arqiva

Arqiva Group Limited

Registered number 05254001

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2021

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Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Corporate Information

As at the date of this report (20 September 2021):

Group Board of Directors

Mark Braithwaite

Mike Darcey

Sally Davis

Paul Donovan

(Chief Executive Officer)

Neil King

Peter Adams (alternate)

Nathan Luckey

Batiste Ogier

Mike Parton

Christian Seymour

Max Fieguth (alternate)

Sean West

(Chief Financial Officer)

Company Secretary

Jeremy Mavor

Group website:

www.arqiva.com

Registered Office

Crawley Court

Winchester

Hampshire

SO21 2QA

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 1 Embankment Place Charing Cross London WC2N 6RH

Company Registration Number

05254001

Cautionary Statement

This annual report contains various forward-looking statements regarding events and trends that are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results and financial position of the Group to differ materially from the information presented herein. When used in this report, the words "estimate", "project", "intend", "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to the Group, are intended to identify such forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. Save as otherwise required by any rules or regulations, the Group does not undertake any obligations publicly to release the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

The risks and uncertainties referred to above include:

- actions or decisions by governmental and regulatory bodies, or changes in the regulatory framework in which the Group operates, which may impact the ability of the Group to carry on its businesses;
- changes or advances in technology, and availability of resources such as spectrum, necessary to use new or existing technology, or customer and consumer preferences regarding technology;
- the performance of the markets in the UK, the EU and the wider region in which the Group operates;
- the ability of the Group to realise the benefits it expects from existing and future projects and investments it is undertaking or plans to or may undertake;
- the ability of the Group to develop, expand and maintain its broadcast and machine-to-machine infrastructure;
- the ability of the Group to obtain external financing or maintain sufficient capital to fund its existing and future investments and projects;
- the Group's dependency on only a limited number if key customers for a large percentage of its revenue; and
- expectations as to revenues not under contract.

Guidance note to the annual report:

In this document, references to 'Arqiva' and 'the Group' refer to Arqiva Group Limited ('AGL') and its subsidiaries and markets as the context may require. References to the 'Company' refer to the results and performance of Arqiva Group Limited as a standalone entity.

A reference to a year expressed as 2021 is to the financial year ended 30 June 2021. This convention applies similarly to any reference to a previous or subsequent financial year. Additionally, references to 'current year', 'this year' and 'the year' are in respect of the financial year ended 30 June 2021. References to the 'prior year' and 'last year' are to the financial year ended 30 June 2020.

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Arqiva in 2021

ENABLING A SWITCHED-ON WORLD TO FLOW

Who we are

Arqiva is a leading UK communications infrastructure business. We are behind the scenes delivering millions of vital connections to enable millions of people, businesses, and machines to connect wherever they are through TV, radio and machine-to-machine data services, enabling a switched-on world to flow.

Our Infrastructure

c. 1,450 broadcast transmission sites in the UK	1,150 TV transmissions sites
98.5% of the UK population reached through our TV services	275 channels delivered into the UK and Ireland
Market leader for commercial DTT¹ spectrum owning two of the three main national commercial multiplexes	1,100 TV channels delivered internationally via satellite to 5 continents
99.5% targeted network coverage across the North of England and Scotland on our smart energy networks	c.80 satellite dishes accessing 30+ satellites
12 million premises can connect to our smart meter networks	50 million data points delivered every day on our smart metering networks

¹ Refers to Digital Terrestrial Television best known for supporting Freeview

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How we operate

During 2021, following the sale of the Telecoms business, Arqiva has implemented a new single business organisation structure, moving away from the traditional business units and to an integrated structure that will help better serve our customers, their delivery requirements and the products and services that we provide across our Media Distribution and Smart Utilities Networks markets

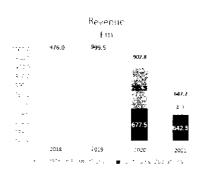
Key Strategic ambitions

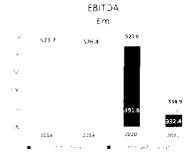
Undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast
Transition global media to cloud solutions
UK's leading smart utilities platform
Innovator of scalable solutions for new

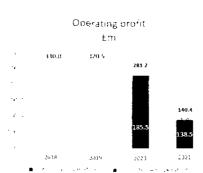
connectivity sectors

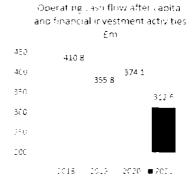
Highlights

Following the sale of the Telecoms business at the beginning of the year, 2021 has continued to see a period of change for Arqiva with expected lower activity on certain major programmes as they reach completion. Whilst core media distribution and smart utilities networks products have remained strong the Group has had decreases on DTT multiplexes and has also seen the planned reduction in project levels related to the completion of the 700 MHz Clearance programme. The Group is now also adapting to focus on key new products for the future sustainability of the business.







