COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08201134

Heard & Stone Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 September 2022

Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2022

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Chartered Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Heard & Stone Limited

Year ended 30 September 2022

As described on the statement of financial position, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2022, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes. You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

HARPER SHELDON LIMITED Chartered Accountants
Midway House Staverton Technology Park Herrick Way, Staverton Cheltenham, Glos. GL51 6TQ
29 June 2023

Statement of Financial Position

30 September 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	186,758	190,918
Current assets			
Debtors	5	6,347	3,468
Cash at bank and in hand		49,743	
		56,090	34,473
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	282,884	277,402
Net current liabilities		226,794	242,929
Total assets less current liabilities		(40,036)	(52,011)
Net liabilities			(52,011)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(40,136)	(52,111)
Shareholders deficit		(40,036)	(52,011)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 September 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 September 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 June 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Miss J A Heard

Director

Company registration number: 08201134

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 7B Suffolk Street, Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, GL50 2DH, United Kingdom.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost. Depreciation is started once the assets are brought in to use.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Buildings - 2% straight line Fixtures & Fittings - 5% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

4. Tangible assets

v	Freehold property £	Fixture fi	s and ittings £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 October 2021	185,265	4	2,293	227,558
Additions	_		1,740	1,740
At 30 September 2022	185,265	4	4,033	229,298
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2021	21,833	1	4,807	36,640
Charge for the year	3,705		2,195	5,900
At 30 September 2022	25,538	1	7,002	42,540
Carrying amount				
At 30 September 2022	159,727		7,031	186,758
At 30 September 2021	163,432		7,486 	190,918
5. Debtors				
		2022	202	1
		£	;	£
Other debtors		6,347	3,46	
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				····
		2022	202	1
		£	;	£
Trade creditors		720		_
Corporation tax		156		_
Social security and other taxes		1,455	62	0
Other creditors	_	1,585		_
Other creditors	2	278,968	276,78	
	2	282,884		

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.