RE	CISTERED	NUMBER:	08765960	(England and	Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021 FOR

HOWARD BUILDERS (SOUTHPORT) LIMITED

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for the year ended 30 November 2021

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HOWARD BUILDERS (SOUTHPORT) LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

for the year ended 30 November 2021

DIRECTORS: P HOWARD

Mrs K P Howard

REGISTERED OFFICE: 3 Tarleton Office Park

Windgate Tarleton Preston PR4 6JF

REGISTERED NUMBER: 08765960 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Hayes & Co

Chartered Accountants St Andrews House

11 Dalton Ct,Commercial Rd Blackburn Interchange

Darwen Lancashire

BB3 0DG

BALANCE SHEET 30 November 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		11,117		14,308
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	4,838		-	
Cash at bank		79,631_		102,535	
		84,469		102,535	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	45,778		40,342	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			38,691_		62,193
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			49,808		76,501
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,142		1,535
NET ASSETS			48,666		74,966
NEI ASSEIS			46,000		74,900
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2		2
Retained earnings			48,664		74,964
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			48,666		74,966

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 November 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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BALANCE SHEET - continued 30 November 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 31 August 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

P HOWARD - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 November 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Howard Builders (Southport) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ('frs 102') and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting polices, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience that the directors have and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period to which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 November 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of section 11' Basic Financial Instruments' and section 12 'Other Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial Instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade receivable, cash and bank balances and loans to fellow group companies are initially recorded at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market value rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

The company has no financial instruments that are classified as other financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through the income statement, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result if one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an assets is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the income statement

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the income statement.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, loans from fellow group companies that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 November 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

The company has no financial instruments that are classified as other financial liabilities.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Employee benefits

The costs of short- term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

Cash & cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with bank

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 November 2021

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2020 - 1).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 December 2020			
	and 30 November 2021	<u>8,521</u>	<u>36,596</u>	<u>45,117</u>
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 December 2020	3,633	27,176	30,809
	Charge for year	836	2,355	3,191
	At 30 November 2021	4,469	29,531	34,000
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 30 November 2021	4,052	7,065	11,117
	At 30 November 2020	4,888	9,420	14,308
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2021	2020
			£	£
	Other debtors		<u>4,838</u>	
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2021	2020
			£	£
	Trade creditors		184	1,317
	Tax		-	1,921
	Social security and other taxes		-	580
	Directors' current accounts		44,154	35,324
	Accrued expenses		1,440	1,200
	•		45,778	40,342

7. **ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY**

The ultimate controlling party is Mr P & Mrs K Howard.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.