**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08760458** 

# **TOPLAND HOTELS (NO.13) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 31 MAY 2018

COMPANIES HOUSE

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year ended 31 May 2018

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### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## Year ended 31 May 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 May 2018.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr M S Kingston Mr S Zakay Mr L J Benjamin Mr S L G Wilson

## **Directors' responsibilities statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **Auditor**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

## **Small company provisions**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT** (continued)

Year ended 31 May 2018

by:

Mrs C Moharm Company Secretary



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOPLAND HOTELS (NO.13) LIMITED

## Year ended 31 May 2018

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Topland Hotels (No.13) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 May 2018 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2018 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Conclusions relating to going concern**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOPLAND HOTELS (NO.13) LIMITED (continued)

## Year ended 31 May 2018

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
  regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from
  the requirement to prepare a strategic report.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOPLAND HOTELS (NO.13) LIMITED (continued)

## Year ended 31 May 2018

### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TOPLAND HOTELS (NO.13) LIMITED (continued)

## Year ended 31 May 2018

timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Use of our report

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This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

**Simon Tee (Senior Statutory Auditor)** 

For and on behalf of
Kilsby & Williams LLP
Chartered Accountants & statutory auditor
Cedar House
Hazell Drive
Newport
South Wales

## **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

## Year ended 31 May 2018

r e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Administrative expenses		(373)	(531)
OPERATING LOSS		(373)	(531)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(373)	(531)
Taxation on ordinary activities		_	_
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		(373)	(531)
RETAINED LOSSES AT THE START OF THE YEAR		(2,949)	(2,418)
RETAINED LOSSES AT THE END OF THE YEAR		(3,322)	(2,949)

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## 31 May 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
FIXED ASSETS Investments	4	85,001	85,001
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	5	1,000	1,000
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	6	(88,323)	(87,950)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(87,323)	(86,950)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(2,322)	(1,949)
NET LIABILITIES		(2,322)	(1,949)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•	
Called up share capital Profit and loss account		1,000 (3,322)	1,000 (2,949)
SHAREHOLDERS DEFICIT		(2,322)	(1,949)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Mr S Zakay Director

Company registration number: 08760458

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Year ended 31 May 2018

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU, United Kingdom.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") as amended by Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to small companies.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The financial statements show that the company made a (profit)/loss of £373 in the period. At the balance sheet date the company had net liabilities of £2,322. The directors have therefore had to consider the appropriateness of the going concern basis.

The company has been able to finance its operations largely because of the support from group companies. The directors are satisfied that with their support the company should be able to meet its obligations.

On the basis of the above, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### **Investments**

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (continued)

## Year ended 31 May 2018

## 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

#### 4. INVESTMENTS

	Shares in		
	group Loans to group		
	undertakings	undertakings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 June 2017 and 31 May 2018	1	85,000	85,001
·	E/A-MIX		
Impairment			
At 1 June 2017 and 31 May 2018	-	_	_
	<del></del>	<del></del>	
Carrying amount			
At 31 May 2018	1	85,000	85,001
At 31 1-lay 2010		03,000	
At 31 May 2017	1	85,000	85,001
•			

The group company owing £85,000 currently has insufficient reserves to repay the debt. However the directors have taken a long term view that the group company will be able to meet this debt repayment.

## 5. **DEBTORS**

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other debtors	1,000	1,000

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (continued)

## Year ended 31 May 2018

## 6. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the		
company has a participating interest	87,419	87,419
Other creditors	904	531
	88,323	87,950

#### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned within the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same wholly owned group.

## 8. CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the directors, the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Topland Group Holdings International Limited, a company registered in the British Virgin Islands.

The immediate parent undertaking is Browngrove Properties Limited, a company registered in Gibraltar.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of this company are consolidated is that headed by Topland Group Holdings Limited, a company registered in the British Virgin Islands.