Registered number: 08148681

**COLVILLE CAPITAL PARTNERS LIMITED** 

DIRECTORS! REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

A61

30/09/2016

## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** 

M A L Philippe N R R Philippe JAMAC

REGISTERED NUMBER

08148681

REGISTERED OFFICE

7 Vigo Street London

W1S 3HF

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Sopher + Co LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors
5 Elstree Gate

Elstree Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 1JD

BANKERS

Barclays Bank PLC

One Stanhope Gate

Mayfair London W1K 1AF

SOLICITORS

Macfarlanes LLP

20 Cursitor Street

London EC4A 1LT

## CONTENTS

	Page
Group Strategic Report	4
Directors' Report	<b>2</b> :∹3
Independent Auditors' Report	.4:-:5.
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	ï <b>6</b>
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	7
Company Statement of Financial Position	8
Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity	9 - 10
Company Statement of Changes in Equity	<u> 11:</u> - 12
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14 ~ 27

## GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## INTRODUCTION

The company specialises in advising institutional investors. Its main businesses are to assist institutional investors in investing in publicly listed equities, convertible bonds and hedge funds.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

In the current year, the company reported a profit before tax of £501,223 (2014 - £39,319).

Investment advisory fees of £640,862 (2014 - £222,310) have been generated in the year to the 31 December 2015.

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors who expect continued growth in the foreseeable future.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The main risks facing the company remain market risk, operational risk and regulatory risk. Market risk remains the most important as adverse market conditions will undermine the search of investors for new funds. The directors have the ability and the knowhow to diversify the business. The main operational risk involves Mathieu Philippe being incapacitated and unable to perform investment advisory duties. The regulatory risk facing the company is minimal as the company has employed external regulatory consultants to periodically review its regulatory compliance and provide regulatory advice where necessary.

#### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that any further analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

This report was approved by the board on 26 April 2016 and signed on its behalf.

M A L Philippe

Director

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is that of investment advisors to European institutional investors.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the year were:

M A L Philippe N R R Philippe JAMAC (appointed 1 December 2015)

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £393,759 (2014 - £26,016).

Dividends paid in the year amount to £382,079 (2014 - £22,500).

## **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

There are no plans which will significantly change the activities and risks of the company.

## **POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

There have been no significant events affecting the Group since the year end.

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditors are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditors are aware of that information.

## **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Sopher + Co LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 26 April 2016 and signed on its behalf.

M A L Philippe

Director

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OFCOLVILLE CAPITAL PARTNERS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Colville Capital Partners Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015, set out on pages 6 to 27. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's and the parent Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

## **OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF COLVILLE CAPITAL PARTNERS LIMITED

#### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Sean Brennan FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Sopher + Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

5 Elstree Gate Elstree Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 1JD

26 April 2016

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Turnover		640,862	222,310
Cost of sales	ŧ	(6,983)	(6,091)
Gross profit		633,879	216,219
Administrative expenses		(126,894)	(177,184)
Operating profit  Amounts written off investments		506,985 (5,762)	39,035
Interest receivable and similar income	8	÷	284
Profit before tax	<i>3</i>	501,223	39,319
Tax on profit	9	(107,464)	(13,303)
Profit for the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	393,759	26,016
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	393,759	26,016
Profit for the year attributable to:		. :	<del></del>
Owners of the parent company		393,759	26,016
	•	393,759	26,016

# COLVILLE CAPITAL PARTNERS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 08148681

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note		2015 £		2014 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	12		34		104
		· <del>-</del>	34	<del></del>	104
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	14	310,285		46,082	
Current asset investments		<b>*</b> .		200,600	
Cash at bank and in hand	15	91,103	-	7,060	
	27	401,388		253,742	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(176,472)	·	(40,676)	
Net current assets	•		224,916	-	213,066
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities		· <b>-</b>	224,950		213,170
Net assets excluding pension asset	•	\ <del></del>	224,950	_	213,170
Net assets		<del>-</del>	224,950		213,170
Capital and reserves		•		_	
Called up share capital	19		60,100		60,000
Other reserves	18		(59,900)		(59,900)
Profit and loss account	18		224,750		213,070
Equity attributable to owners of the parent Company		-	224,950	<del>-</del>	213,170
		· <del>-</del>	224,950		213,170
		Ė			