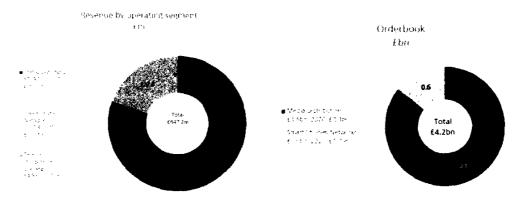


Key financials in the year:

- Revenue decrease of 28.3% (5.2% from continuing operations) and EBITDA decrease of 36.0% (15.1% from continuing operations)
- Managed reductions in revenue and EBITDA from the 700MHz clearance programme as the major works on the programme successfully completed in August 2020;
- Decreases due to lower renewal pricing following the end of legacy contracts on the main DTT multiplexes;
- New revenues and EBITDA generated from utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and transitional services following Telecoms sale;
- Continuing the delivery of the core smart energy metering contracts with max network coverage of 99.5% now reached;
- Increase in revenue from ramp up of activity on smart water metering networks and device sales following contract wins in the prior year;
- Disposal of the Group's Telecoms business for consideration of c. £2.0bn. A profit on disposal of £1,038.3m is recognised in the Income statement;

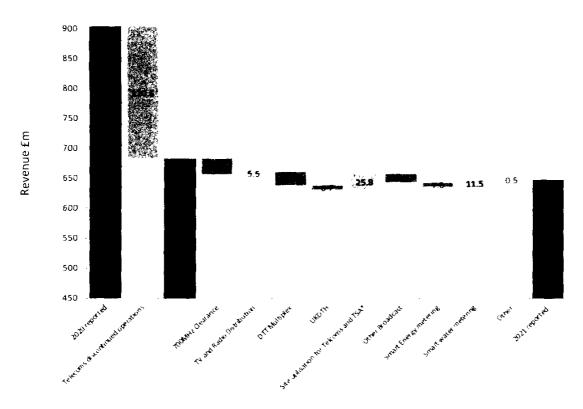
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Deleveraging of the Group following repayment of debt and swap instruments including £550.0m
 facilities drawn, £108.0m senior term debt and £563.5m of senior bonds and notes.



Key influences on revenue

Group revenue has decreased 28.3% in total and 5.2% from continuing operations reflective of the change in focus of the business following discontinued operations and the expected wind down of certain areas of the business such as 700 MHz clearance following peak project activity in previous years.



^{*}TSA refers to revenue for Transition Services Agreement following the sale of the Telecoms business

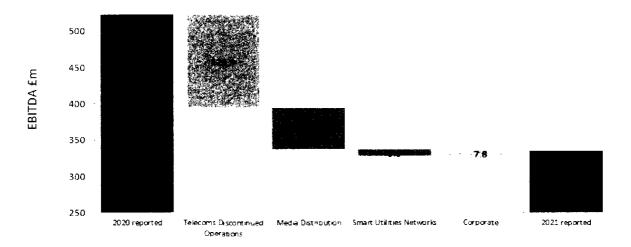


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Key Influences on FBITDA

The following waterfall chart demonstrates the year on year impact of total EBITDA for both continuing and discontinued operations reflecting the key financial factors:

- Discontinued operations: Sale of the Telecoms business, completed on 8 July 2020
- Media Distribution: lower activity on 700MHz clearance programmes, pricing pressures and utilisation on the main DTT multiplexes and increased site costs
- Smart Utilities Networks: Increased activity from water metering device sales
- Corporate: Focus on cost management and reduced staff costs



Chairman's Introduction

2021 Performance

2021 has continued to be a year of challenge and change for the business. Following the sale of the Telecoms business at the beginning of the year, we have continued to invest in our infrastructure and deliver services in our core media distribution and smart utilities networks markets.

