## THEVEGANKIND LTD

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

# CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

	Page
<b>Balance Sheet</b>	1
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

#### **BALANCE SHEET** 31 OCTOBER 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		8,486		10,488
Tangible assets	5		<u>121,016</u>		106,994
			129,502		117,482
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		260,275		196,603	
Debtors	6	228,762		123,333	
Cash at bank and in hand		67,420		1,522	
		556,457		321,458	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	608,839		260,253	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(52,382)		61,205
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			77,120		178,687
CDEDITORS					
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one	8		(220, 205)		(169 701)
year	0		(229,295)		(168,791)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(9,889)		(9,889)
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(162,064)		7
(			<u> </u>		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2		2
Retained earnings			(162,066)		5
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(162,064)		7
			<del></del>		<del></del>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections
- (b) and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Page 1 continued...

## **BALANCE SHEET - continued** 31 OCTOBER 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 24 July 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

S A McCulloch - Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The VeganKind Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England. The company's registered office is 40 Bloomsbury Way, Lower Ground Floor, London, WC1 $\Lambda$  2SE.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is Sterling (£).

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors are aware that the balance sheet reflects net liabilities. Post year end TheVeganKind raised £669k, 123% over target, through the most supported vegan crowd raise ever seen in the UK. The business grew 42% from 2018 to 2019 and is on track to double in 2020. The directors have considered the foreseeable future, including the 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and believe there is ample secured funding to allow them to continue to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

#### **Judgements**

The company considers on an annual basis the judgements that are made by management when applying its significant accounting policies that would have the most significant effect on amounts that are recognised in the financial statements.

The directors consider there are no such significant judgements.

### Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced cost of goods sold during the year, excluding value added tax. The company's policy is to recognise a sale when substantively all the risks and rewards in connection with the services have been passed to the buyer.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Development costs are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of five years.

Page 3 continued...

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 33.3% on cost and 20% on cost

Tangible fixed assets are included at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value, like goodwill and plant, property and equipment, are reviewed to determine whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount which is the higher in use and the fair value less cost to sell, is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit and loss.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to sell.

#### Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments like loans and other accounts receivable and payable are initially measured at present value of the future payments and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and trade creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for evidence of impairment and if found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Taxation

Taxation represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

With the exception of changes arising on the initial recognition of a business combination, the tax expense is presented either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or statement of changes in equity depending on the transaction that resulted in the tax expense.

Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Page 4 continued...

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### Government grants

Grants of a revenue nature are taken to the profit and loss account in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 14(2018 - 9).

#### 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Other
	intangible
	assets
	£
COST	
At 1 November 2018	12,950
Additions	706
At 31 October 2019	13,656
AMORTISATION	
At 1 November 2018	2,462
Charge for year	2,708
At 31 October 2019	5,170
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 October 2019	8,486
At 31 October 2018	10,488

Page 5 continued...

 $\alpha a$ 

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

## 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Plant and
			machinery
			etc
	COST		£
	At 1 November 2018		114,630
	Additions		28,242
	At 31 October 2019		142,872
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 November 2018		7,636
	Charge for year		14,220
	At 31 October 2019		21,856
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 October 2019		121,016
	At 31 October 2018		106,994
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
0.	DEDIORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAR	2019	2018
		£	2013 £
	Trade debtors	2,875	6,916
	Other debtors	225,887	116,417
		228,762	123,333
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2019	2018
		2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	128,440	19,333
	Hire purchase contracts	26,114	26,694
	Trade creditors	291,805	174,647
	Taxation and social security	56,147	21,388
	Other creditors	106,333	18,191
		608,839	260,253
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
υ.	YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans	179,287	92,959
	Hire purchase contracts	50,008	75,832
		<u>229,295</u>	<u> 168,791</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

## 9. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans	300,819	112,292
Hire purchase contracts	76,122	102,526
	376,941	214,818

The Royal Bank of Scotland PLC holds a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets for loans.

Hire purchase liabilities are secured over the assets which they relate to.

#### 10. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to directors subsisted during the years ended 31 October 2019 and 31 October 2018:

	2019	2018 £
	£	
Mrs K C McCulloch and S A McCulloch		
Balance outstanding at start of year	39,666	8,336
Amounts advanced	87,937	32,334
Amounts repaid	(100)	(1,004)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u>127,503</u>	<u>39,666</u>

This amount is unsecured, has no fixed repayment terms and interest has been charged at 2.5%.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.