

Company Registration No. 08324338 (England and Wales)

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

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VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provision relating to small companies under section 415a of the Companies Act 2006.

The Company has also taken advantage of the small companies' exemption not to prepare a Strategic Report.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company continued to be that of investment in commercial property.

The Directors are actively seeking opportunities for investment.

On 1 January 2022, the CLS Holdings plc group converted its UK operations to a REIT. As a result of the conversion, the Company will pay no UK corporation tax on its UK property operations (rental income, gains on property sales and sales of companies owning UK property) which fall within the REIT regime from the 2022 financial year onwards.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

No dividends were paid. The Directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend (2020: nil).

Directors

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

David Fuller	(Appointed 1 July 2021)
Andrew Kirkman	
Alain Millet	
Simon Wigzell	(Resigned 30 June 2021)
Fredrik Widlund	

Directors' insurance

Qualifying third-party indemnity provisions (as defined in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006) are in force for the benefit of the Directors who held office in 2021. The ultimate parent company CLS Holdings plc maintains liability insurance for its Directors and Directors of its associated companies.

Future developments

At the date of approval of this report, the Directors do not intend to change the principal activities of the Company from those described above.

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) including Financial Reporting Standard 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the balance sheet date and of the profit or loss of the Company for the period ending on that date. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Deloitte LLP served as auditor of the Company during the year.

Ernst & Young Limited was appointed as the auditor of CLS Holdings plc, the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, at its annual general meeting on 28th April 2022 and it is intended that Ernst & Young Limited will also be appointed as auditor to the Company during 2022.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as each Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Directors consider there are a number of potential risks and uncertainties which could have a material impact on the Company's performance and could cause the actual results to differ materially from expected or historical results; the management and mitigation of these risks are the responsibility of the Directors of the Company. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CLS Holdings plc (together with other subsidiaries, the "Group") and is managed on a day-to-day basis by employees of the Group. The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Company are broadly grouped as funding risk, political and economic risk, and COVID-19 pandemic risk.

Funding Risk

The unavailability of financing at acceptable prices, adverse interest rate movements or a breach in borrowing covenants may have a detrimental effect on the ability of the Company to meet its financial obligations. In order to mitigate this risk, the Group's treasury function closely monitors the performance of the Company and looks to limit its exposure through various financial hedging instruments.

Political and Economic Risk

To date, the Company has experienced little direct impact following the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union. However, it is harder to assess whether there have been indirect impacts. As noted by many commentators, including the World Economic Forum, the global level of uncertainty has increased. We continue to monitor whether additional risk mitigation actions need to be taken to counter greater expected increases in inflation and interest rates, and overall economic disruption.

COVID-19 Pandemic Risk

The COVID-19 pandemic presents several potential economic impacts to the global economy, which may affect the value of net assets and profitability. The Directors will continue to review any developments in the COVID-19 pandemic in the context of the risks presented to the Company's business.

The Directors have considered the risks attached to the Company's financial instruments. The Company's exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not considered material to the assessment of assets and liabilities in the financial statements. Further discussion of risks and uncertainties, in the context of the Group as a whole, is provided in the Group's annual report which does not form part of this report and can be found on www.cls Holdings.com or from its registered address (see note 12).

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future despite the net current liability position at 31 December 2021. The Directors are in receipt of an unequivocal letter of support from the Parent Company confirming that sufficient funds will be available to ensure all liabilities are met as they fall due for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements, so long as the Company is a wholly owned direct or indirect subsidiary of its current ultimate parent company (note 12). The Directors do not expect that the ownership of the Company will change in the foreseeable future. The Board of Directors of CLS Holdings plc have assessed the resilience of the Group particularly with reference to the impact of COVID-19. This assessment supports the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. Thus the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf



David Fuller

Company Secretary

14 June 2022

16 Tinworth Street, London, SE11 5AL

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Vauxhall Square One Limited (the "Company"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 12.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the Company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. These included the UK Companies Act and tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax and real estate specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance and reviewing correspondence with HMRC.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Georgina Robb FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor

London, United Kingdom

14 June 2022

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Direct operating expenses		-	(13,414)
Administrative expenses		(9,542)	(7,826)
Operating loss		<u>(9,542)</u>	<u>(21,240)</u>
Interest receivable and similar income	6	220,822	252,860
Profit before taxation		<u>211,280</u>	<u>231,620</u>
Tax on profit	7	(40,143)	(44,008)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year attributable to the owners of the Company		<u><u>171,137</u></u>	<u><u>187,612</u></u>

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There were no items of other comprehensive income other than those stated above for either year.

