

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

Mizzen Mezzco Limited

The Companies Act 2006
Company Limited by Shares

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTERPRETATION	1
1. Defined terms.....	1
DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY	2
2. Change of name.....	2
3. Sole director	2
4. Calling a directors' meeting.....	2
5. Participation in directors' meetings	2
6. Quorum for directors' meetings.....	3
7. Voting	3
8. No chairman's casting vote.....	3
9. Proposing directors' written resolutions	3
10. Adaption of directors' written resolutions	3
11. Transactions with the Company.....	3
12. Conflicts of interest.....	4
13. Director not liable to account	5
14. Declarations of interest	5
15. Chairman's decision on participation	5
16. Appointment and removal by Majority Member	5
17. Termination of alternate directorship	6
18. Appointment and removal of secretary	6
DECISION-MAKING BY MEMBERS	6
Voting at general meetings	6
19. Procedure on a Poll.....	6
20. Delivery of proxy notices	6
21. No voting of shares on which money owed to the Company	6
SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS	7
22. Powers to issue different classes of shares.....	7
23. alteration of share capital	7
24. Purchase of shares	7
25. Pre-emption rights.....	7
26. Lien.....	7
27. Share transfers.....	7
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	8
28. Means of communication to be used	8
29. Company seals	8
30. Right to inspect accounts and other records	8
31. Winding up	8

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

Mizzen Mezzco Limited (the “**Company**”)

Part 1

INTERPRETATION

1. DEFINED TERMS

- 1.1 The model articles for public companies (as set out in Schedule 3 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 SI No 3229 as amended before the date of adoption of these articles) (the “**Model Articles**”) apply to the Company, except to the extent that they are excluded or modified by these articles, to the exclusion of all other model articles and regulations.
- 1.2 Model Articles 11, 13, 14, 16, 18(4), 21, 28, 37(1)-(2), 37(4)-(5), 37(7)-(8), 39(1), 39(3)-(7), 43(2), 46(2), 50, 51, 52, 63(5)-(6), 64, 67(3), 76(2), 79(3), 80, 81(6)-(7) and 83 do not apply to the Company.
- 1.3 In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the words and expressions set out below shall have the following meanings:

Act	the Companies Act 2006
Associated Undertaking	any Group Undertaking, any undertaking promoted by or advised by or managed by a Group Undertaking and any undertaking in which a Group Undertaking is otherwise interested
Board	the board of directors of the Company
Group Undertaking	the Company, its subsidiary undertakings from time to time, the ultimate parent undertaking of the Company from time to time and every other undertaking which from time to time is a subsidiary undertaking of the same ultimate parent undertaking
Holdco Articles	means the articles of association of Platinum Credit Holdco Limited dated on or around the date hereof, as may be amended from time to time
Majority Member	as defined in Article 15
paid	paid or credited as paid
Relevant Situation	a situation in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company (other than a situation that cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest or a conflict of interest arising in relation to a transaction or arrangement with the Company)

Sponsor Director

means any director who is an employee, director, officer, consultant or partner of (i) the Sponsor (as defined in the Holdco articles) or (ii) an Affiliate of the Sponsor (each as defined in the Holdco articles), and who shall be designated as a "Sponsor Director" in accordance with the terms of their appointment as director

- 1.4 The terms "parent undertaking" and "subsidiary undertaking" shall be construed in accordance with section 1162 and Schedule 7 Companies Act 2006, save that an undertaking shall also be treated, for the purposes only of the membership requirement contained in subsections 1162(2)(b) and (d), as a member of another undertaking if any shares in that other undertaking are held by a person (or its nominee) by way of security or in connection with the taking of security granted by the undertaking or any of its subsidiary undertakings.
- 1.5 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles.
- 1.6 References to statutory provisions or enactments shall include references to any amendment, modification, extension, consolidation, replacement or re-enactment of any such provision or enactment from time to time in force and to any regulation, instrument or order or other subordinate legislation made under such provision or enactment.

Part 2

DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY

Directors' powers

2. CHANGE OF NAME

The Company may change its name:

- (a) by special resolution; or
- (b) by decision of the directors.

