Registered number: 08760315

Wincelle Solar Holdings Limited
Unaudited
Directors' report and financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2021



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Company information

Directors L G Halstead

H P Manisty T J Rosser

Company secretary Octopus Company Secretarial Services Limited

Registered number 08760315

Registered office 6th Floor

33 Holborn London England EC1N 2HT

Directors' report

for the year ended 30 June 2021

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity is that of a holding company.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise indicated, are given below:

L G Halstead (appointed 15 January 2021)

P S Latham (resigned 15 January 2021)

HP Manisty (appointed 15 January 2021)

TJ Rosser

K A Shenton (resigned 15 January 2021)

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the effects of COVID-19 on the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and determined that based on recent trading of the company and revised projections, the pandemic is not expected to have a significant impact on the company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited, will continue to support the operations of the company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible impacts of COVID-19.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third-party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force.

Brexit

The UK left the EU on 31 January 2020 and the transition period ended on 31 December 2020, in which time the UK and EU negotiated additional arrangements and concluded the "Trade and Cooperation agreement". The directors have considered the impact on the company regarding the agreed exit terms within the agreement and wider regulatory and legal implications within these statutory financial statements and will continue to do so.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2021

Statement of directors' responsibilities (continued)

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 Section 1A, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Small company exemption

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors have also taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 and have not prepared a strategic report.

Audit exemption

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 479A of the Companies Act 2006. Under the provisions of section 479C of the Companies Act 2006 Fern Trading Limited, the ultimate parent company has given a statutory guarantee of all the outstanding liabilities to which the company is subject at 30 June 2021.

This report was approved by the board on

27 June 2022 and signed on its behalf.

T J Rosser Director

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Statement of income and retained earnings for the year ended 30 June 2021

	2021	2020
	£	£
Administrative expenses	(3,353)	(4,234)
Operating loss	(3,353)	(4,234)
Gain on the disposal of investments	-	1,218,992
Interest receivable and similar income	-	153,844
Interest payable and similar charges	-	(210,823)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(3,353)	1,157,779
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(3,353)	1,157,779
	(3,353)	1,157,779
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	÷	-
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (Loss)/profit for the financial year	(3,353)	1,157,779

All amounts above relate to continuing operations.

The company has no items of other comprehensive income for the current or preceding financial year. Therefore no separate statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 08760315

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 £	2021 £	2020 £	2020 £
Current assets					
Debtors	4	-		129	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(7,255)		(4,031)	
Net current liabilities			(7,255)		(3,902)
Net liabilities		- =	(7,255)	-	(3,902)
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital	6		-		-
Retained earnings			(7,255)		(3,902)
Total shareholders' deficit		- =	(7,255)	- -	(3,902)

For the year ended 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

No members have required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 27 June 2022.

T J Rosser Director

The notes on pages 6 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

1. General information

Wincelle Solar Holdings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in and domiciled in England, the United Kingdom, registered number: 08760315. The registered office is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT.

The principal activity is that of a holding company.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company accounting policies. No critical judgements have been applied to these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders.

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, required under Section 7 of FRS 102 and para 3.17(d), on the basis that it is a small company;
- from disclosing the company's key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 para 33.7; and
- from disclosing related party transactions that are wholly owned within the same group.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the effects of COVID-19 on the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and determined that based on recent trading of the company and revised projections, the pandemic is not expected to have a significant impact on the company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited, will continue to support the operations of the company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible impacts of COVID-19.

2.4 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such on the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the statement of income and retained earnings. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2.6 Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

3. Employees and directors' remuneration

The company had no employees during the year (2020: none). The directors did not receive or waive any remuneration (2020: £nil).

4. Debtors

4.	Deptors	2021 £	2020 £
	Other debtors	-	129
			129
5.	Creditors - amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	-	129
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,756	1,600
	Accruals and deferred income	4,499	2,302
		7,255	4,031

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured loans with year end balances totalling £2,756 (2020: £1,600). The loans bear interest at 3% (2020: 3%) and are repayable on demand.

6. Called up share capital

	2021	2020
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2020: 1) Ordinary shares of £0.10		<u></u>

7. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1A from the provisions of FRS 102, on the grounds that at 30 June 2021 it was a wholly owned subsidiary.

8. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Viners Energy Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. Viners Energy Limited is the smallest group to consolidate these financial statements.

The ultimate parent undertaking as at the year ended 30 June 2021 was Fern Trading Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. Fern Trading Limited is the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Fern Trading Limited's consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT.