Registration number: 08650905

Boca U.K. Holding Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020



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Company Information

Directors

J C Slater

J Kuai

R Rozek

Registered office

Ryder Court

14 Ryder Street

London SW1Y 6QB

Registered number

08650905

Auditors

Corrigan Accountants Limited

The Tramshed
25 Lower Park Row

Bristol BS1 5BN

Strategic Report for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020

The directors present their strategic report for the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020.

Business review

The company is an intermediate holding company for the Korn Ferry group. The company's financial performance for the period is shown in the Profit and Loss Account.

The company's financial position is shown in the balance sheet. As a holding company, its significant balances consist of investments in subsidiaries and amounts owed to and from group undertakings. The write down of investments in the period, and the resulting impairment expense, reflects the transfer of some trading activities outside of this company's group following the acquisition of the company by the Korn Ferry group.

There are no plans to change the company's status as an intermediate holding company.

Risks and uncertainties

The company is an intermediate holding company. The key risks and uncertainties in relation to the company's operations and financial statements relate to its ability, as a non trading company reliant on support of the wider group, to meet liabilities as they fall due, and the estimation uncertainty regarding the impairment of the company's investments and the recovery of its investments. These factors are explained further in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial instruments and financial risk management

The company is an intermediate holding company and the company's financial risk management objectives and policies are primarily focused on liquidity and cashflow risks and ensuring that sufficient group support is available to ensure any third party liabilities can be met as they fall due. As well as cash balances and fixed assets investments, there are sometimes therefore significant balances with other undertakings in the group. The notes to the financial statements describe the group support which is in place to ensure that the company can meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Approved by the Board on 07/09/2021 and signed on its behalf by:

J C Slater

Mur

Director

Directors' Report for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the period were as follows:

G Paris (ceased 1 November 2019)

G Nardini (ceased 1 November 2019)

J C Slater (appointed 1 November 2019)

J Kuai (appointed 1 November 2019)

R Rozek (appointed 1 November 2019)

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Principal activity

The company is an intermediate holding company.

Approved by the Board on 07/09/2021 and signed on its behalf by:

J C Slater

Director

Murr

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Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Boca U.K. Holding Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Boca U.K. Holding Limited (the 'company') for the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2020 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Boca U.K. Holding Limited (continued)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Boca U.K. Holding Limited (continued)

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Boca U.K. Holding Limited (continued)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Stuart Crisp (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Corrigan Accountants Limited

For and on behalf of Corrigan Accountants Limited, Statutory Auditor

The Tramshed 25 Lower Park Row Bristol, BS1 5BN

Date: 8 September 2021

Boca U.K. Holding Limited

Profit and Loss Account for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020

	Note	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
Turnover		-	
Administrative expenses		53	1
Operating profit	3	53	1
Impairment charge		(37,520)	-
Gains and losses on disposal of subsidiaries	12	(502)	1,367
Gain on extinguishment of debt	4	(11)	
Interest receivable and similar income		328	135
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(15)	(89)
		(37,720)	1,414
(Loss)/profit before tax		(37,667)	1,415
Taxation	10	160	(319)
(Loss)/profit for the financial period		(37,507)	1,096

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020

	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
(Loss)/profit for the period	(37,507)	1,096
Total comprehensive income for the period	(37,507)	1,096

(Registration number: 08650905) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2020

	Note	30 April 2020 £ 000	31 December 2018 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	11	-	-
Investments	12	-	<u>8,196</u>
		<u>-</u>	<u>8,196</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	13	297	10,111
Cash at bank and in hand		8	8
		305	10,119
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	15	(15)	(159)
Net current assets		290	9,960
Net assets		290	<u> 18,156</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	17	82,983	82,983
Share premium reserve	16	4,237	-
Other reserves	16	15,405	-
Profit and loss account	16	(102,334)	(64,827)
Total equity		<u>290</u>	<u> 18,156</u>

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 07/09/2021 and signed on its behalf by:

J. C. Slater Director

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 11

Boca U.K. Holding Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020

	Share capital £ 000	Share premium £ 000	Capital contribution reserve £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2019	82,983	-	-	(64,827)	18,156
Loss for the period		-	-	(37,507)	(37,507)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	(37,507)	(37,507)
Share issue		4,237	-	-	4,237
Capital contribution			15,405		15,405
At 30 April 2020	82,983	4,237	15,405	(102,334)	290

	Share capital £ 000	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2018	82,983	-	(65,923)	17,060
Profit for the period			1,096	1,096
Total comprehensive income			1,096	1,096
At 31 December 2018	82,983		(64,827)	18,156

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Ryder Court 14 Ryder Street London SW1Y 6QB United Kingdom

The company is an intermediate holding company for the Korn Ferry group.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with FRS102, the company has taken advantage of the exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 7 'Statement of cash flows' - presentation of a Statement of Cash Flows and related notes and disclosures

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in pounds sterling which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Disclosure of long or short period

These financial statements have been prepared for the extended period to 30 April 2020 to align with the group.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis, which assumes that the company will have sufficient financial resources in order to meet its liabilities for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approving these financial statements. The company relies on the support of the wider group headed by Korn Ferry. Korn Ferry has confirmed that it will continue to provide the support the company requires so that the company can meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Based on the support provided by the parent undertaking, and taking into consideration the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, as well as the current position of the company and wider group, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Group accounts not prepared

The financial statements contain information about Boca U.K. Holding Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, Korn Ferry, a company registered in Delaware, USA.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are taken to profit or loss and classified within Administrative expenses.

Tax

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the business recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class

Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill

10 years straight line

Investments

Subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits.

Amounts due from group undertakings

Amounts due from group undertakings are repayable on demand and are therefore shown at transaction value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. Capital investments in the company by its parent company, other than those for shares, are credited to a capital contribution reserve.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from the those estimates. There have been no judgements that have had a significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

3 Operating (loss)/profit

Arrived at aft	er charging/	(crediting)
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Arrived at after charging/(crediting)	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(211)	10
4 Loss on extinguishment of debt		
	1 January	Year ended 31
	2019 to 30	December
	April 2020	2018
	£ 000	£ 000
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(11)	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

5 Impairment expense		
	1 January	Year ended 31
	2019 to 30	December
	April 2020	2018
	£ 000	£ 000
Impairment expense	(37,520)	_

The £37,519,965 impairment expense relates to the impairment of investments in subsidiaries (£28,087,943) as well as the impairment of legacy receivables which remained following the sale of the company to Korn Ferry (£9,432,022). Further detail is given in note 12 to the financial statements

6 Interest receivable and similar income

	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
Group interest receivable	117	145
Foreign exchange (gains) / losses	211	(10)
	328	135
7 Interest payable and similar expenses		
	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
Interest payable on loans	15	89
	15	89

8 Staff costs

The company has no employees (2018 - nil) and therefore incurs no wages costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

9 Auditors' remuneration .		
	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
Audit of the financial statements	20	
Other fees to auditors		
All other non-audit services	4	4
10 Taxation	•	
Tax charged/(credited) in the profit and loss account		
	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
Foreign tax	(160)	319

The total tax credit (2018 - charge) for the period included in the profit and loss account can be reconciled to the loss (2018 - profit) before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%) as follows:

	1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 £ 000	Year ended 31 December 2018 £ 000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(37,667)	1,415
Corporation tax at standard rate	(7,157)	269
Effect of unrecognised deferred tax	7,157	(269)
Tax charge related to withholding taxes incurred	(160)	319
Total tax (credit)/charge	(160)	319

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

11 Intangible assets

	-	Goodwill £ 000
Cost		
At 1 January 2019		41,367
At 30 April 2020		41,367
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2019		41,367
At 30 April 2020		41,367
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2020		
At 31 December 2018		
12 Investments in subsidiaries		
		31 December
	30 April 2020	2018
	£ 000	£ 000
Investments in subsidiaries		8,196

The above balances represent the total of the company's financial assets which are equity instruments measured at cost less impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

12 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Subsidiaries	£ 000
Cost At 1 January 2019 Additions	41,808 19,892
At 30 April 2020	61,700
Provision At 1 January 2019 Impairment in the period	33,612 28,088
At 30 April 2020	61,700
Carrying amount	
At 30 April 2020	
At 31 December 2018	8,196

The additions to investments represent a) capital contributions totalling £15,404,610 in September 2019 to various existing subsidiaries; and b) investments totalling £4,487,208 in the share capital of TwentyEighty Strategy Execution (UK) Ltd and Miller Heiman Group (UK) Limited, existing subsidiaries, in March 2020.

