Registered number: 08189455

REALITY CHECK SYSTEMS EMEA LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Reality Check Systems Emea Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

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Reality Check Systems Emea Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2020

Registered number: 08189455

	2020		2019	
otes	£	£	£	£
3		292,483		72,773
			_	
		292,483		72,773
	·		· ·	
	582,255		610,397	
(5/2,6/1		1,039,710	
-	(CE 24E)		(242,620.)	
<u> </u>	(05,345)	_	(212,628)	
	_	607,326	_	827,082
	_	899,809	_	899,855
		000 000		200 055
	_	899,809 ———	=	899,855 ————
6		10		10
	_	899,799	_	899,845
	_	899,809	_	899,855
	3 4 5	3 90,416 582,255 672,671 5 (65,345) ————————————————————————————————————	292,483 292,483 292,483 4 90,416 582,255 672,671 5 (65,345) 607,326 899,809 899,809 10 899,799	292,483 292,483 4 90,416 429,313 610,397 672,671 1,039,710 5 (65,345) (212,628) 607,326 899,809 899,809 10 899,799

Reality Check Systems Emea Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2020

For the year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Michael Ward

Director **11/05/2021**

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Reality Check Systems Emea Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & Fittings 33% Straight Line Computer Equipment 33% straight line

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2020

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2020	2019
Office and administration	2	4
Sales, marketing and distribution	3	3
	5	7

Reality Check Systems Emea Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

3. Tangible Assets			
	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 January 2020	3,000	376,382	379,382
Additions		371,897	371,897
As at 31 December 2020	3,000	748,279	751,279
Depreciation			
As at 1 January 2020	3,000	303,609	306,609
Provided during the period		152,187	152,187
As at 31 December 2020	3,000	455,796	458,796
Net Book Value			
As at 31 December 2020		292,483	292,483
As at 1 January 2020	-	72,773	72,773
4. Debtors			
555.6.5		2020	2019
		£	£
Due within one year			
Trade debtors		46,395	385,337
Prepayments and accrued income		14,861	14,602
Other debtors	_	29,160	29,374
	_	90,416	429,313
5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year			
-		2020	2019
		£	£
Corporation tax		-	96,262
VAT		33,840	106,824
Other creditors		20,018	9,542
Accruals and deferred income	_	11,487	-
	_	65,345	212,628
6. Share Capital	_		
o. Simila depreui		2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	_	10	10

7. Related Party Transactions

Reality Check Solutions Inc

Parent Company owns 100% of the share capital

Charge to Reality Check Solutions EMEA Ltd of £476,940 (2019: £1,482,124)

Reality Check Systems Emea Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2020

8. General Information

Reality Check Systems Emea Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08189455. The registered office is Morley House Badminton Court, Church Street, Amersham, Buckinghamshire, HP7 0DD.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.