

Kingsley Professional Services Ltd**Registered number:** 08418323**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2019**

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	216	434
Current assets			
Debtors	3	192,405	172,610
Cash at bank and in hand		19,787	4,972
		<u>212,192</u>	<u>177,582</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(155,125)	(121,775)
Net current assets		<u>57,067</u>	<u>55,807</u>
Net assets		<u>57,283</u>	<u>56,241</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		56,283	55,241
Shareholders' funds		<u>57,283</u>	<u>56,241</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

M Bharj

Director

Approved by the board on 27 September 2019

Kingsley Professional Services Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	over 5 years
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Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 April 2018	1,700
At 31 March 2019	<u>1,700</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2018	1,266
Charge for the year	218
At 31 March 2019	<u>1,484</u>
Net book value	
At 31 March 2019	<u>216</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>434</u>

[For revalued assets, state the years in which the assets were valued and their values. For assets revalued during the reporting period, state the names of the persons who revalued them or particulars of their qualifications for doing so and the bases of valuation used by them.]

3 Debtors	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	186,385	163,585
Other debtors	<u>6,020</u>	<u>9,025</u>

	<u>192,405</u>	<u>172,610</u>
4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
	£	£
Corporation tax	1,118	656
Other taxes and social security costs	88,522	57,344
Other creditors	65,485	63,775
	<u>155,125</u>	<u>121,775</u>

5 Other information

Kingsley Professional Services Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

64 Woodcock Hill

Kenton

Middlesex

HA3 0JF

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