Despite the continuing backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic, we have extended our presence in the utilities sector with growing activity in the smart water metering business following contract wins with water companies in the previous year. We have also had further wins in media distribution including new technology opportunities in the Low Earth Orbit Market. These wins are key to the strategic priorities of the Group as we continue to develop our business.

The continuing business has seen a decline in revenue from previous years reflecting the change in our markets. During the year, we have successfully completed the final 2 major activities for the 700MHz Clearance programme in August 2020 with revenues declining as expected now that the main activities have completed. Whilst we have also faced challenges on pricing on DTT multiplexes, utilisation has improved through the year with the launch of new channels including GB News.

Sale of the Telecoms Business

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva completed the sale of its Telecoms infrastructure to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. This transaction included the divestment of circa 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further circa 900 of Arqiva's retained sites across the UK. Relevant staff within the Telecoms business also transferred to Cellnex as part of the transaction. Through the year, Arqiva has continued to support the Cellnex UK business via Transitional Service Agreements (TSAs), the majority of which had successfully completed prior to the year end.

The disposal proceeds were used to repay a portion of Arqiva's debt and related swaps enabling a significant deleveraging of the Group's debt levels.

Business Structure

Following the sale of the Telecoms infrastructure business, Arqiva has adapted and changed how we operate. The Group has undergone a significant restructuring in the year in order to right size and focus on cost management for the smaller remaining business.

A key element of the Group reorganisation is a change in the operational structure. We have moved away from our previous traditional business unit structure and adopted a new integrated operating model. This change will allow the Group to focus on the commercial and operational opportunities for the business in order to better serve our customers in their requirements for our products and services, placing productivity, innovation and sustainability at the heart of what we do.

This restructuring, along with the transformation programme progressing across the business allows Arqiva to focus on its key markets with the priorities of becoming the undisputed leader in these sectors as well as expanding the product offerings through innovation to build on our sustainability and continuously improve.

Outlook

Our markets are continuously changing and developing as data is consumed in ever increasing ways. They are dynamic markets with evolving trends in how TV and radio content is delivered and the capabilities of machine-to-machine networks in enabling energy and water companies to meet their sustainability targets. As we look forward and turn our attention to our new strategy for the business, Argiva can continue to build on our leading

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position in these markets and utilise our assets to consolidate this position but also take advantage of the many opportunities that our markets provide for our business to be able to continue to grow.

Finally, on behalf of the Board I would like to thank all of our employees across the business for their continued hard work and dedication to the successful provision of our services particularly through this period of significant change for the business and the continued backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Mike Parton

Chairman

September 2021

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Chief Executive's Statement

Transformation and Restructuring

Arqiva has been transforming since 2018, and 2021 marked the start of the next chapter in this journey with the sale of our towers business; supporting our strategy to become a simpler business that is more focussed and effective.

We have reduced costs and implemented a new integrated operating model, designed to enable us to focus on driving improvements in operational delivery and efficiency. Our focus now moves to the commercial and operational streams in order to give a clearer line of sight, and a shared accountability for customer delivery and achievement of our business objectives. Importantly, this change during the year took a holistic approach to the requirements of our business and customers, and the expertise needed to achieve this. This has resulted in a headcount reduction in Q4, allowing us to start 2022 with a right-sized business as well as investing in new skills aligned to our strategic and growth priorities.

We have also progressed the phased delivery of our Digital Transformation Programme through the year, successfully launching the Service and Finance modules, with the implementation of our new ServiceNow and Oracle ERP platform respectively. Our Digital Transformation Programme will take until early 2022 to be fully complete, but the benefits are already being realised across the business due to the phased roll out approach.

Financial Performance

Our financial results for the year are reflective of the period of change being faced across both our media distribution and smart utilities networks markets. Revenue has decreased 5.2% from continuing operations. This reflects the expected decrease in activity on externally funded major projects such as 700MHz clearance, which peaked in previous years and successfully completed in August 2020. Our TV and radio broadcast products in the media distribution market remain strong and whilst we saw revenues reduce year on year from our DTT multiplexes reflecting a resetting of market pricing, underlying performance was strong with a number of renewals and new contract wins such as GB News and Sky Arts increasing the channel utilisation on our main multiplexes to 97%.

