Registration number: 08381328

Arden Equipment UK Ltd

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2017
Pages for Filing with Registrar





LD5

06/09/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE

#68

Contents

Balance Sheet	1
Notes to the Financial Statements	2 to 8

(Registration number: 08381328) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	24,510	14,662
Current assets			
Stock	6	9,736	-
Debtors	7	27,699	292,449
Cash at bank and in hand	_	59,143	25,361
		96,578	317,810
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(23,839)	(263,652)
Net current assets	_	72,739	54,158
Net assets	=	97,249	68,820
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		10,000	10,000
Profit and loss account	_	<u>87,</u> 249	58,820
Total equity	_	97,249	68,820

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Wilberforce House

Station Road

London

NW4 4QE

United Kingdom

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is manufacturing hydraulic attachments for excavators and other carriers.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. In the Directors' opinion there are no significant judgements or key sources of estimation uncertainty.

Turnover recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The Company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the Company. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the new carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Plant and machinery

33% straight line

Stock

Stock are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stock are assessed for impairment. If stock are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Debtors

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment,

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Creditors

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from related parties, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if the Company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3 Audit report

The Independent Auditors' Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report was David Wheeler, who signed for and on behalf of Bourner Bullock.

4 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2016 - 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

5 Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2017	34,866	34,866
Additions	19,971	19,971
Disposals	(19,379)	(19,379)
At 31 December 2017	35,458	35,458
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2017	20,204	20,204
Charge for the year	5,592	5,592
Eliminated on disposal	(14,848)	(14,848)
At 31 December 2017	10,948	10,948
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2017	24,510	24,510
At 31 December 2016	14,662	14,662

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

6 Stock

	2017 £	2016 £
Stock	9,736	-
7 Debtors ·		<i>:</i>
	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	9,389	284,201
Other debtors	18,310	8,248
Total current trade and other debtors	27,699	292,449
8 Creditors		
	2017	2016
Note	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	7,697	943
Taxation and social security	3,397	17,892
Other creditors	12,745	244,817
Total current trade and other creditors	23,839	263,652

9 Dividends

There were no dividends paid or proposed in either the current year or the previous year.

10 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with other related parties

As the company is wholly owned, they are exempt from disclosures regarding transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Arden Equipment SAS, incorporated in France.

These financial statements are available upon request from The Secretary, Z.I. De Montjoly, 14 Avenue De L'Industries, Charlesville-Mezieres, 08000, France.