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 April 2016.  $E_{\perp}$ 

M A L Philippe Director

The notes on pages 14 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

# COLVILLE CAPITAL PARTNERS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 08148681

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

	Note		2015 £		2014 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	12		34		104
Investments	13		7,057		<u>4</u> ;
		· <del>:</del>	7,091		104
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	14	324,728		46,082	
Current asset investments		<b>:</b>		200,600	
Cash at bank and in hand	15	79,361		7,060	
	• =	404,089	_	253,742	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(175,630)		(40,676)	
Net current assets	-		228,459		213,066
Total assets less current liabilities			235,550	· •	213,170
Net assets excluding pension asset		; <del>-</del>	235,550		213,170
Net assets			235,550	-	213,170
Capital and reserves		•		<b>'=</b>	
Called up share capital	19		60,100		60,000
Other reserves	18		(59,900)		(59,900)
Profit and loss account	18		235,350	·	213,070
		<del>.</del>	235,550	,	213,170
				<b></b>	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 April 2016.

M A L Philippe Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

At 1 January 2015	Share capital £ 60,000	Other reserves £ (59,900)	Retained earnings £ 213,070	Equity attributable to owners of parent Company £ 213,170	Total equity £ 213,170
Comprehensive Income for the year					
Profit for the year	:=	<b>NO</b>	393,759	393,759	393,759
Total comprehensive income for the year		•	393,759	393,759	393,759
Contributions by and distributions to owners					
Dividends: Equity capital		<u>.</u>	(382,079)	(382,079)	(382,079)
Shares issued during the year	100	. <b></b> .	•ÿ	100	100
Total transactions with owners	100	<u> </u>	(382,079)	(381,979)	(381,979)
AT 31 December 2015	60,100	(59,900)	224,750	224,950	224,950
; <del>****</del>	=======================================	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

At 1 January 2014	Share capital £ 60,000	Other reserves £ (59,900)	Retained earnings £ 209;554	Equity attributable to owners of parent Company £ 209,654	Total equity £ 209,654
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	***		26,016	26,016	26,016
Total comprehensive income for the year		÷	26,016	26,016	26,016
Contributions by and distributions to owners					
Dividends: Equity capital	<b>:=</b>	* <b>•</b>	(22,500)	(22,500)	(22,500)
Total transactions with owners		\$ <del>**</del>	(22,500)	(22,500)	(22,500)
AT 31 December 2014	60,000	(59,900)	213,070	213,170	213,170
:==			ar a management and a second		-

The notes on pages 14 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

## COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

At 1 January 2015  Comprehensive income for the year  Profit for the year  Contributions by and distributions to owners  Dividends: Equity capital  Shares issued during the year  £ £ £ 60,000 (59,900) 213,4 404,4 (382,4)	£ 070	c
Comprehensive income for the year  Profit for the year 404,  Contributions by and distributions to owners  Dividends: Equity capital 432,		213,170
Profit for the year 404,  Contributions by and distributions to owners  Dividends: Equity capital 4382,		•
Contributions by and distributions to owners  Dividends: Equity capital (382,		
Dividends: Equity capital (382,	359	404,359
Shares issued during the year 100	)79)	(382,079)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	100
Total transactions with owners 100 - (382,	)79)	(381,979)
AT 31 December 2016 60,100 (59,900) 235,	350	235,550

# COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

Share capital	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity
£ 60,000	£ (59,900)	£ 209,554	£ 209,654
	<b>*</b> 2	26,016	26,016
÷		26,016	26,016
•,•	•	(22,500)	(22,500)
#	•	(22,500)	(22,500)
60,000	(59,900)	213,070	213,170
	capital £ 60,000	capital reserves £ 60,000 (59,900)	capital reserves earnings £ £ £ 60,000 (59,900) 209,554  26,016  - 26,016  - (22,500)  - (22,500)

The notes on pages 14 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

	2015 £	2014 £
Cash flows from operating activities	L	L
Profit for the financial year	393,759	26,016
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	70	70
Interest received	<b>;</b>	(284)
Taxation	107,464	13,303
Increase in debtors	(264,203)	(34,446)
Increase in creditors	40,794	(748)
Corporation tax	(13,304)	(69,187)
Loss on disposal of investments	5,762	
Net cash generated from operating activities	270,342	(65,276)
Cash flows from investing activities	·	
Purchase of investments	*	(200,600)
Sale of investments	194,838	
Interest received		284
Net cash from investing activities	194,838	(200,316)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issue of ordinary shares	100	• <b>7</b> 1
Dividends paid	(382,079)	(22,500)
Net cash used in financing activities	(381,979)	(22,500)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	83,201	(288,092)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	7,060	295,152
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	90,261	7,060
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	91,103	7,060
Bank overdrafts	(842)	· ##
	90,261	7,060

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

Information on the impact of first-time adoption of FRS 102 is given in note 23.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 1.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of Group and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as they formed a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Statement of Financial Position, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

In accordance with the transitional exemption available in FRS 102, the group has chosen not to retrospectively apply the standard to business combinations that occurred before the date of transition to FRS 102, being 01 January 2015. Therefore, the Group continues to recognise a merger reserve which arose on a past business combination that was accounted for as a merger in accordance with UK GAAP as applied at that time.

