Registered number: 08319363

KAPPA SHARES INVESTMENTS LIMITED

DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director

S Farrugia

Registered number

08319363

Registered office

3rd Floor, Watson House 54 Baker Street London W1U 7BU

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Director

The director who served during the year was:

S Farrugia

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the director have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

S Farrugia Director

Date: 17 MAY 2017

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The Company has not traded during the year. During this period, the Company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made neither profit or loss.

KAPPA SHARES INVESTMENTS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 08319363

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Note		2016 £		2015 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		712,189		712,189
		•	712,189	-	712,189
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(264,128)		(264,128)	
Net current liabilities			(264,128)		(264,128)
Total assets less current liabilities		•	448,061	-	448,061
Net assets			448,061	<u>-</u>	448,061
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10		10
Profit and loss account			448,051		448,051
		-	448,061	_	448,061

For the year ended 31 December 2016 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006.

Members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

S Farrugi Director

Date: 17 MAY 2017

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company accounting policies.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors consider this to be appropriate given the strength of the balance sheet.

1.3 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and in non-puttable ordinary and preference shares are measured:

- at fair value with changes recognised in the income statement if the shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably;
- at cost less impairment for all other investments.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

1.5 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2.	Dividends					
					2016 £	
	Dividends				-	70,000
		•				70,000
3.	Fixed asset inves	tments				
		•				Investment
		·				in subsidiary £
	Cost or valuation					
	At 1 January 2016					712,189
	At 31 December 20	016				712,189
	Net book value					
	At 31 December 20	016				712,189
	At 31 December 20	015				712,189
•	Subsidiary under	takings				
	The following were	subsidiary unde	rtakings of t	he Company:	•	
	Name	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity		
	Kappa Shares Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Investment company		

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2016 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

Kappa Shares Limited	Aggregate of share capital and reserves £ 1,308,296	Profit £ 122,436
	1,308,296	122,436

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

4.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	264,128	264,128
		264,128	264,128
5.	Financial instruments		
	·	2016 £	2015 £

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise of amounts owed to group undertakings.

6. Related party transactions

Under FRS 102 Section 33, the company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions with its subsidiary.

7. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party of the entity is S A Farrugia.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

264,128

264,128

(264, 128)

(264, 128)