Decision-making by directors

3. SOLE DIRECTOR

If the Company only has one director for the time being, the director may (for as long as he remains the sole director) take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of the Articles relating to directors' decision-making.

4. CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING

Model Article 8(2) shall be modified by the addition of the words "(if any)" after the words "company secretary".

5. PARTICIPATION IN DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

Model Article 9(3) shall be modified by the addition of the sentence "In the absence of a decision the meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is." at the end of the Article.

6. QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

Model Article 10(2) shall be modified by the deletion of the words "but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is two" and the addition of the words "but shall be (a) one director, if the Company has only one director; and (b) two directors, if the Company has more than one director".

7. VOTING

At a meeting where:

- (a) Sponsor Directors constitute a majority of the directors present, each director shall have one vote with respect to each matter voted upon by the Board at such meeting; or
- (b) Sponsor Directors do not constitute a majority of the directors present, the Sponsor Directors present shall have, between them, such number of votes as is necessary to constitute a majority with respect to each matter voted upon by the Board at such meeting, and each director present who is not a Sponsor Director shall have one vote with respect to each matter voted upon by the Board at such meeting.

8. NO CHAIRMAN'S CASTING VOTE

If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal at a directors' meeting, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting shall not have a casting vote.

9. PROPOSING DIRECTORS' WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

Model Article 17(2) shall be modified by the addition of the words "(if any)" after the words "company secretary".

10. ADAPTION OF DIRECTORS' WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

- 10.1 Model Article 18(1) shall be modified by the addition of the words "or have otherwise indicated their agreement to it in writing" after the words "have signed one or more copies of it".
- 10.2 Model Article 18(2) shall be modified by the addition of the words "or indicates his agreement" after the words "any director signs the resolution".

11. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE COMPANY

- 11.1 Provided that he has declared to the other directors the nature and extent of any interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office may be a party to, or otherwise directly or indirectly interested in, any proposed or existing transaction or arrangement with the Company.
- 11.2 Subject to Article 10.3 and provided that he has declared to the other directors the nature and extent of any interest of his, a director may participate in the decision-making process and count in the quorum and vote if a proposed decision of the directors is concerned with an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company in which the director is interested.
- 11.3 A director shall not count in the quorum and vote on a proposal under consideration concerning his appointment to an office or employment with the Company or any undertaking in which the Company is interested. Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to any such offices or employments the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to participate in the decision-making process and count in the quorum and vote in respect of each decision except that concerning his own appointment.

12. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 12.1 A director, notwithstanding his office or that such situation or interest may conflict with the interests of or his duties to the Company:
- (a) may be from time to time a director or other officer of, or employed by, or otherwise interested in, any Associated Undertaking;
 - (b) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any contract, transaction or arrangement in which an Associated Undertaking is interested.
- 12.2 A director may make full disclosure of any information relating to the Company to another Group Undertaking (or anyone acting on behalf of any such Group Undertaking, including its advisers).
- 12.3 If a director obtains (other than through his position as a director of the Company) information that is confidential to an Associated Undertaking, or in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to an Associated Undertaking, or the disclosure of which would amount to a breach of applicable law or regulation, he may choose not to disclose it to the Company or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs in circumstances where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence or a breach of applicable law or regulation.
- 12.4 A director who has an interest under Article 11.1 shall declare to the other directors the nature and extent of his interest as soon as practicable after such interest arises, except to the extent that Article 11.3 applies.
- 12.5 Without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 11.1 to 11.3, for the purposes of section 175(5)(a) of the Act the directors may authorise a Relevant Situation in respect of any director and the continuing performance by the relevant director of his duties as a director of the Company on such terms as they may determine. For the avoidance of doubt, such terms may permit the interested director to continue to participate in the decision-making process and count in the quorum and vote if a proposed decision of the directors relates to the subject matter of the Relevant Situation. Authorisation of a Relevant Situation may be withdrawn, and the terms of authorisation may be varied or subsequently imposed, at any time.
- 12.6 Any decision of the directors for the purposes of providing, varying the terms of or withdrawing such authorisation shall not be effective unless:
- (a) the requirement as to the quorum is met without counting the interested director or any other interested director; and
 - (b) the decision is made without the interested director or any other interested director voting or would have been passed if their votes had not been counted,
- but otherwise shall be dealt with in the same way as any other matter may be proposed to and resolved upon by the directors in accordance with the provisions of these Articles.
- 12.7 An interested director must act in accordance with any terms determined by the directors under Article 11.5.
- 12.8 Any authorisation of a Relevant Situation given by the directors under Article 11.5 may provide that, where the interested director obtains (other than through his position as a director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party or in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to a third party or the disclosure of which would amount to a breach of applicable law or regulation, he will not be obliged to disclose it to the Company or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs in circumstances where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence or a breach of applicable law or regulation.
- 12.9 Provided that a Relevant Situation has been duly authorised by the directors or the Company (or it is permitted under Article 11.1 and its nature and extent has been disclosed to the other directors in accordance with Article 13), a director may participate in the decision-making