## 1.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably, and;
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Group adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Group. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives range as follows:

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Office equipment

25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other operating income' in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## 1.5 Operating leases: Lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

## 1.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment. Where merger relief is applicable, the cost of the investment in a subsidiary undertaking is measured at the nominal value of the shares issued together with the fair value of any additional consideration paid.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Income Statement for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Statement of Financial Position date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

## 1.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the Group would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

## 1.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.11 Foreign currency translation

## **Functional and presentation currency**

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income Statement except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Income Statement within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Income Statement within 'other operating income'.

On consolidation, the results of overseas operations are translated into sterling at rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place. All assets and liabilities of overseas operations are translated at the rate ruling at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on translating the opening net assets at opening rate and the results of overseas operations at actual rate are recognised in other comprehensive income.

## 1.12 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

### 1.13 Pensions

## Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Income Statement when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.14 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Income Statement using the effective interest method.

## 1.15 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in the Income Statement in the year in which they are incurred.

#### 1.16 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except that a change attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

## 2. JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 1, management has made some judgments that have significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements. These also include key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Information about key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements where applicable. These include discount rates, the best estimates of the useful lives and residual values of plant and equipment, the classification of leases as either operational or financial.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

3.	ANALYSIS OF TURNOVER		
	An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:		
٠		2015 £	2014 £
	Fees receivable	640,862	222,310
		640,862	222,310
	Analysis of turnover by country of destination:		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Rest of Europe	640,862	222,310
		640,862	222,310
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		•
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	7.0	70
	Exchange differences	(406)	14,651
	Defined contribution pension cost	<del>(a</del> )	70,000
5.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates in respect of:		
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Group's annual accounts	6,200	:='(

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

*,	7 am (400)		
6.	EMPLOYEES		
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Wages and salaries	8,034	7,950
	Cost of defined contribution scheme	;	70,000
		8,034	77,950
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the	e vear was as fol	lows:
	The crossage monary, rambor of omproyees, matering are	2015	2014
		No.	No.
	Directors	3 ====================================	2
7.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Directors' emoluments	10,319	7,950
	Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	•,	70,000
		10,319	77,950
	During the year retirement benefits were accruing to no directors (2014 contribution pension schemes.	- 1) in respect	of defined
8.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
V.	THE PERSON NEWSCOTT TO THE PERSON NEWSCOTT	2015 £	2014 £
	Other interest receivable	#	284
		•	284

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

9.	TAXATION		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Corporation tax		
	Current tax on profits for the year	107,464	13,303
	Total current tax	107,464	13,303
	FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
	The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2014 - higher than) the standa the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 20%). The differences are explained below:	rd rate of corpor	ation tax in
		2015 £	2014 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	501,223	39,319
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 20%)	101,498	7,864
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	3,799	5,439
	Unrelieved loss on foreign subsidiaries	2,167	*±1.
	Total tax charge for the year	107,464	13,303
	FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES		
	There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.		
10.	DIVIDENDS		
		2015 £	2014 £
	Dividends	382,079	22,500
	Dividends	302,013	22,500

## 11. PARENT COMPANY PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Comprehensive Income in these financial statements. The profit after tax of the parent Company for the year was £404,359 (2014 - £26,016).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
Group	
	Offic
	equipmen
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2015	279
At 31 December 2015	27
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2015	179
Charge owned for the period	70
At 31 December 2015	24! 
At 31 December 2015	
At 31 December 2014	3. 10.
ALOT DESCRIBE 2014	/ <del>************************************</del>
Company	
	Offic equipmer
Cost or valuation	
	279
At 1 January 2015	Z ( )
At 1 January 2015 At 31 December 2015	193
At 31 December 2015  Depreciation	279
At 31 December 2015  Depreciation At 1 January 2015	279
At 31 December 2015  Depreciation	27 <sup>1</sup>
At 31 December 2015  Depreciation At 1 January 2015	27 <sup>1</sup>
At 31 December 2015  Depreciation At 1 January 2015  Charge owned for the period	279 179 70 249
At 31 December 2015  Depreciation At 1 January 2015  Charge owned for the period  At 31 December 2015	279 279 178 70 248

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

# 13. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

	Country of	Class of	II I II Butto . W I Al. M
Name	incorporation		Holding Principal activity
CCP France	France	Ordinary	100 % Investment advisors to European
			institutional investors.

