

Registered Number 08409378

BODYMED LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2014

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2014

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>2014</i>
		<i>£</i>
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	2	4,409
		<u>4,409</u>
Current assets		
Cash at bank and in hand		33,725
		<u>33,725</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		<u>(20,292)</u>
Net current assets (liabilities)		<u>13,433</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>17,842</u>
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>17,842</u>
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	3	2
Profit and loss account		17,840
Shareholders' funds		<u>17,842</u>

- For the year ending 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 19 November 2014

And signed on their behalf by:
William Wormald, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2014**1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover policy

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the period.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings - 20% straight line

Equipment - 20% straight line

Other accounting policies

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
Additions	5,511
Disposals	-

Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 March 2014	<u>5,511</u>
Depreciation	
Charge for the year	1,102
On disposals	-
At 31 March 2014	<u>1,102</u>
Net book values	
At 31 March 2014	<u><u>4,409</u></u>

3 **Called Up Share Capital**

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	<i>2014</i>
	£
1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1
Allotted, called up & fully paid	

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