process and count in the quorum and vote if a proposed decision of the directors is concerned with such situation (subject to any restrictions imposed under the terms on which it was authorised).

- 12.10 References in these Articles to a conflict of interest include a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties, and an interest includes both a direct and an indirect interest.

13. **DIRECTOR NOT LIABLE TO ACCOUNT**

A director shall not, by reason of his holding office as a director (or of the fiduciary relationship established by holding that office), be liable to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit resulting from any situation or interest permitted under Article 10 or 11 or duly authorised by the directors or the Company, nor shall the receipt of such remuneration, profit or other benefit constitute a breach of the director's duty under section 176 of the Act or otherwise, and no contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any director having any type of interest which is permitted under Article 10 or 11 or duly authorised by the directors or the Company.

14. **DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST**

A declaration of interest or other notification may be made by a director for the purposes of Articles 10 and 11 at a meeting of the directors or by notice in writing to the other directors. A director need not declare any interest if it cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, or if he is not aware of the interest, or if, or to the extent that, the other directors are already aware of it (and for these purposes a director shall be treated as aware of anything of which he ought reasonably to be aware) or if, or to the extent that, it concerns terms of his service contract that have been or are to be considered (a) by a meeting of the directors or (b) by a committee of the directors appointed for the purpose under the Company's constitution.

15. **CHAIRMAN'S DECISION ON PARTICIPATION**

- 15.1 Subject to Article 14.2, if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the chairman is to be final and conclusive.
- 15.2 If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes.

Appointment of directors

16. **APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL BY MAJORITY MEMBER**

- 16.1 Any member holding, or any members holding in aggregate, a majority in nominal value of the issued share capital for the time being of the Company which carries the right to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company or any undertaking which is a parent undertaking of the Company (the "**Majority Member**") may at any time and from time to time:
- (a) appoint any person to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director or remove from office any director however appointed;
 - (b) appoint any person to be an alternate director for any director (in which case the director shall during the currency of such appointment have no right to appoint an alternate director and shall have no right to remove such alternate director) or remove from office any alternate director (whether or not appointed by the Majority Member), without the consent of the director for whom such alternate is appointed and without

requiring the approval of the directors: and the term “appointor” in Model Articles 26 to 27 shall include the director for whom the alternate has been appointed; and

- (c) appoint any person (whether or not a director and notwithstanding that members of committees may otherwise be required to be directors) to be a member of any committee of directors or remove from office any member of any such committee (whether or not appointed by the Majority Member).

- 16.2 Any such appointment or removal shall be in writing notified to the Company and shall take effect on being delivered to or sent by post to the Company at its registered office or upon delivery to the company secretary (if any) or to the Company at a meeting of the directors or, if contained in electronic form, upon delivery to the address (if any) as may for the time being be notified by or on behalf of the Company for the receipt of messages in electronic form.

17. TERMINATION OF ALTERNATE DIRECTORSHIP

Model Article 27(d) shall be modified by deleting the remainder of the Article after the words “when the alternate’s appointor’s appointment as a director terminates”.

