Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2015

for

PLANET SHOWROOMS LTD

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PLANET SHOWROOMS LTD

Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2015

DIRECTOR:	LJ Jeffrey
SECRETARY:	LJ Jeffrey
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Unit K1 St Erth Industrial Estate Nr Hayle Cornwall TR27 6LP
REGISTERED NUMBER:	08337725 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Kelsall Steele Ltd Chartered Accountants Woodlands Court Truro Business Park Truro Cornwall TR4 9NH

Balance Sheet 31 December 2015

		2015		2014	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		1,880		2,490
Tangible assets	5		1,627		2,301
			3,507		4,791
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		17,180		10,620	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	9,086		7,323	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,067		<u> 17,731</u>	
		34,333		35,674	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>45,398</u>		<u>44,901</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(11,065</u>)		<u>(9,227</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			(7.550)		(4.400)
LIABILITIES			(7,558)		(4,436)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	8		562		237
NET LIABILITIES			(8,120)		(4,673)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			400		400
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			(8,220)		<u>(4,773)</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>(8,120</u>)		<u>(4,673</u>)

Balance Sheet - continued 31 December 2015

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at
- the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 5 August 2016 and were signed by:

LJ Jeffrey - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

1. COMPANY INFORMATION

Planet Showrooms Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for the modification to a fair value basis for certain financial instruments as specified in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound sterling.

This is the first year in which the financial statements have been prepared under FRS 102. The date of transition was 1 January 2014. No balances have required restatement on transition, and there has been no affect to profit or loss, or reserves to report.

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the period.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2014, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

Computer software

Computer software is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of four years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost Motor vehicles - 25% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to the profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from total comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments" and Section 12 "Other Financial Instruments" of FRS102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified into specified categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial asset or liability and is determined at the time of recognition.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, unless the arrangement constitute a financing transaction, where the transaction is measure at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Basic financial liabilities, which include trade and other payables are initially measured at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Going concern

At 31 December 2015 the balance sheet showed a net liability position. However the directors have pledged their continued support to the business in order to turn the balance sheet deficit around.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4.

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

4.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Goodwill	Computer software	Totals
	0007	£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 January 2015	400	0.400	0.500
	and 31 December 2015	<u> 100</u>		2,500
	AMORTISATION	40		40
	At 1 January 2015	10	-	10
	Amortisation for year	10	600	610
	At 31 December 2015	20	600	<u>620</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE	00	4.000	4.000
	At 31 December 2015	<u>80</u>	<u>1,800</u>	1,880
	At 31 December 2014	<u> </u>		<u>2,490</u>
5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Fixtures		
		and	Motor	
		fittings	vehicles	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1 January 2015	1,733	1,980	3,713
	Additions	<u>381</u>		<u> 381</u>
	At 31 December 2015	<u>2,114</u>	<u>1,980</u>	4,094
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2015	546	866	1,412
	Charge for year	560	<u>495</u>	1,055
	At 31 December 2015	<u>1,106</u>	1,361	2,467
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2015	<u>1,008</u>	<u>619</u>	<u>1,627</u>
	At 31 December 2014	1,187	<u>1,114</u>	2,301
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			2015	2014
			£	£
	Trade debtors		3,544	967
	Other debtors		5,542	6,356
			9,086	7,323

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2015

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2015	2014
	£	£
Trade creditors	30,105	25,844
Taxation and social security	3,527	4,048
Other creditors	11,766	15,009
	45,398	44,901
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
	2015	2014
	£	£
Deferred tax	<u>562</u>	237
		Deferred
		tax
		£

	tax
	£
Balance at 1 January 2015	237
Movement in the year	325
Balance at 31 December 2015	562

9. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014:

	2015 £	2014 £
LJ Jeffrey		
Balance outstanding at start of year	(4,603)	4,336
Amounts advanced	5,332	4,659
Amounts repaid	(2,195)	(13,598)
Amounts written off	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	(1,466)	(4,603)

10. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

8.

The director of the company, LJ Jeffrey, holds a controlling interest in the company by virtue of his 100% shareholding in the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.