

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08404851

TRANSPARENT HOTELS LTD

Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

28 February 2023

TRANSPARENT HOTELS LTD

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

28 February 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	5	557	1,240
Current assets			
Debtors		7,000	1
Cash at bank and in hand		342	6,882
		-----	-----
		7,342	6,883
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2,871	1,820
		-----	-----
Net current assets		4,471	5,063
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		5,028	6,303
		-----	-----
Net assets		5,028	6,303
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		5,027	6,302
		-----	-----
Shareholders funds		5,028	6,303
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These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 28 February 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 28 February 2023 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

TRANSPARENT HOTELS LTD

Abridged Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

28 February 2023

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 April 2023 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

S I ABUKALIL

Director

Company registration number: 08404851

TRANSPARENT HOTELS LTD

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 28 February 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 223 Ashburnham Road, Richmond, Surrey, TW10 7SE.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Any intangible assets carried at revalued amounts, are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are only recognised separately from goodwill when they arise from contractual or other legal rights, are separable, the expected future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value can be measured reliably.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Website Costs	-	10% straight line
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If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2022: 2).

5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 March 2022 and 28 February 2023	6,828

Amortisation	
At 1 March 2022	5,588
Charge for the year	683

At 28 February 2023	6,271

Carrying amount	
At 28 February 2023	557

At 28 February 2022	1,240

6. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2023		
	Balance	Advances/ (credits) to the	Balance
	brought forward	director	outstanding
	£	£	£
S I ABUKALIL	(107)	(80)	(187)
	----	----	----
	2022		
	Balance brought	Advances/ (credits) to the	Balance
	forward	director	outstanding
	£	£	£
S I ABUKALIL	(26)	(81)	(107)
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7. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr S I Abukalil throughout the current and previous year. Mr Abukalil is the managing director and majority shareholder.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.