Company Registration No. 08692306 (England and Wales)

Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

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Company information

Directors

Philip Brown

Mark Howell

Peter Nagle

Secretary

Hywel Evans

Company number

08692306

Registered office

Comino House Furlong Road Bourne End

Buckinghamshire

SL8 5AQ

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Directors' report

For the year ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Philip Brown

Mark Howell

Peter Nagle

Going concern

Substantive information came to light in early 2020 regarding the virus now identified as COVID-19. At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, the directors consider that the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements remains appropriate.

Auditor

Saffery Champness LLP were appointed as auditor to the Company and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a general meeting.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Mark Howell
Mark Howell Pirector
14 Jun 2021
ate:

Directors' responsibilities statement For the year ended 31 December 2020

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report

To the members of Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise income statement, statement of comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Identifying and assessing risks related to irregularities:

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement and how fraud might occur, including through discussions with the directors, discussions within our audit team planning meeting, updating our record of internal controls and ensuring these controls operated as intended. We evaluated possible incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements. We identified laws and regulations that are of significance in the context of the company by discussions with directors and updating our understanding of the sector in which the company operates.

Laws and regulations of direct significance in the context of the company include The Companies Act 2006, and UK Tax legislation.

Audit response to risks identified

We considered the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items including a review of financial statement disclosures. We reviewed the company's records of breaches of laws and regulations, minutes of meetings and correspondence with relevant authorities to identify potential material misstatements arising. We discussed the company's policies and procedures for compliance with laws and regulations with members of management responsible for compliance.

During the planning meeting with the audit team, the engagement partner drew attention to the key areas which might involve non-compliance with laws and regulations or fraud. We enquired of management whether they were aware of any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations or knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We addressed the risk of fraud through management override of controls by testing the appropriateness of journal entries and identifying any significant transactions that were unusual or outside the normal course of business. We assessed whether judgements made in making accounting estimates gave rise to a possible indication of management bias. At the completion stage of the audit, the engagement partner's review included ensuring that the team had approached their work with appropriate professional scepticism and thus the capacity to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

To the members of Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Darren Drake

Darren Drake (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Saffery Champness LLP

15 Jun 2021 Date:.....

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2020

		2020	2019
	Notes	£	£
Administrative expenses		(271,212)	(422,192)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	3,389,415	3,504,807
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	(3,311,391)	(3,582,156)
Loss before taxation		(193,188)	(499,541)
Tax on loss	7	-	-
			
Loss for the financial year		(193,188)	(499,541)

The income statement has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

Statement of financial position As at 31 December 2020

			2020		2019
	Notes	£	£	£	as restated £
Fixed assets					
Investments	9		10,004		10,004
Current assets					
Debtors	11	51,723,267		48,458,964	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,399,424		5,436,681	
		61,122,691		53,895,645	
Creditors: amounts falling due within			•		
one year	12	(682,363)		(43,332)	
Net current assets			60,440,328		53,852,313
Total assets less current liabilities			60,450,332		53,862,317
Creditors: amounts falling due after		·			
more than one year	13		(60,125,540)		(53,344,337)
Net assets			324,792		517,980
			=======================================		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		10,004		10,004
Profit and loss reserves			314,788		507,976
Total equity			324,792		517,980

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on .14.Jun.2021........ and are signed on its behalf by:

Mark Howell.

Mark Howell

Director

Company Registration No. 08692306

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 3 'Financial Statement Presentation'
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures': Compensation for key management personnel.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of Invesco Software Holdings Limited. These consolidated financial statements are available from its registered office, Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.2 Going concern

As a result of macro-economic uncertainties arising through COVID-19, the directors have undertaken an impact assessment of the pandemic on the business. The directors have reviewed the current risk posed by COVID-19 and assess its impact on the business as follows:

The key risks of the business are a possible increase in attrition of the customer base that might arise due to adverse market conditions of the COVID-19 pandemic. The business achieved certification for ISO 22301 Business Continuity Management and ISO 27001 Information Security Management 5-years ago and was therefore well prepared for a move to 100% homeworking during the last week of March 2020, without suffering any interruption to operations and customer service.

The transition to long-term subscription based ARR contracts has insulated the Group against the short-term shock to the economy of COVID-19. It should be noted that customers rely upon Causeway licenced products to carry out critical business functions and continued use of these products is contingent upon customers paying in line with contractual terms. Given also that the construction industry is a first-mover in the return to work, it is felt that the likelihood of customer business failure is reduced.

Notwithstanding these safeguards, the Group has drawn up contingency plans to reduce operating costs significantly in the event that there is a dramatic increase in the incidence of customer failures and default.

After reviewing the Group forecast and working capital requirements including the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group headed by Invesco Software Holdings Limited has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being a period of not less than twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis of preparing its financial statements.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-sight short-term loan that is not at marker rate, the financial asset or liability is measures, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a marker rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured at the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measures at costs less impairment, the impairment loss is measures as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Impairement of non-financial assets

Where there are indicators of impairment of individual assets, management perform impairment tests based on the fair value less costs to sell of a value in use calculation. The value in use model is based on a discounted cash flow model, cash flow being based on budgets, and estimated discount rates.

3 Auditor's remuneration

Audit fees of £8,892 and non-audit fees of £2,511 were borne by a subsidiary undertaking.

4 Employees

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2019: £nil) for services to the company.

