

Company number: 08223038

**HAWKES CIDER LIMITED**  
("Company")

**STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE RE REDUCTION OF CAPITAL SUPPORTED BY  
SOLVENCY STATEMENT**  
(pursuant to section 644(5) of the Companies Act 2006)

The Company has taken steps to effect the following capital reduction ("**Capital Reduction**") supported by a solvency statement made by the directors of the Company on 19 May 2021 pursuant to section 642 of the Companies Act 2006 ("**Solvency Statement**"):

- A. cancelling 926,641 of the Company's ordinary shares of £1 each (leaving one issued ordinary share of £1 in the capital of the Company); and
- B. cancelling all of the Company's share premium account in the amount of £524,958, and crediting £1,451,599.00 to a newly created capital reduction reserve.

We, being all the directors of the Company, confirm that:

1. the Solvency Statement was made not more than 15 days before the date on which the special resolution approving the Capital Reduction was passed; and
2. a copy of the Solvency Statement was provided to every eligible member in accordance with section 642(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on 19 May 2021 by each of the directors of the Company:

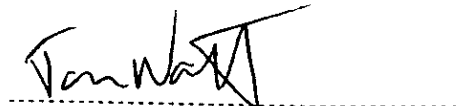
**ALAN MARTIN DICKIE:**

) Signature



**JAMES BRUCE WATT:**

) Signature



**NEIL ALLAN SIMPSON:**

) Signature



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## **28. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH CALL NOTICE: AUTOMATIC CONSEQUENCES**

28.1 If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the call payment date:

- (a) the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person; and
- (b) until the call is paid, that person must pay the Company interest on the call from the call payment date at the relevant rate.

28.2 For the purposes of this article:

- (a) the "**call payment date**" is the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the directors give a notice specifying a later date, in which case the "**call payment date**" is that later date; and
- (b) the "relevant rate" is
  - (i) the rate fixed by the terms on which the share in respect of which the call is due was allotted;
  - (ii) such other rate as was fixed in the call notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the directors; or
  - (iii) if no rate is fixed in either of these ways, 5 per cent per annum.

28.3 The relevant rate must not exceed by more than 5 percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998.

28.4 The directors may waive any obligation to pay interest on a call wholly or in part.

## **29. NOTICE OF INTENDED FORFEITURE**

A notice of intended forfeiture:

- (a) may be sent in respect of any share in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a call notice;
- (b) must be sent to the holder of that share (or all the joint holders of that share) or to a transmittee of that holder;
- (c) must require payment of the call and any accrued interest and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment by a date which is not less than 14 clear days after the date of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires);
- (d) must state how the payment is to be made; and
- (e) *must state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited.*

### **30. DIRECTORS' POWER TO FORFEIT SHARES**

If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, the directors may decide that any share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

### **31. EFFECT OF FORFEITURE**

31.1 Subject to the Articles, the forfeiture of a share extinguishes:

- (a) all interests in that share, and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of it; and
- (b) all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share as between the person whose share it was prior to the forfeiture and the Company.

31.2 Any share which is forfeited in accordance with the Articles:

- (a) is deemed to have been forfeited when the directors decide that it is forfeited;
- (b) is deemed to be the property of the Company; and
- (c) may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the directors think fit.

31.3 If a person's shares have been forfeited:

- (a) the Company must send that person notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of shareholders;
- (b) that person ceases to be a shareholder in respect of those shares;
- (c) that person must surrender the certificate for the shares forfeited to the Company for cancellation;
- (d) that person remains liable to the Company for all sums payable by that person under the Articles at the date of forfeiture in respect of those shares, including any interest (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture); and
- (e) the directors may waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

31.4 At any time before the Company disposes of a forfeited share, the directors may decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls, interest and expenses due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit.

### **32. PROCEDURE FOLLOWING FORFEITURE**

32.1 If a forfeited share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the Company may receive the consideration for the transfer and the directors may authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer.

- 32.2 A statutory declaration by a director or the Company secretary that the declarant is a director or the Company secretary and that a share has been forfeited on a specified date:
- (a) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share; and
  - (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the Articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share.
- 32.3 A person to whom a forfeited share is transferred is not bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor is that person's title to the share affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the share.
- 32.4 If the Company sells a forfeited share, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture is entitled to receive from the Company the proceeds of such sale, net of any commission, and excluding any amount which:
- (a) was, or would have become, payable; and
  - (b) had not, when that share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that share,
- but no interest is payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds and the Company is not required to account for any money earned on them.

### **33. SURRENDER OF SHARES**

- 33.1 A shareholder may surrender any share:
- (a) in respect of which the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture;
  - (b) which the directors may forfeit; or
  - (c) which has been forfeited.
- 33.2 The directors may accept the surrender of any such share.
- 33.3 The effect of surrender on a share is the same as the effect of forfeiture on that share.
- 33.4 A share which has been surrendered may be dealt with in the same way as a share which has been forfeited.