Registration number: 08538581

Pendle Support Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

Hargreaves Brown & Benson 1 Bond Street Colne Lancashire BB8 9DG

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Company Information

Directors Mr J McBeth

Mrs S I McBeth

Registered office Stanley Villas,

63 Albert Road,

Colne, Lancashire. BB8 0BP

Accountants Hargreaves Brown & Benson

1 Bond Street

Colne Lancashire BB8 9DG

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Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Pendle Support Limited for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Pendle Support Limited for the year ended 30 November 2019 as set out on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{11}$ from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Pendle Support Limited, as a body. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Pendle Support Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Pendle Support Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Pendle Support Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Pendle Support Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Pendle Support Limited. You consider that Pendle Support Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Pendle Support Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Hargreaves Brown & Benson 1 Bond Street Colne Lancashire BB8 9DG

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20 November 2020

(Registration number: 08538581) Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	13,050	21,750
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	46,791	39,370
		59,841	61,120
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	69,522	30,948
Cash at bank and in hand		34,593	47,378
		104,115	78,326
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(67,313)	(54,007)
Net current assets		36,802	24,319
Total assets less current liabilities		96,643	85,439
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(27,677)	(22,529)
Provisions for liabilities		(8,890)	(7,480)
Net assets		60,076	55,430
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		59,976	55,330
Shareholders' funds		60,076	55,430

The notes on pages $\underline{5}$ to $\underline{11}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

(Registration number: 08538581) Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2019

For the financial year ending 30 November 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 20 November 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr J McBeth
Director

The notes on pages $\frac{5}{2}$ to $\frac{11}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 4

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Stanley Villas, 63 Albert Road, Colne, Lancashire.
BB8 0BP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 20 November 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Office equipment Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles Depreciation method and rate

15% reducing balance15% reducing balance15% reducing balance

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
5 years straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year was 61 (2018 - 58).

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 December 2018	43,500	43,500
At 30 November 2019	43,500	43,500
Amortisation		
At 1 December 2018	21,750	21,750
Amortisation charge	8,700	8,700
At 30 November 2019	30,450	30,450
Carrying amount		
At 30 November 2019	13,050	13,050
At 30 November 2018	21,750	21,750

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and		
	equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 December 2018	53,938	-	53,938
Additions	3,326	12,445	15,771
At 30 November 2019	57,264	12,445	69,709
Depreciation			
At 1 December 2018	14,568	-	14,568
Charge for the year	6,483	1,867	8,350
At 30 November 2019	21,051	1,867	22,918
Carrying amount			
At 30 November 2019	36,213	10,578	46,791
At 30 November 2018	39,370		39,370

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

6 Debtors			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Trade debtors		53,397	15,550
Other debtors	_	16,125	15,398
	=	69,522	30,948
W			
7 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2019 £	2018 £
	Note	~	~
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	5,550	4,333
Trade creditors		753	-
Taxation and social security		34,370	20,793
Accruals and deferred income		15,225	17,623
Other creditors	_	11,415	11,258
	=	67,313	54,007
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
,		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u> _	27,677	22,529
Louis and somethings	<u> </u>		
9. Leans and have avings			
8 Loans and borrowings		2019	2018
		2019 £	£
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Bank borrowings	_	27,677	22,529
	_		
		2019	2018
		£	£
Current loans and borrowings			4.000
Bank borrowings	=	5,550	4,333

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

9 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

2019 Mr J McBeth	At 1 December 2018 £	Advances to directors	Repayments by director £	At 30 November 2019 £
Repayable on demand	5,621	80,037	(77,954)	7,704
Mrs S I McBeth Repayable on demand	5,622	80,037	(77,954)	7,705
2018	At 1 December 2017 £	Advances to directors	Repayments by director £	At 30 November 2018 £
Mr J McBeth Repayable on demand	(4,985)	67,880	(57,274)	5,621
Mrs S I McBeth Repayable on demand	(4,986)	67,880	(57,272)	5,622

Other transactions with directors

During the period, the company made rent payments totalling £24,000 (2018 : £24,000) to the directors in respect of jointly held property in which the company operates from.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2019

Summary of transactions with other related parties

Enable U CIC.

A community interest company jointly controlled by the directors.

At the balance sheet date the amounts owed by Enable U CIC was £719 (2018 : £4,131).

Income and receivables from related parties

2019	Other related parties £
Receipt of services	72,501
Rent	11,900
	84,401
2018	Other related parties £
2018 Receipt of services	parties
	parties £

10 Non adjusting events after the financial period

In December 2019 the World Health Organisation (WHO) was alerted to a pneumonia of unknown cause in Wuhan, China subsequently confirmed as a new Coronavirus, Covid-19. Since 31 December 2019, the spread of Covid-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the World, including the United Kingdom.

The directors are constantly monitoring the impact of Covid-19 on the company and the wider economy. The duration of the Covid-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of the Government response remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of the Covid-19 crisis and its impact on the financial position and results of the company in future periods.

The directors are confident that the company is well placed to cope with the disruption as a result of Covid-19 and reasonable steps have been undertaken to safeguard the future of the business.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.