5 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2020	2019
	£	£
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans	3,311,391	3,582,156

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

6	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2020	2019
	Interest income	£	£
	Interest receivable from group companies	3,389,415	3,491,772
		, ,	
	Income from fixed asset investments		
	Income from shares in group undertakings	-	13,035
	Total income	3,389,415	3,504,807
		=======================================	
7	Taxation		
	The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected credit for to loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:	he year based o	on the profit
		2020 £	2019 £
	Loss before taxation	(193,188)	(499,541)
	Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the		
	UK of 19.00% (2019: 19.00%)	(36,706)	(94,913)
	Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable		224 770
	profit The effect of income not tayable in determining tayable profit	-	334,770
	Tax effect of income not taxable in determining taxable profit Group relief	36,706	(2,477) (237,380)
	Remeasurement of deferred tax for changes in tax rates	(1,967)	(237,380)
	Deferred tax not recognised	1,967	-
	Taxation charge for the year	-	
8	Dividends		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Final paid	-	13,035

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

9	Fixed asset investments			
			2020	2019
		Notes	£	£
	Investments in subsidiaries	10	10,004	10,004
			====	===
	Movements in fixed asset investments			
				Shares in
				group
	·		ur	ndertakings
				£
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 January 2020 & 31 December 2020			10,004
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 December 2020			10,004
				====
	At 31 December 2019			10,004

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

10 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Those marked with a '*' are held directly, others are held indirectly.

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	Holding %
•	49 Woodfield Rathfarnham, Dublin 16, Co. Dublin, Ireland, D16 K5W7	Supplier of computer services	Ordinary	100.00
Limited		development services to the	Ordinary	
	Kamataka	group		99.57
. •	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ	Supplier of computer services	Ordinary	100.00
	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00
5	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00
	2nd Floor, Whatman House, St Leonards Road, Allington, Maidstone, ME16 OLS	Holding company	Ordinary	100.00
	2nd Floor, Whatman House, St Leonards Road, Allington, Maidstone, ME16 OLS	Provision of sub-contractor services	Ordinary	100.00
Enhanced BDM Limited	2nd Floor, Whatman House, St Leonards Road, Allington, Maidstone, ME16 OLS	Provision of sub-contractor services	Ordinary	100.00
Project Locator Limited	2nd Floor, Whatman House, St Leonards Road, Allington, Maidstone, ME16 OLS	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

10	Subsidiaries (continued)				
	Simeio Limited	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ	Investment holding compa	nyOrdinary	100.00
	Donseed UK Limited	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 SAQ	Provider of software and consultancy services for construction companies	Ordinary	100.00
	Powershift Media Limited	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ	Marketing and IT development agent	Ordinary	100.00
	NJW Limited	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 SAQ	Provider of software and consultancy services for facilities companies	Ordinary	100.00
	Donseed Limited	49 Woodfield Rathfarnham, Dublin 16, Co. Dublin, Ireland, D16 K5W7	Provider of software and consultancy services for construction companies	Ordinary	100.00
	Aurora Construction and Security Limited	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 SAQ	Provider of software and consultancy services for construction companies	Ordinary	100.00
	Causeway Tradex Limited*	Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5AQ	Business and domestic software development	Ordinary	100.00

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

11	Debtors			
			2020	2019
				as restated
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Amounts owed by parent undertaking		50,078,620	46,526,705
	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertaking		-	439,479
	Prepayments and accrued income		1,644,647	1,492,780
			51,723,267	48,458,964
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2020	2019
			£	£
	Trade creditors		231,315	-
	Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings		288,548	43,332
	Accruals and deferred income		162,500	
			682,363	43,332
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	•		
			2020	2019 as restated
		Notes	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	14	60,125,540	53,344,337
	Amounts included above which fall due after five years are as	follows:		
	Payable other than by instalments		4,976,002	-
			=======	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

14	Loans and overdrafts	2020	2019 restated
		£	£
	Bank loans	60,125,540 =	53,344,337
	Payable after one year	60,125,540 =======	53,344,337

During 2017, the Group restructured and consolidated its funding arrangements by way of raising a term loan facility of £38,000,000 and revolving facility of £2,500,000 through Invesco Technologies Holdings Limited. The term loan facility was drawn down to repay existing bank and shareholder loans held in Invesco Software Holdings Limited. The revolving loan facility remains without draw down at 31 December 2020.

Bank loans are subject to interest at 7% above LIBOR rate for the term loan facility and 3.25% above LIBOR rate for the revolving facility. The loans are secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the Group. The loans are repayable at maturity on 2 June 2024 and interest is payable quarterly.

Additional funds were drawn down in the current financial year totalling £7,500,000 (2019: £15,000,000) leaving the total draw down on the facilities at 31 December 2020 as £60,500,000 (2019: £53,000,000).

15 Share capital

	2020	2019	2020	2019
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid		•		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,004	10,004	10,004	10,004
				

16 Prior period restatement

The prior period financial statements have been restated as a result of a previously unidentified netting off of balances between debtors and creditors

Prepayments for 2019 have therefore increased by £1,492,780 and bank loans due after more than one year have also increased by a corresponding amount. There is no impact on profit and loss account as a result of the prior year adjustment.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2020

17 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking of the company is Invesco Software Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England & Wales. Copies of group financial statements can be obtained from Comino House, Furlong Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 SAQ. The directors of Invesco Software Holdings Limited consider there to be no single controlling party.

18 Prior year restatement

During the audit of the 31 December 2020 financial statements it transpired that loan arrangement fees, which have been capitalised correctly, were being offset against the loan balance and therefore the loan balance did not reflect the true amount repayable to the provider. These fees have been reallocated from the loan balance to prepayments both in the current year and the prior year. The restatement is a balance sheet reclassification only and has not impacted the statement of comprehensive income.



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