In the Utilities market, the core CSPN energy metering network has shown stable performance. In the water metering markets, we have experienced growth with increased activity following contract wins with Anglian Water in the prior year. Device sales in particular have grown as our customers benefit from increased deployment across all of our smart utilities networks.

Across the board we have focussed on new product development trials that have met with positive customer response and that will drive growth in future years.

Response to COVID-19

Through the year we have continued to maintain the high availability of our services across the country despite the constraints imposed by the COVID-19 pandemic. We have carefully balanced the safety of our employees while allowing our key workers to deliver services for our customers, and were well prepared for the almost overnight changes required to provide alternative working arrangements to support remote working for office-based staff. We have responded and adhered to the government guidelines, ensuring that all our sites fully conformed. In response to the dramatic fall in advertising revenues we stepped in to provide a package of deferred and reduced transmission fees; this enabled many smaller commercial and community radio stations to weather the pressure on cash flows and enable their survival.

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Strategy

We acknowledge the world is changing. Considering this, over the last year we have evaluated market trends and worked closely with our customers and policy makers to establish a new vision, purpose, strategy and operating model. Our enduring purpose is 'Enabling a switched-on world to flow' and this will guide us to build a sustainable future for Argiva. We have four clear ambitions, each with clear strategies:

- To remain the undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast
- To transition our global media portfolio to cloud solutions
- To become the UK's leading smart utilities platform
- To innovate providing of scalable connectivity solutions in new markets

More information on our strategy can be found on page 19.

Outlook

Arqiva enjoys a large number of long-term inflation-linked contracts which provide good visibility of future revenues. However, in order to enable business growth we will continue to evolve our product and service portfolios in both media distribution and smart utilities networks markets.

In our Media Distribution markets this has begun with the development of new solutions using cloud-based IP technology, and in opening new revenue streams in the Low Earth Orbit satellite market, utilising Arqiva's unique infrastructure assets and spectrum to deliver connectivity solutions to this fast growing market segment.

We have also engaged widely with the utility industry to establish a number of proof of concept trials which build on our existing capabilities and infrastructure. These include trials of "hybrid connectivity" services that utilise our satellite and private radio capabilities.

More content is being delivered through more devices and on more channels than ever before. Our markets are looking for seamless access to connectivity and information that continues to meet the speed of technology changes and delivers mission critical data reliably. These new products and services along with our enduring and sustainable strategy are fundamental to how we operate in the future.

Paul Donovan

Chief Executive Officer

September 2021

Business Overview

Enabling a switched-on world to flow

At the heart of media distribution and smart utilities networks in the UK and abroad, Arqiva provides critical data, network, and communications services.

Arqiva works in partnership with our customers, in the UK and around the world, building and operating the complex ecosystems and infrastructures through which data and content can move effectively, securely, and sustainably at scale – whether that's through broadcasting and transmission services, or smart networks for energy and water.

Arqiva is the only national provider of terrestrial television and radio broadcasting and provides machine-to-machine connectivity for smart metering within the utilities sector. Arqiva has invested significantly allowing it to develop its communications infrastructure and technology as markets evolve.

Argiva earns network access and transmission service revenues from its customers, as well as fees for engineering services and new projects. Argiva's services tend to be mission-critical for its customers, as well as providing the network coverage necessary for the fulfilment of the universal service obligations ('USOs') for terrestrial broadcast customers as set out in their operating licences from the UK government.

Whilst we have a small overseas presence, Arqiva's assets, operations and markets are predominantly within the UK and our business is driven from this region; therefore, we have minimal exposure to international markets, Brexit impacts or foreign exchange.

Arqiva has invested significantly into our capital infrastructure and has £1.4bn of property, plant, and equipment at 30 June 2021. We are financed through a mixture of equity and long-term debt, with an average maturity debt profile of over 4 years. The Group's senior debt has an investment grade (BBB) rating from Standard and Poor's and Fitch and a junior debt rating of B-B1 from Fitch and Moody's.

