeable future and to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### Other receivables

Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Other payables

Other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3. **EXPENSES BY NATURE**

	2016	2015
•	£	£
Rent paid	21,165	2,942
Insurance	1,835	-
Director's salaries	147,000	17,000
Wages	81,795	-
Social security	23,930	-
Telephone	473	-
Post and stationery	1,44	-
Advertising	360	-
Travelling	1,040	1,634
Recruitment fees	47,600	-
Computer expenses	21,630	7,800
Sundry expenses	620	4
Legal and professional	43,374	53,487
Auditors remuneration	2,000	-
Auditors remuneration for non-audit work	6,540	2,640
Bank charges	2,718	416
	402,224	85,923

The total fees charged by the Company's statutory auditor for the year ended 31 December 2016 for other non-assurance services amounted to £6,540 (2015: £2,640).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4.	STAFF COSTS		
	,	2016	2015
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	228,795	17,000
	Social security costs	23,930	
	·	<del></del>	
		252,725	17,000
	The average monthly number of employees and directors paid during the year was as	follows:	
	The average monthly humber of employees and directors paid during the year was as	2016	2015
		2010	2013
	Management	2	1
	Management	2	.—-
5.	OTHER LOSSES		
J.	OTHER E033E3		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Foreign exchange differences	551	<b>~</b> 60
	r oreign exertainge differences		
6.	TAXATION		
0.	TAXATION .		
	Analysis of the tax charge  No liability to UK corporation tax arose for the year ended 31 December 2	016 nor for th	e year ended
	31 December 2015.		
	Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss  The tax on the Company's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that tax rates as follows:	would arise using	the applicable
	tax rates as follows.	2016	2015
		£ .	£
	Loss before tax		-
	LOSS DEIDIE LAX	<u>(348,145)</u>	<u>(85,983</u> )
	Land and Marked has the advantaged and a financial front at the LUX of COOK (COAF)	(00.000)	(47.407)
	Loss multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 -	(69,629)	(17,197)
	20%)		
	The standards		
	Effects of:		
	Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	. ÷
	Tax effect of allowances and income not subject to tax	-	
	Tax effect of tax losses brought forward	69,629	17,197
	Special contribution for defence	<del></del>	
	Totalia cabana		
	Total tax charge		-
_			
7.	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Amount owed by group undertakings	54,630	-
	Other receivables	7,558	-
	Prepayments	<u>18,892</u>	<u>1,177</u>
			<del></del>
		81,080	<u>1,177</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8.	OTHER PAYA	BLES		2016	2015
	Other payables Social security a Payable to relat Accrued expens	ed party (Note 12)		£ 27,362 33,355 32,607 _5,120	296 6,799
				98,444	7,095
9.	CALLED UP SH	ARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued Number: 2,748,014	and fully paid: Class: Ordinary	Nominal value: 1.00	2016 £ 2,748,014	2015 £ _133,100
	During the year cash.	under review 2,614,914 (20	015: 133,000) Ordinary shares of £1 ea	<u> </u>	
10.	ACCUMULATE	D LOSSES			
		·			Accumulated Losses £
	At 1 January 20 Deficit for the year				(137,524) (348,145)
	At 31 December	r 2016			(485,669)
11.	CASH AND BA	NK BALANCES			
	Cash at bank ar	nd in hand		2016 £ 2,279,709	2015 £ 1,494
	Cash and bank	balances include the following	ng for the purposes of the cash flow sta	itement:	
				2016 £	2015 £
	Cash and bank	balances		2,279,709	1,494

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company is controlled by Exness Global Limited, incorporated in Cyprus, which owns 100% of the Company's shares. The financial statements of Exness Global Limited and its subsidiary companies, which include the results of the company, can be obtained from Siafi, 1, Porto Bello, Flat 401 3042, Limassol, Cyprus.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

#### i.Directors remuneration

The total remuneration of the Directors (which equals the key management personnel compensation) was as follows:

Directors' remuneration	2016 £ <u>147.000</u>	2015 £ <u>17,000</u>
ii.Year-end balances		
Receivable from related party	2016 £ 54,630	2015 £
receivable non-related party	<del></del>	<del></del>
Payable to related party	32,607	296

#### 13. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There have been no events after the balance sheet date that require amendment to the financial statements or additional disclosure in them.