Balmoral Mossman Limited
Information for Filing with the Registrar
28 February 2017

\*A6JV62YH\*
A22 24/11/2017 #248
COMPANIES HOUSE

## **Financial statements**

# year ended 28 February 2017

Contents	Pag
Statement of financial position	1
Notes to the financial statements	3

## Statement of financial position

## 28 February 2017

		2017		2016	
	Note	£	£.	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		3,505		4,772
Current assets					
Debtors	6	-		3,700	
Cash at bank and in hand		41,524		31,290	
		41,524		34,990	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	7	(5,583)		(4,380)	
Net current assets			35,941		30,610
Total assets less current liabilities			39,446		35,382
Net assets			39,446		35,382
C. Malandara					
Capital and reserves			2		2
Called up share capital Profit and loss account			39,444		35,380
r total and loss account			<del></del>		
Shareholders funds			39,446		35,382

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 28 February 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

## Statement of financial position (continued)

# 28 February 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 November 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Kamaluddin Director

Company registration number: 08844895

## Notes to the financial statements

## year ended 28 February 2017

#### 1. General information

The principle activity of the company is the provision of management consultancy services.

The company is a private limited company, which is incorporated in England and Wales (no. 08844895). The address of the registered office is Gresham House, 5-7 St Paul's Street, Leeds, LS1 2JG.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

## 3. Accounting policies

## **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 March 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 8.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the date of the statement of financial position and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. Details of these judgements are set out in the accounting policies.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

#### Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

## year ended 28 February 2017

## 3. Accounting policies (continued)

## Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

33% straight line

Office Equipment

33% straight line

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided.

## 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

## 5. Tangible assets

		Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 March 2016 Additions	8,800 -	3,747 3,338	12,547 3,338
	At 28 February 2017	8,800	7,085	15,885
	Depreciation At 1 March 2016 Charge for the year At 28 February 2017	5,867 2,933 8,800	1,908 1,672 3,580	7,775 4,605 12,380
	Carrying amount At 28 February 2017	_	3,505	3,505
	At 29 February 2016	2,933	1,839	4,772
6.	Debtors			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Other debtors		<del>-</del>	3,700
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2017 £	2016 £
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes Other creditors		2,700 196 2,687 5,583	168 4,212 4,380

## 8. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 March 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.