Registration number: 08729647

Fishlock Stables & Groundworks Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

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(Registration number: 08729647) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2018

•	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4	-	5,000
Tangible assets	5 _	49,222	65,298
•	-	49,222	70,298
Current assets			
Stocks	6	65,865	1,000
Debtors	7	8,956	2,473
Cash at bank and in hand	_	65,313	24,112
		140,134	27,585
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(124,333)	(29,556)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		15,801	(1,971)
Total assets less current liabilities		65,023	68,327
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(2,385)	(5,838)
Provisions for liabilities	_	(7,683)	(10,451)
Net assets	=	54,955	52,038
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		102	101
Profit and loss account	_	54,853	51,937
Total equity	. =	54,955	52,038

For the financial year ending 31 October 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

(Registration number: 08729647) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2018

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 15 November 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Nathan Mathew Fisher

Director

Andrew Jim Cunningham

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: 9/10 The Crescent Wisbech Cambs
PE13 1EH

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 15 November 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance
Office equipment	15% reducing balance
Plant & machinery	25% reducing balance
Other equipment	15% reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
20% straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2017 - 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 November 2017	25,000	25,000
At 31 October 2018	25,000	25,000
Amortisation		
At 1 November 2017	20,000	20,000
Amortisation charge	5,000	5,000
At 31 October 2018	25,000	25,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 October 2018	-	
At 31 October 2017	5,000	5,000

5 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles
Cost or valuation				
At 1 November 2017	14,344	61,163	2,720	38,650
Disposals	-			(2,200)
At 31 October 2018	14,344	61,163	2,720	36,450
Depreciation				
At 1 November 2017	4,949	24,389	542	21,699
Charge for the year	1,408	9,195	327	3,935
Eliminated on disposal				(989)
At 31 October 2018	6,357	33,584	869	24,645
Carrying amount				
At 31 October 2018	7,987	27,579	1,851	11,805
At 31 October 2017	9,395	36,774	2,178	16,951

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

		Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 November 2017 Disposals		116,877 (2,200)
At 31 October 2018		114,677
Depreciation At 1 November 2017		51,579
Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal		14,865 (989)
At 31 October 2018		65,455
Carrying amount		
At 31 October 2018	·	49,222
At 31 October 2017		65,298
6 Stocks		
	2018 £	2017 £
Work in progress	64,865	-
Other inventories	1,000	1,000
	65,865	1,000
7 Debtors		
	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	6,895	-
Prepayments	1,062	
Other debtors	999	2,473
	8,956	2,473

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

8 Creditors

Note E 2018 2017	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Due within one year		Note		
Loans and borrowings 9 3,418 3,164 Trade creditors 38,650 - Taxation and social security - 6,303 Accruals and deferred income - 2,500 Other creditors 82,265 17,589 124,333 29,556 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2018 2017 Loans and borrowings 9 2,385 5,838 9 Loans and borrowings 2018 2017 Finance lease liabilities 2,385 5,838 Current loans and borrowings 2018 2017 E £ £ Current loans and borrowings 2018 2017 E £ £	Due within one year			
Trade creditors 38,650 - 6,303 Accruals and deferred income - 2,500		9	3.418	3.164
Taxation and social security	_		=	-
Accruals and deferred income 2,500 Other creditors 82,265 17,589 124,333 29,556 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Note £ £ Due after one year 9 2,385 5,838 9 Loans and borrowings 9 2,385 5,838 9 Non-current loans and borrowings 2018 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 2,385 5,838 Finance lease liabilities 2,385 5,838 Current loans and borrowings 2018 2017 £ Current loans and borrowings 2018 2017 £			-	6,303
Other creditors \$2,265 17,589 124,333 29,556 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Note \$2018 2017 £ £ Due after one year 9 2,385 5,838 9 \$2,385 \$5,838 9 \$2,385 \$2017 £ \$Non-current loans and borrowings \$2,385 \$5,838 Finance lease liabilities \$2,385 \$5,838 Current loans and borrowings \$2018 \$2017 £ £ £ Current loans and borrowings \$2018 \$2017 £ £ £	•		-	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Note 2018 E Due after one year Loans and borrowings 9 2,385 2017 E Sometimes of the second of	Other creditors		82,265	
Note £ £ Due after one year Loans and borrowings 9 2,385 5,838 9 Loans and borrowings 2018 £ 2017 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities 2,385 5,838 Current loans and borrowings			124,333	29,556
Note £ £ Due after one year Loans and borrowings 9 2,385 5,838 9 Loans and borrowings 2018 £ 2017 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities 2,385 5,838 Current loans and borrowings				
Due after one year Loans and borrowings 9 2,385 9 2,385 9 2,385 9 2018 £ Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities 2018 2,385 2,385 2,385 5,838 Current loans and borrowings	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			•••
Due after one year Loans and borrowings 9 2,385 5,838 9 Loans and borrowings 2018 2017 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities 2,385 5,838 Current loans and borrowings Current loans and borrowings		Note		
9 2,385 5,838 9 Loans and borrowings 2018 2017 £ Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities 2018 2,385 5,838 2018 2017 £ £ Current loans and borrowings		Note	£	a-
9 Loans and borrowings 2018 2017 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities 2018 2017 £ £ Current loans and borrowings	-		2 2 2 2	£ 000
Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities	Loans and borrowings	9	2,385	5,838
Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities				
Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities	9 Loans and borrowings			
Non-current loans and borrowings Finance lease liabilities 2,385 5,838 2018 £ Current loans and borrowings			2018	2017
Finance lease liabilities $\frac{2,385}{2018} = \frac{5,838}{2017}$ Current loans and borrowings			£	£
2018 2017 £ £			2 385	5 838
£ £ Current loans and borrowings	Finance lease natimies			3,030
£ £ Current loans and borrowings				
Current loans and borrowings				
	Current loans and horrowings		£	t.
Timate rease habitites	Finance lease liabilities		3,418	3,164