

Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31st March 2021
for
Vanilla Vapes Limited

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for the Year Ended 31st March 2021**

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Vanilla Vapes Limited
Company Information
for the Year Ended 31st March 2021

DIRECTORS:	Mrs G L Chambers M A Chambers
REGISTERED OFFICE:	84 High Street Camberley Surrey GU15 3RS
REGISTERED NUMBER:	08549536 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Whiteleys Chartered Certified Accountants Sovereign House 155 High Street Aldershot Hampshire GU11 1TT

Balance Sheet
31st March 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	5		7,431		9,946
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		27,488		22,740	
Debtors	6	38,247		47,630	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>17,703</u>		<u>241</u>	
		83,438		70,611	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>123,964</u>		<u>143,980</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(40,526)</u>		<u>(73,369)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(33,095)</u>		<u>(63,423)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>(33,195)</u>		<u>(63,523)</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>(33,095)</u>		<u>(63,423)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st March 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

**Balance Sheet - continued
31st March 2021**

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30th December 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs G L Chambers - Director

**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31st March 2021**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Vanilla Vapes Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery	- 10% on cost
Fixtures and fittings	- 50% on cost and 100% on cost
Office & computer equipment	- 50% on cost, 33% on cost, 25% on cost and 100% on cost

On disposal, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item sold is recognised in profit or loss.

Government grants

Government grants in respect of the business support and job retention scheme are recognised in the profit and loss account, on an accruals basis, when there is a reasonable expectation that the conditions attaching to the grant will be complied with and that the grant will be received.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and selling price less cost to complete and sell.

Cost is calculated on a first in, first out basis and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31st March 2021

3. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31st March 2021

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value, like goodwill and plant, property and equipment, are reviewed to determine whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any asset or group of related assets, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less cost to sell, is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Stocks are also assessed for impairment at each reporting date. The carrying amount of each item of stock, or group of similar items, is compared with its selling price less costs to complete and sell. If an item of stock or group of similar items is impaired, its carrying amount is reduced to selling price less costs to complete and sell, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset or group of related assets is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not to exceed the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or group of related assets in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Going concern

The company has net current liabilities and trades with the support of its directors. The directors have confirmed their intention to continue to support the company. This together with management information and forecast results leads the directors to consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2020 - 8) .

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Office & computer equipment £	Totals £
COST				
At 1st April 2020 and 31st March 2021	<u>13,144</u>	<u>10,827</u>	<u>17,494</u>	<u>41,465</u>
DEPRECIATION				
At 1st April 2020	4,812	9,890	16,817	31,519
Charge for year	<u>1,420</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>395</u>	<u>2,515</u>
At 31st March 2021	<u>6,232</u>	<u>10,590</u>	<u>17,212</u>	<u>34,034</u>
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31st March 2021	<u>6,912</u>	<u>237</u>	<u>282</u>	<u>7,431</u>
At 31st March 2020	<u>8,332</u>	<u>937</u>	<u>677</u>	<u>9,946</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31st March 2021

6. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	125	734
Other debtors	38,122	46,896
	<u>38,247</u>	<u>47,630</u>

7. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	858
Trade creditors	60,579	41,650
Taxation and social security	20,277	23,488
Other creditors	43,108	77,984
	<u>123,964</u>	<u>143,980</u>

8. **LEASING AGREEMENTS**

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Within one year	33,000	8,250
Between one and five years	107,250	-
	<u>140,250</u>	<u>8,250</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.