Secretary

18. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF SECRETARY

The directors may appoint a secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

Part 3

DECISION-MAKING BY MEMBERS

Organisation of general meetings

VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

19. PROCEDURE ON A POLL

Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs.

20. DELIVERY OF PROXY NOTICES

- 20.1 A proxy notice may be delivered to the Company at any time prior to the time appointed for holding the general meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.

- 20.2 An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.

- 20.3 A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.

Restrictions on members’ rights

21. NO VOTING OF SHARES ON WHICH MONEY OWED TO THE COMPANY

Article 41 of the Model Articles shall be modified by the addition of the following sentence at the end of the Article: “No voting rights attached to a share may be exercised in respect of a written resolution which would otherwise have to be proposed at a general meeting unless all amounts payable to the Company in respect of that share have been paid.”

Part 4

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

22. POWERS TO ISSUE DIFFERENT CLASSES OF SHARES

Model Article 43(1) shall be modified by the addition of the words “or, subject to and in default of such determination, as the directors shall determine” at the end of the Article.

23. ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

In exercising the power of the Company under section 618 of the Act, a resolution of the members to authorise a sub-division of shares may provide, as between the shares resulting from the sub-division, for any of them to have a preference or advantage or any other differing right, as compared with the others.

24. PURCHASE OF SHARES

For the purposes of section 692(1ZA) of the Act, the Company is authorised to purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) out of capital otherwise than in accordance with Chapter 5 of Part 18 of the Act, up to an aggregate purchase price in a financial year of the lower of: (a) £15,000; or (b) the nominal value of 5 per cent of its fully paid share capital as at the beginning of the financial year.

25. PRE-EMPTION RIGHTS

Section 561 of the Act shall not apply to the allotment by the Company of any equity security.

26. LIEN

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share or a share which has been charged or is otherwise subject to security in favour of any bank or financial institution or nominee thereof) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. For the purposes of this Article and Articles 26.1, 26.2 and 26.3 below, a certificate signed on behalf of the beneficiary of the security confirming that the relevant shares are subject to security and/or that the transfer relates to the enforcement of that security shall be conclusive evidence of those facts. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from any lien created by this Article. The Company's lien shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.

27. SHARE TRANSFERS

- 27.1 The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve, provided the transfer does not relate to a share which has been charged or is otherwise subject to security in favour of any bank or financial institution or any nominee thereof or to enforcement of any such security.
- 27.2 If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee a notice of refusal.
- 27.3 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares (provided the transfer does not relate to any shares which are charged or otherwise subject to security in favour of any bank or financial institution or any nominee thereof or to the enforcement of any such security) may be suspended at such time and for such periods (not exceeding 30 days in any year) as the directors may determine.

Part 5

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

28. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

- 28.1 Any notice or other document required by these Articles to be sent or supplied to or by the Company (other than a notice calling a meeting of the directors) shall be contained in writing.
- 28.2 Model Article 79(3) shall not apply. Any notice or other document sent by the Company under these Articles which is delivered or left at a registered address otherwise than by post shall be deemed to have been received on the day it was so delivered or left. A notice or other document sent by the Company by first class post to an address in the United Kingdom shall be deemed to have been received 24 hours after it was posted. A notice or other document sent or supplied by the Company in electronic form shall be deemed to have been received at the time it is sent. A notice sent or supplied by means of a website shall be deemed to have been received by the intended recipient at the time when the material was first available on the website or, if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website.

29. COMPANY SEALS

Model Article 81(4)(b) shall be modified by the addition of the words “(if any)” after the words “company secretary”.

30. RIGHT TO INSPECT ACCOUNTS AND OTHER RECORDS

Article 83 shall not apply. A member, subject to such conditions and regulations as the directors may determine having regard to any obligation binding upon the Company to keep confidential information supplied to it by other persons, may inspect personally or by his agent at any time and from time to time any account or book or document of the Company (and take and retain copies of them).

31. WINDING UP

If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the authority of a special resolution:

- (a) divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, (and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division will be carried out as between the members or different classes of members); and
- (b) vest the whole or any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as the liquidator determines,

but no member will be compelled to accept any assets in respect of which there is a liability.