Following the acquisition of the company by Korn Ferry in the period, a reorganisation of the group's structure was undertaken. As part of this reorganisation, many of the trading activities of this company's subsidiaries were transferred outside of this company's group, to other entities in the Korn Ferry group. A financial reporting impact of this change was the impairment of the company's investments, as shown above. A related impact was the impairment of £9,432,022 of balances with entities outside of the Korn Ferry group.

Omega Performance (UK) Limited was dissolved on 8 January 2019. Miller Heiman Pty Ltd was deregistered on 6 November 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

12 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Details of subsidiary undertakings

Undertaking	Registered office	Holding	Proportion o rights and sh	_
Subsidiary undertakings				
Miller Heiman Group (ANZ) Pty Ltd	Level 7, 702, 124-130 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000	Ordinary	100%	100%
	Australia			
Miller Heiman Pty Ltd	Level 7, 702, 124-130 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 Australia	Ordinary	0%	100%
Achieve Forum (AUS) Australia Pty Ltd	Level 7, 702, 124-130 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 Australia	Ordinary	100%	100%
TwentyEighty Strategy Execution (Canada), Inc	44 Chipman Hill Suite 1000, PO Box 7289 Stn A, Saint John, NB, E2L 4S6 Canada	Ordinary	100%	100%
TwentyEighty Strategy Execution (Germany) GmbH	·	Ordinary	100%	100%
Miller Heiman Europe GmbH	Fleurystraße 7, 92224 Amberg Germany	Ordinary	100%	100%
ESI Performance Improvement Private Ltd	Unit No. 1/8 and 119, The Presidency, Ground Floor, St. Marks Road, Bangalore - 560001, Karnataka India	Ordinarý	100%	100%
Miller Heiman Group (Asia) Pte Ltd Pty (Singapore)	111 Somerset Road, #10-06, Tripleone Somerset, Singapore (238164)	Ordinary	100%	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

12 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Undertaking	Registered office Singapore	Holding	Proportion o rights and sh	•
Omega Performance (UK) Limited	25 Canada Square, Level 37, London, E14 5LQ United Kingdom	Ordinary	0%	100%
Achieve Forum (UK) Ltd	25 Canada Square, Level 37, London, E14 5LQ United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	100%
TwentyEighty Strategy Execution (UK) Ltd	25 Canada Square, Level 37, London, E14 5LQ United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	100%
Miller Heiman Group (UK) Limited	25 Canada Square, Level 37, London, E14 5LQ United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	100%

13 Debtors

	30 April 2020 £ 000	31 December 2018 £ 000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	296	10,049
Other debtors	2	62
	298	10,111

The above balances, together with the cash balances on the face of the balance sheet, represent the total of the company's financial assets which are debt instruments measured at amortised cost.

14 Cash and cash equivalents

		31 December
	30 April 2020	2018
•	£ 000	£ 000
Cash at bank	8	8

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

15 Creditors

	Note	30 April 2020 £ 000	31 December 2018 £ 000
Due within one year			
Social security and other taxes		٠ -	159
Accrued expenses	•	15	_
		15	159

The balances disclosed above represent the total of the company's financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

16 Reserves

Profit and loss account

This balance represents the cumulative profit and loss made by the company net of distributions to owners.

Capital contribution reserve

The reserve represents cumulative contributions to capital by the owners, other than investments in share capital which are shown as such.

Share premium

The share premium reserve represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the subscription or issue price.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

17 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2018	
	No. 000	£ 000	No. 000	£ 000
Ordinary of £1 each	82,955	82,955	82,983	82,955

One £1 share was issued in March 2020 for a consideration of £4,236,605.

Previously, the parent company made a £15,404,610 contribution to the company's capital in September 2019.

18 Related party transactions

Key management compensation

Key management received no compensation from the company for the period ended 30 April 2020 (2018 - £Nil).

Directors' remuneration

The directors received no remuneration from the company for the period ended 30 April 2020 (2018 - £Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 January 2019 to 30 April 2020 (continued)

19 Financial instruments

Categorisation of financial instruments

	2020 £ 000	2018 £ 000
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost		10,119
Financial assets that are equity instruments measured at cost less impairment	305	8,196
	305	18,315
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	15	159
	15	159

20 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Boca U.K. Intermediate Holdings Limited, incorporated in the United Kingdom. The ultimate parent and controlling party is Korn Ferry, incorporated in Delaware, USA.

The parent of both the largest and the smallest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is Korn Ferry. The address of the principal executive office of Korn Ferry. is: 1900 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 2600, Los Angeles, California, USA.