Registration number: 08836059

Bygrave & Ellwood Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

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(Registration number: 08836059) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	13,700	15,357
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	192,562	104,607
Cash at bank and in hand	_	156,861	174,905
		349,423	279,512
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(149,101)	(134,961)
Net current assets	_	200,322	144,551
Net assets	_	214,022	159,908
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account	_	213,922	159,808
Total equity	_	214,022	159,908

For the financial year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 March 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

M J Bell		
Director		

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 24 Latimer Road
Headington
Oxford
OX3 7PF
United Kingdom

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £1.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. Turnover includes the fair value of work in progress at the year end which has not been billed at the year end

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles

33% straight line 25% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2018 - 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and			
	equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £	
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2019	1,237	28,525	29,762	
Additions		7,300	7,300	
At 31 December 2019	1,237	35,825	37,062	
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2019	1,236	13,169	14,405	
Charge for the year	1_	8,956	8,957	
At 31 December 2019	1,237	22,125	23,362	
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2019		13,700	13,700	
At 31 December 2018	1	15,356	15,357	

5 Debtors

		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Loans to related parties	<u>9</u>	10,000	-
Other debtors		182,562	104,607
		192,562	104,607

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

6 Creditors

Creditors:	amounts	falling	due	within	one vea	ır
CIEUILUIS.	amounts	Iaiiiiw	uuc	AAICIIII	Olic Aca	41

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year			
Taxation and social security		68,357	71,386
Other creditors		80,744	63,575
		149,101	134,961

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

8 Dividends

	2019	2018
	£	£
Interim dividend of £1,934 (2018 - £930) per ordinary share	193,400	93,000

9 Related party transactions

Loans to related parties

During the year, the company loaned money amounting to £10,000 to a separate company owned by the directors.

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