Company Registration No. 08368703 (England and Wales)
ESSOR LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 JANUARY 2022
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10 Bridge Street Christchurch
Dorset BH23 1EF

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# COMPANY INFORMATION

**Directors** Mr N B A Jacquart

Mr O S Mernick-Levene

Mr A D Wolfson

Company number 08368703

Registered office 60 Longley Road

Harrow England HA1 4TH

Accountants TC Group

10 Bridge Street Christchurch Dorset BH23 1EF

ESSOR LTD

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		4,626		7, <b>1</b> 61
Investments	5		-		200
			4,626		7,361
Current assets					
Debtors	7	59,758		121,344	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,684,261		473,739	
		1,744,019		595,083	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(622,968)		(376,336)	
Net current assets			1,121,051		218,747
Total assets less current liabilities			1,125,677		226,108
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		-		(45,833)
Net assets			1,125,677		180,275
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		185		162
Share premium account			2,035,122		1,035,152
Profit and loss reserves			(909,630)		(855,039)
Total equity			1,125,677		180,275

### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

### AS AT 31 JANUARY 2022

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 January 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 October 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr N B A Jacquart
Director

Company Registration No. 08368703

The notes on pages 4 to 10 form part of these financial statements

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Company information**

Essor Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 60 Longley Road, Harrow, England, HA1 4TH.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue from the provision of tours is recognised upon the completion of the tour, any amounts received in advance of tours are deferred until the tour has been provided.

### 1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life.

### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Office equipment 5 years straight line Computer equipment 3 years straight line

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

### 1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

### 1.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

### 1.11 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

# 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2022 Number	2021 Number
	Total	3	7
3	Intangible fixed assets		
			Goodwill
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 February 2021		10,124
	Disposals		(10,124)
	At 31 January 2022		
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At 1 February 2021		10,124
	Transfers		(10,124)
	At 31 January 2022		-
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 January 2022		
	At 31 January 2021		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

4	Tangible fixed assets			
		Office equipment	Computer equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 February 2021	12,179	10,035	22,214
	Additions	2,014		2,014
	At 31 January 2022	14,193	10,035	24,228
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 February 2021	8,684	6,369	15,053
	Depreciation charged in the year	1,513	3,036	<b>4,54</b> 9
	At 31 January 2022	10,197	9,405	19,602
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 January 2022	3,996	630	4,626
	At 31 January 2021	3,494	3,667	7,161
5	Fixed asset investments			2024
			2022 £	2021 £
	Other investments other than loans		_	200
	Street investments other didnitions			
	Movements in fixed asset investments			
				vestments than loans
			Other	tilali loalis
	Cost or valuation			£
	At 1 February 2021			200
	Valuation changes			(200)
	At 31 January 2022			
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 January 2022			_
	THE SECOND PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE SECOND PROPERTY ADDRESS O			
	At 31 January 2021			200

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

6	Subsidiaries			
	Details of the company's subsi	idiaries at 31 January 2022 are as follows:		
	Name of undertaking	Registered office	Class of shares held	% Held Direct
	Essor Inc	USA	Ordinary	100.00
7	Debtors			
	Amounts falling due within or	ne vear	2022 £	2021 £
	1111001113 1211116 242 William O	,	_	-
	Trade debtors		3,670	-
	Other debtors		56,088	121,344
			59,758	121,344
8	Creditors: amounts falling due	e within one year		
			2022	2021
			£	£
	Bank loans		-	4,167
	Trade creditors		4,373	3,634
	Taxation and social security		11,418	6,504
	Other creditors		607,177	362,031
			622,968	376,336
9	Creditors: amounts falling due	a after many than and user		
5	Creditors, amounts family du	e arter more than one year	2022	2021
			£	£
				45.022
	Bank loans and overdrafts			45,833
10	Financial instruments			
	Included in the amounts show classification of which are furt	n as Debtors and Creditors above are financial assets an her analysed below:	d financial liabilitie	es, the
		•	2022	2021
			£	£
	Carrying amount of financial a			
	Instruments measured at fair v	value through profit or loss	-	200

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

### 11 Called up share capital

Caneu up sitale Capital	2022	2021 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	r	ı
18,486 Ordinary A (2021 : £16,175 Ordinary A) of 1p each 12 Ordinary B (2021 : 11 Ordinary B) of 1p each	185	162

The company has allotted 2,311 Ordinary A shares at premium and 1 Ordinary B share at par during the year.

# 12 Operating lease commitments

### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2022	2021	
£	£	
21,110	29,555	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.