Company number: 08514841

AGELEF MARITIME SERVICES LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM INCORPORATION ON 2 MAY 2013 TO 31 DECEMBER 2013

TUESDAY



A15

30/09/2014 COMPANIES HOUSE

#238

Directors

H. Miller- appointed 2 May 2013 Y.Rehman- appointed 2 May 2013 A. Flytzani- appointed 2 May 2013

Secretary and Registered Office

A. Flytzani 22 Carlisle Place, London, SW1P 1JA

Auditors

Moore Stephens LLP 150 Aldersgate Street, London, EC1A 4AB

Report of the Directors For the period from 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013

Company No. 08514841

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the period from incorporation on 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013.

Principal Activity

The company's principal activity is that of ship chartering brokers.

Results and Dividends

The loss for the financial period amounted to £76,342. The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

Directors

The directors who served during the year are listed above.

Directors' Confirmation

Each of the directors, who are directors at the time when this report is approved confirms that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that ought to have been taken as director, in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Small Company Exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

By Order of the Board

Y. Rehman Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Agelef Maritime Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Agelef Maritime Services Limited for the period from 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013 which are set out on pages 4 to 9. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Boards (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December 2013 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime, take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Michael Kotsapas, Senior Statutory Auditor For and on behalf of Moore Stephens LLP, Statutory Auditor 150 Aldersgate Street London EC1A 4AB

Date: 29 September 2014

Profit and Loss Account For the period from 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013

	<u>Note</u>	2013 £
Turnover	1(c)	509,120
Administrative expenses		(600,587)
Operating loss	2	(91,467)
Interest receivable		82
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(91,385)
Taxation	4	15,043
Loss for the period		(76,342)
Profit and Loss Account At 2 May		-
Loss for the period		(76,342)
At 31 December		(76,342)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than as shown in the profit and loss account.

Balance Sheet at 31 December 2013

	<u>Note</u>	2013
		£
Fixed Assets		
Tangible fixed assets	5	201,465
Current Assets		
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	251,402 236,073 487,475
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	7	(764,282)
Net Current Liabilities		(276,807)
Total Assets Less Liabilities		(75,342)
Capital and Reserves		
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	8	1,000 (76,342)
Shareholders' Deficit	10	(75,342)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006, and with Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on $26 \, \odot \, 2014$

Y. Rehman Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period from 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013

1. Principal Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities "FRSSE" (effective April 2008).

(b) Going concern

The company has incurred a net loss of £76,342 during the period and at 31 December 2013, it had net current liabilities of £276,807 and net liabilities of £75,342.

The company's ultimate controlling party North Sea Trust has provided a confirmation that they will give financial support to the company, to allow it to meet its obligations as they fall due. The directors accordingly consider it is appropriate to present the financial statements of the company on a going concern basis.

(c) Turnover

Brokerage and commissions on time charters are recognised pro-rata over the period of the charter. Commissions on voyage charters are recognised in accordance with the terms of the charter party.

100% of the company turnover is attributable to markets outside the United Kingdom.

(d) Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation has been calculated in order to write off the cost of fixed assets over their useful lives at the following rates:

Leasehold improvements – straight line basis over the lease term Office equipment – 25% straight line basis on cost Furniture and fixtures – 10% straight line basis on cost

(e) Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the approximate rates of exchange ruling on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in other currencies at the balance sheet date are re-converted at the rate of exchange ruling at that date. All resultant differences on exchange are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

(f) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on all timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, in the future at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is more likely than not there will be suitable taxable profits from which future reversals of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. No provision is made where the amounts involved are not material. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(g) Pension arrangements

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions made to the scheme are recognised in the profit and loss account as they are incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period from 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013

2. Operating loss

	o poraumy root				
	Operating loss is stated after cl	narging/(crediting)	:		2013 £
	Depreciation (note 5) Auditors' remuneration Loss on foreign exchange				12,750 8,000 5,309
3.	Directors Emoluments				
	Staff costs include the following	g in respect of dire	ctors of the compa	any	2013 £
	Emoluments in respect of qualif Pension costs Other benefits	iying services			163,191 13,355 3,611
					180,157
	There are three directors to wh	om benefits accru	e under the define	d contribution per	nsion scheme.
4.	Taxation				
					2013 £
	United Kingdom corporation tax Total current tax	(
	Deferred tax credit (note 9)				15,043
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities	es			15,043
5.	Tangible Fixed Assets				
		Leasehold Improvement £	Office Equipment £	Furniture and <u>Fixtures</u> £	<u>Total</u> £
	Cost At 2 May 2013	-	-	_	•
	Additions	100,122	57,045_	57,048	214,215
	At 31 December 2013	100,122	57,045	57,048	214,215
	Depreciation At 2 May 2013 Charge for the year	- 4,430	5,943	2,377	_ 12,750_
	At 31 December 2013	4,430	5,943	2,377	12,750
	Net book value At 31 December 2013	95,692	51,102	54,671	201,465

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period from 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013

6.	Debtors	
		2013 £
		L
	Trade debtors	202,331
	Prepayments	20,064
	Deferred tax asset (note 9)	15,043
	Other debtors	13,964
	-	251,402
7.	Creditors, amounts falling due	
••	within one year	
		<u>2013</u>
		£
	Other taxation and social security	46,164
	Amount due to related party (note 12)	241,687
	Loan payable to parent company	350,000
	Accruals and deferred income	126,431
		764,282
	-	704,202
	The loan from parent company is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.	
•		
8.	Called Up Share Capital	2013
	·	<u>2013</u> £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000
	The company allotted 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 at incorporation, for cash.	
	The company another 1,000 ordinary shares of 2.1 at most poration, for each.	
9.	Deferred tax	2013
		<u>2013</u> £
	At 2 May	45.040
	Deferred tax credit (note 4)	15,043
	At 31 December	15,043
	The deferred tax asset includes tax losses carried forward of £164,870.	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period from 2 May 2013 to 31 December 2013

10. Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Deficit

	<u>2013</u> £
Loss for the financial period Share capital issued	(76,342) 1,000
Net movement in shareholders' deficit Opening shareholders' funds	(75,342)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(75,342)

11. Pension Arrangements

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Pension contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred.

The contributions payable for this period amounted to £21,876 and the amount outstanding at the end of the period was £4,563.

12. Related Party Transactions

Advantage has been taken of the exemption from disclosing transactions with the parent company as it wholly owns Agelef Maritime Services Limited.

During the period, the company was recharged expenses totalling £97,122 by Agelef Shipping Co. (London) Limited. The ultimate controlling party of the company has significant influence over Agelef Shipping Co. (London) Limited and it is therefore considered to be a related party.

The company also acquired tangible fixed assets for a consideration of £144,565 from Agelef Shipping Co. (London) Limited.

The balance payable to Agelef Shipping Co. (London) Limited at 31 December 2013 was £241,687.

13. Operating Lease Commitments

The company leases its office premises. At 31 December 2013, there was no formal lease agreement in place and hence there is no lease commitment at the balance sheet date.

In May 2014, the lease was formalised with the term being from 1 April 2014 to 23 December 2022. Annual rental charges are £176,603 until the rent review date on 1 December 2018.

14. Parent Company and Ultimate Controlling party

The parent company is Agelef Holdings Limited which is 100% owned by the North Sea Trust established in Liechtenstein.

In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate controlling party is the Trustees of the North Sea Trust, Audax Consulting Trust Establishment, acting in conjunction with the Protector of the Trust, Mrs A. Angelicoussi Kanellaki, in the interests of the beneficiaries of the Trust.