Company Registration No. 08404551 (England and Wales)

Assembled Productions II UK Ltd

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2019

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Company information

Directors

Nigel Cook

David Galluzzi

Company number

08404551

Registered office

3 Queen Caroline Street

Hammersmith

London W6 9PE

Independent auditor

Saffery Champness LLP

71 Queen Victoria Street

London EC4V 4BE

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Directors' report

For the year ended 31 May 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2019.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of motion picture production.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Marsha Reed

(Resigned 6 February 2020)

Nigel Cook David Galluzzi

Auditor

Saffery Champness LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Nigel Cook **Director**

Date: 14.02.2020

Directors' responsibilities statement For the year ended 31 May 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report To the members of Assembled Productions II UK Ltd

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Assembled Productions II UK Ltd (the 'company') for the year ended 31 May 2019 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of Assembled Productions II UK Ltd

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of Assembled Productions II UK Ltd

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

John Graydon (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Saffery Champness LLP

18.02.2020

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

71 Queen Victoria Street London EC4V 4BE

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 May 2019

		2019	2018
		£	£
Turnover Cost of sales		1,591,356 (1,891,389)	6,578,286 (8,508,878)
Gross loss		(300,033)	(1,930,592)
Administrative expenses		(15,500)	(15,500)
Loss before taxation		(315,533)	(1,946,092)
Tax on loss	3	323,230	1,953,539
Profit for the financial year		7,697	7,447

Balance sheet As at 31 May 2019

		201	.9	201	18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	330,537		3,107,224	
Cash at bank and in hand		430,502		2,746,460	
		761,039		5,853,684	•
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	5	(686,411)		(5,786,754)	
Net current assets		- , - ·	74,628		66,930
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			74,627		66,929
Total equity			74,628		66,930

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12.22.20. and are signed on its behalf by:

Nigel Cook
Director

Company Registration No. 08404551

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 May 2019

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
•	£	£	£
Balance at 1 June 2017	1	59,482	59,483
Year ended 31 May 2018:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		7,447	7,447
Balance at 31 May 2018	1	66,929	66,930
Year ended 31 May 2019:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	7,697	7,697
Balance at 31 May 2019	1	74,627	74,628
building at 32 indy 2023		74,027	77,020

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 May 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Assembled Productions II UK Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Queen Caroline Street, Hammersmith, London, W6 9PE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel and transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of The Walt Disney Company. These consolidated financial statements are available from its registered office, 500 Buena Vista Street, Burbank, California 91521, USA.

1.2 Turnover

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Value of work done in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is determined by reference to the stage of completion.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2019

1 Accounting policies (continued)

The "percentage of completion method" is used to determine the appropriate amount to recognise in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date compared to the estimated total contract costs. Costs incurred in the period in connection with future activity on a contract are excluded from contract costs in determining the stage of completion. These costs are presented as stocks, prepayments or other assets depending on their nature, and provided it is probable they will be recovered.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2019

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently recoverable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently recoverable is based on relievable losses arising in the year as the result of film tax relief legislation. Relievable losses differ from net losses as reported in the profit and loss account because they include an additional deduction relating to qualifying film development expenditure and exclude items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, as well as items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's tax position is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Where items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity are chargeable to or deductible for tax purposes, the resulting current or deferred tax expense or income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense or income. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.7 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions where practicable, else at the average rate over the period in which the transactions were incurred. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

2 Employees

The company had no employees in the year ended 31 May 2019 (2018: nil).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2019

Current tax UK corporation tax on profits for the current year The credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss per the profit and loss account as follows: 2019 2018 £ £ Loss before taxation (315,533) (1,946,092) Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%) Enhanced losses arising from the film tax credit Difference between the rate of corporation tax and the rate of relief under film tax credit Group relief (77,575) (468,849) Group relief	3	Taxation	2019	2018
UK corporation tax on profits for the current year (323,230) (1,953,539) The credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss per the profit and loss account as follows: 2019				•
The credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss per the profit and loss account as follows: 2019		Current tax		
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UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%) Enhanced losses arising from the film tax credit Difference between the rate of corporation tax and the rate of relief under film tax credit Group relief Tax credit for the year 4 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors Corporations Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors (59,951) (245,655) (1,484,689) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (468,849) (77,575) (47,575) (48,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (49,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (48,849) (77,575) (78,849) (78,849) (77,575) (78,849) (78,849) (77,575) (78,849) (78,849) (77,575) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,849) (78,84				
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under film tax credit (77,575) (468,849) Group relief 59,951 369,756 Tax credit for the year (323,230) (1,953,539) 4 Debtors 2019 2018 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Corporation tax recoverable 323,230 3,106,974 Other debtors 7,307 250 330,537 3,107,224 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040			(245,655)	(1,484,689)
Group relief 59,951 369,756 Tax credit for the year (323,230) (1,953,539) 4 Debtors 2019 2018 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Corporation tax recoverable 323,230 3,106,974 Other debtors 7,307 250 330,537 3,107,224 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040		•		
Tax credit for the year (323,230) (1,953,539) 4 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 7,307 250 330,537 3,107,224 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040				
4 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 2019 2018 £ £		Group relief	59,951	369,756
Amounts falling due within one year: Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors 2019 2018 £ £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors 229,881 134,040		Tax credit for the year	(323,230)	(1,953,539)
Amounts falling due within one year: Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 7,307 250 330,537 3,107,224 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040	4	Debtors		
Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 323,230 3,106,974 Other debtors 7,307 250 330,537 3,107,224 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040		·	2019	2018
Other debtors 7,307 250 330,537 3,107,224 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040		Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
330,537 3,107,224 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040		Corporation tax recoverable	323,230	3,106,974
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2019 2018 £ £ Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040		Other debtors	7,307	250
Z019 Z018 £ £ E £ Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040			330,537	3,107,224
Z019 Z018 £ £ E £ Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040	5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts due to group undertakings 456,530 5,652,714 Other creditors 229,881 134,040		,	2019	2018
Other creditors 229,881 134,040			£	£
		Amounts due to group undertakings	456,530 ·	5,652,714
686,411 5,786,754		Other creditors	229,881	134,040
			686,411	5,786,754

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 May 2019

6	Called up share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	issued and fully paid		
	1 ordinary share of £1 each	. 1	1

7 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1A of FRS 102 from disclosing transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, where any subsidiary undertaking which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by a member of that group.

8 Parent company

The company's immediate parent undertaking is MVL Productions, LLC a company registered in the United States of America.

The directors regard The Walt Disney Company, a company incorporated in the United States of America, as the ultimate parent company.

The largest group for which accounts are prepared and which the company is a member is The Walt Disney Company. Copies of group accounts of The Walt Disney Company can be obtained from 500 Buena Vista Street, Burbank, California, 91521, USA.

The directors are unable to identify the ultimate controlling party of The Walt Disney Company, if any.