The notes 1 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Current assets			
Debtors falling due after one year	8	9,538,578	9,430,063
Debtors	8	-	1,560
Cash at bank and in hand		1,654	95
		<u>9,540,232</u>	<u>9,431,718</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Trade and other payables	9	(45,988)	(104,746)
Current tax payable		(40,143)	(44,008)
		<u>(86,131)</u>	<u>(148,754)</u>
Net current assets		<u>9,454,101</u>	<u>9,282,964</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>9,454,101</u>	<u>9,282,964</u>
Net assets		<u>9,454,101</u>	<u>9,282,964</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	7,501	7,501
Share premium account		7,492,500	7,492,500
Profit and loss account		1,954,100	1,782,963
Total equity		<u>9,454,101</u>	<u>9,282,964</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 14 June 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:



Andrew Kirkman
Director

Company Registration No. 08324338

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Balance at 1 January 2020	7,501	7,492,500	1,595,351	9,095,352
Year ended 31 December 2020:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	187,612	187,612
Balance at 31 December 2020	7,501	7,492,500	1,782,963	9,282,964
Year ended 31 December 2021:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	171,137	171,137
Balance at 31 December 2021	7,501	7,492,500	1,954,100	9,454,101

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Vauxhall Square One Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006, and registered in England. The registered office is 16 Tinworth Street, London, SE11 5AL.

1.1 Accounting convention

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under Financial Reporting Standard 100 (FRS 100) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework* as issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' report on page 1.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future despite the net current liability position at 31 December 2021. The Directors are in receipt of an unequivocal letter of support from the Parent Company confirming that sufficient funds will be available to ensure all liabilities are met as they fall due for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements, so long as the Company is a wholly owned direct or indirect subsidiary of its current ultimate parent company (note 12). The Directors do not expect that the ownership of the Company will change in the foreseeable future. The Board of Directors of CLS Holdings plc have assessed the resilience of the Group particularly with reference to the impact of COVID-19. This assessment supports the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. Thus the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.4 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the Company's balance sheet when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are classified into specified categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, other than those classified as fair value through profit and loss, which are measured at fair value.

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Loans and receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequently they are measured at amortised cost with a recognised loss allowance for expected credit losses which is measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit loss. An impairment provision is created where there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect the receivable in full.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

1.5 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss or other financial liabilities. Trade and other payables are stated at cost, which equates to fair value.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Company's obligations are discharged or cancelled, or when they expire.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the Company.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

Current tax

Current tax is based on taxable profit or loss for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2 Adoption of new and revised standards and changes in accounting policies

No new accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that were effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 have had an impact on the Company.

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors have considered the judgements that have been made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, and which of those judgements have the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

In the Directors' opinion for the year ended 31 December 2021 there are no accounting estimates or judgements that are material to the financial statements.

4 Auditor's remuneration

	2021	2020
	£	£
Fees payable to the Company's auditor:		
For audit services		
Audit of the Company's financial statements	1,980	1,500

No fees were payable to Deloitte LLP for non-audit services to the Company during the year (2020: nil).

5 Employees

The Company did not have any employees in the year (2020: none).

No fees or other emoluments were paid to the Directors of the Company during the year (2020: nil) in respect of their services to the Company. The Directors were paid by another entity within the Group.

6 Interest receivable and similar income

	2021	2020
	£	£
Interest income		
Interest receivable from group companies	220,822	252,860

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7 Tax on profit

	2021 £	2020 £
Current tax		
Current year taxation	40,143	44,008

The rate of corporation tax for the year beginning 1 January 2021 was 19%. The weighted average corporation tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2021 was 19% (2020: 19%).

The standard rate of UK corporation tax will increase from the current 19% to 25% from 1 April 2023.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Profit before taxation	211,280	231,620
Expected tax charge based on a corporation tax rate of 19% (2020: 19%)	40,143	44,008
Tax charge for the year	40,143	44,008

8 Debtors

	2020 £	Non-current 2021 £	2020 £
VAT recoverable	1,560	-	-
Amounts due from fellow group undertakings	-	9,538,578	9,430,063
	1,560	9,538,578	9,430,063

Debtors include a balance of £9,538,578 (2020: £9,430,063) due from a fellow group undertaking, which is due for repayment on 31 December 2023. Interest on this loan is charged at a rate of LIBOR plus a margin of 2.25% (2020: LIBOR plus a margin of 2.25%).

9 Trade and other payables

	Current 2021 £	2020 £
Amounts due to fellow group undertakings	45,988	104,746

VAUXHALL SQUARE ONE LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10	Called up share capital	2021	2020
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	<i>Authorised, issued and fully paid</i>		
	7,501 ordinary shares of £1 each	7,501	7,501
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income.

11 Post balance sheet events

On 1 January 2022, the CLS Holdings plc group converted its UK operations to a REIT. As a result of the conversion, the Company will pay no UK corporation tax on its UK property operations (rental income, gains on property sales and sales of companies owning UK property) which fall within the REIT regime from the 2022 financial year onwards.

12 Controlling party

The Directors consider that the immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is CLS Holdings plc, which is incorporated in the United Kingdom. The financial statements of the Company are consolidated into the CLS Holdings plc group accounts for the year ended 31 December 2021, being the largest and only Group into which the Company's financial statements are consolidated. Copies of the Group financial statements are publicly available and may be obtained from its registered address, CLS Holdings plc, 16 Tinworth Street, London, SE11 5AL.