

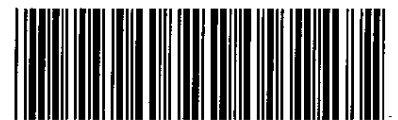
Company registration number: 08503399

2 Excel Management Limited

Unaudited filleted abridged financial statements

31 March 2022

MONDAY



ABJ7Z27T

A13

19/12/2022

#192

COMPANIES HOUSE

2 Excel Management Limited

Contents

	Page
Directors and other information	1
Abridged statement of financial position	2 - 3
Statement of changes in equity	4
Notes to the financial statements	5 - 7

2 Excel Management Limited

Directors and other information

Directors	Mr Harant Pal Singh Mr Christopher James Richard Norton Mr Andrew Charles Offer
Company number	08503399
Registered office	72 Fielding Road Chiswick London W4 1DB
Business address	72 Fielding Road Chiswick London W4 1DB
Accountant	Spiers & Company 72 Fielding Road London W4 1DB

2 Excel Management Limited

Abridged statement of financial position 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
Current assets					
Debtors		1,325,041		1,737,110	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,376		5,753	
		1,327,417		1,742,863	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,389,356)		(2,053,508)	
Net current liabilities		(61,939)		(310,645)	
Total assets less current liabilities		(61,939)		(310,645)	
Net liabilities		(61,939)		(310,645)	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital		120		120	
Profit and loss account		(62,059)		(310,765)	
Shareholders deficit		(61,939)		(310,645)	

For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 31 March 2022 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages 5 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

2 Excel Management Limited

Abridged statement of financial position (continued)
31 March 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Harant Pal Singh', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Mr Harant Pal Singh
Director

Company registration number: 08503399

The notes on pages 5 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

2 Excel Management Limited

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 March 2022

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2020	120	(275,228)	(275,108)
Profit/(loss) for the year		(35,537)	(35,537)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(35,537)	(35,537)
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	120	(310,765)	(310,645)
Profit/(loss) for the year		248,706	248,706
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	248,706	248,706
At 31 March 2022	120	(62,059)	(61,939)

2 Excel Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 2 Excel Management Limited, 72 Fielding Road, Chiswick, London, W4 1DB.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

2 Excel Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

2 Excel Management Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2022

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 240 (2021: 213).

5. Controlling party

The ultimate parent company is 2 Excel (Holdings) Limited (10656583), a company registered in England and Wales, whose registered address is 72 Fielding Road, London W4 1DB.