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 December 2015 and of the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

Colville Capital Partners France	Aggregate of share capital and reserves € 17,612	Profit/(loss) € (14,369)	
	17,612	(14,369)	
Company			
		Investments in subsidiary companies £	
Cost or valuation			
Additions		7,057	
At 31 December 2015		7,057	
At 31 December 2015		****	
At 31 December 2015		7,057	
At 31 December 2014		·	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

14.	DEBTORS				
		Group 2015 £	Group 2014 £	Company 2015 £	Company 2014 £
	Trade debtors	63,168	42,053	63,168	42,053
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		.2	15,763	•
	Other debtors	4,934	2,714	3,614	2,714
	Prepayments and accrued income	242,183	1,315	242,183	1,315
		310,285	46,082	324,728	46,082
15.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		3	£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	91,103	7,060	79,361	7,060
	Less: bank overdrafts	(842)	7	<del></del>	· **
		90,261	7,060	79,361	7,060
16.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within	one year			
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		2015	2014	2015	2014
		£	£	£	£
	Bank overdrafts	842	47.005	•	<del>"</del>
	Trade creditors	33,110	17,005	33,110	17,005
	Corporation tax	107,464	13,304	107,464	13,304
	Other creditors	1,004	6,284	1,004	6,284
	Accruals and deferred income	34,052	4,083	34,052	4,083
		176,472	40,676	175,630	40,676

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

17.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS				
		Group 2015 £	Group 2014 £	Company 2015 £	Company 2014 £
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	•	200,600	; <del>!=</del> ]	200,600
	Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at cost	305,599	44,767	320,042	44,767
		305,599	245,367	320,042	245,367
	Financial liabilities measured at cost	(68,993)	(22,543)	(68,151)	(22,543)
		(68,993)	(22,543)	(68,151)	(22,543)

Financial assets measured at cost comprise of trade debtors, other debtors and accrued income.

Financial Liabilities measured at cost comprise of bank overdraft, trade/other creditors and accruals.

## 18. RESERVES

## Other reserves

59,900 M shares which only carry voting rights in relation to the M Contractual Arrangemnts.

## Profit and loss account

The profit and loss reserve contains the cumulative balance of retained profit and losses since the company started trading. It is a distributable reserve.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

#### 19. SHARE CAPITAL

2015 2014 £ £

Allotted, called up and fully paid

60,100 (2014 - 60,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each

**60,100** 60,000

100 ordinary shares was issued during the year with a nominal value of £1.00 per share. All shares were fully paid as at the year end.

Each of 100 ordinary share carries one vote on all business other than business relating solely to the M Contractual Arrangements (as such term is defined in the articles), the ordinary shares carry no voting rights.

Each of 100 A ordinary share carries one vote on all business other the business relating solely to the M Contractual Arrangements (as such term is defined in the articles). The A ordinary shares as a class carry 5% of the voting rights on business relating solely to the M Contractual Arrangements.

59,900 of M shares carry no voting rights on all business other that business relating solely to the M Contractual Arrangements (as such term is defined in the articles). The M shares as a class carry 95% of the voting rights on business relating solely to the M Contractual Arrangements.

#### 20. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company contributes into a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £Nil (2014 - £70,000).

## 21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year under review, the company has made an investment in shares of £7,057 (€10,000), provided a loan of £14,739 (€20,000) and paid expenses of £1,024 (€1,390) in 100% subsidiary Colville Capital Partners France. The total balance owed to the company at the balance sheet date was £15,763. Included in the profit and loss account are expenses of £14,739 (€20,000) in respect of client introduction and relationship management services.

During the year the company paid dividends to Powis Capital Ltd of £358,715. Included in the profit and loss account are expenses of £10,000 in respect of investment research services.

At the balance sheet date, the company owed £15 to and paid dividends totaling £23,364 (2014: £22,500) to M A L Philippe, who is a director of the company.

## 22. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is controlled jointly by Powis Capital Ltd, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and JAMAC, a company incorporated in France.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## 23. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.