
BPH ATTACHMENTS LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

BPH ATTACHMENTS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 08496793

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	677,681	725,101
		<u>677,681</u>	<u>725,101</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		4,219,424	3,709,274
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	4,339,978	2,436,999
Cash at bank and in hand	6	477,377	914,653
		<u>9,036,779</u>	<u>7,060,926</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(3,202,753)	(2,042,178)
Net current assets		<u>5,834,026</u>	<u>5,018,748</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>6,511,707</u>	<u>5,743,849</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(115,237)	(410,877)
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax	10	(84,588)	(76,292)
		<u>(84,588)</u>	<u>(76,292)</u>
Net assets		<u>6,311,882</u>	<u>5,256,680</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	550	550
Profit and loss account		6,311,332	5,256,130
		<u>6,311,882</u>	<u>5,256,680</u>

BPH ATTACHMENTS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 08496793

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the profit and loss account in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 May 2022.

Mr Simon Bastable
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021**

1. General information

BPH Attachments Limited, 08496793, is a private limited company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales, with a registered office address and principal place of business at Unit 10, Gillmans Industrial Estate, Natts Lane, Billingshurst, West Sussex, RH14 9EZ.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Profit and loss account within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method or reducing balance method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery	- 80 months straight line
Motor vehicles	- 48 months reducing balance
Office equipment	- 80 months straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a weighted average basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.10 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.12 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

2.14 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

2.15 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 42 (2020 - 33).

BPH ATTACHMENTS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021**

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 November 2020	215,764	1,132,469	23,919	1,372,152
Additions	47,000	130,097	8,433	185,530
Disposals	(11,845)	(134,060)	-	(145,905)
At 31 October 2021	<u>250,919</u>	<u>1,128,506</u>	<u>32,352</u>	<u>1,411,777</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 November 2020	103,874	531,736	11,440	647,050
Charge for the year on owned assets	30,585	162,941	3,905	197,431
Disposals	(7,549)	(102,836)	-	(110,385)
At 31 October 2021	<u>126,910</u>	<u>591,841</u>	<u>15,345</u>	<u>734,096</u>
Net book value				
At 31 October 2021	<u>124,009</u>	<u>536,665</u>	<u>17,007</u>	<u>677,681</u>
At 31 October 2020	<u>111,890</u>	<u>600,732</u>	<u>12,479</u>	<u>725,101</u>

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Motor vehicles	298,843	299,320
	<u>298,843</u>	<u>299,320</u>

BPH ATTACHMENTS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021**

5. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	2,593,310	1,792,592
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,739,668	643,407
Prepayments and accrued income	7,000	1,000
	<u>4,339,978</u>	<u>2,436,999</u>

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	477,377	914,653
	<u>477,377</u>	<u>914,653</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	2,101,626	882,715
Corporation tax	281,911	176,225
Other taxation and social security	189,490	377,626
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	116,217	100,707
Other creditors	503,790	492,817
Accruals and deferred income	9,719	12,088
	<u>3,202,753</u>	<u>2,042,178</u>

Included within other creditors falling due within one year is an amount of £295,816 (2020: £258,938) relating to a factoring facility with HSBC Invoice Finance (UK) Ltd. This is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all property and undertaking of the company.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021**

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	-	250,000
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	115,237	160,877
	<u>115,237</u>	<u>410,877</u>

9. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
Bank loans	-	250,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>250,000</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>250,000</u>

10. Deferred taxation

	2021 £
At beginning of year	(76,292)
Charged to profit or loss	(8,296)
At end of year	<u><u>(84,588)</u></u>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(84,588)	(76,292)
	<u>(84,588)</u>	<u>(76,292)</u>

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021**

11. Share capital

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
300 (2020 - 300) Ordinary A Shares shares of £1.00 each	300	300
250 (2020 - 250) Ordinary B Shares shares of £1.00 each	250	250
	550	550

12. Contingent liabilities

The company is a party to a cross guarantee in relation to bank accounts held with two other entities. The total contingent liability across the three companies as at 31 October 2021 is £2,327,624 (2020: £91,473).

13. Capital commitments

At 31 October 2021 the Company had capital commitments as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements	205,000	64,190
	205,000	64,190

14. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £22,889 (2020 - £22,218). Contributions totalling £2,501 (2020 - £1,764) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.