Attractive UK communications infrastructure market

DTT (Freeview) is the most popular TV platform in the UK covering 98.5% of the population

Smart networks deliver around 50 million data points every day

A market leader

Sole provider of terrestrial television network access (Freeview)

Owner of 2 of the 3 main national commercial multiplexes

Pre-eminent role in radio broadcasting both locally and nationally

High barriers to entry

Owner of critical national UK infrastructure that enables Public Service Broadcasters (PSB's) to meet their government mandated universal coverage obligations

Significant investment would be required to replicate the infrastructure, including planning permissions to erect new masts

Long established relationships with its customers spanning more than 80 years

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Since 1922, Arqiva has been enabling a switched-on world to flow.

We delivered the world's first TV broadcast for the BBC from the tower at London's Alexandra Palace in 1936.

We also developed satellite TV in the 1970's, Teletext, and launched the UK's national DAB radio and digital television networks in the 2000s.

There's no resting on our laurels though. We were the first company in Europe to trial 5G fixed wireless access technology in 2017, and we are currently working with our media distribution partners to develop new ways to reach their viewers and listeners via the Cloud.

Plus, we have moved into new sectors, like Utilities. We won our first contract to deliver gas and electricity metering in the north of England and Scotland in 2013 and followed that in 2015 with a partnership with Thames Water to set up and run the world's largest smart water metering network. More recently we have launched our dual band communications device for further improved connection capabilities.

The Group's technology and infrastructure, combined with our history and experience, enable us to work with everyone from major broadcasters (such as the BBC, ITV, Sky, Turner and Canal+) to independent radio groups and utility companies (such as Thames Water and Anglian Water) to the Data Communications Company (DCC).

Business model

The demand for information, content and entertainment is greater than ever. We all want to be connected 24/7. This is the challenge that our customers are facing, delivering more content on more devices than ever before.

At Arqiva we are enablers, applying our knowledge and expertise to technologies in order to unlock new opportunities for our customers. We work in partnership, building and operating the infrastructure through which data and content can flow effectively, securely, and sustainably.

Arqiva seeks to maximise shareholder value by investing in our considerable site portfolio to not just maintain reliability, but also to maximise its potential. Our infrastructure and commercial operations cover the following key sectors:

- Media Distribution
- Smart Utilities Networks

Sule of Telecoms

On 8 July 2020, Arqiva successfully completed the sale of our Telecoms business to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. The transaction comprised the divestment of c. 7,400 of Arqiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further c. 900 sites across the UK. In the execution of the agreement, the Group has sold six subsidiary entities, the largest being Arqiva Services Limited.

Following this disposal, the Group entered a period of evolution launching a new purpose and strategy. There has been a change in the organisational structure of the Group, moving away from the traditional business units and adopting an integrated operating model in order to better serve our customers with their requirements for our products and services.

Media Distribution

The UKs only supplier of national terrestrial television and radio broadcasting services

7 out of 10 UK households receive content for their main TV service through our Satellite and DTT network

Our radio infrastructure supports a range of services across the UK with 300 stations on DAB and 380 stations across FM, AM, and MW

Media distribution services remain incredibly important for viewers and listeners in the UK. Even as viewing habits change, Ofcom reports 85% of people continue to watch broadcast content every week. And 9 out of 10 UK adults listen to over 20 hours of radio each week.

In an intensely competitive world, large media companies are increasingly focused on monetising content that is distributed multi-market, multi-platform and multi-device. This means increased complexity in reaching their audiences, whilst also trying to reduce costs. To achieve a truly global reach, a shift of focus is needed to IP-based delivery through the cloud and we are well positioned as the UK media hub to do this.

Media Distribution at Argiva

The media distribution infrastructure includes sites for the transmission of terrestrial TV and radio, operates the Group's licensed multiplexes, owns and operates teleports at key locations in the UK, as well as international terrestrial fibre distribution network, media facilities, leased satellite capacity and delivers related engineering projects.

The Group utilises a network of 1,150 TV sites to carry Freeview into circa 24 million households every day, making it the UK's most popular TV platform. Argiva's critical national infrastructure provides coverage to 98.5%

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of the UK's population. Within the sector, Arqiva holds a regulated position as the sole provider of network access for terrestrial television broadcasting.

Arqiva is a market leader in commercial DTT spectrum, owning the licences for two of the three main national commercial DTT multiplexes, enabling leading broadcasters such as Sky, UKTV, CBS and Turner to deliver broadcasting content using our channel capacity.

Arqiva also owns the HD-enabled DTT multiplex licences that provide services to Freeview and other DTT-related platforms. Additionally, Arqiva operates more than 1,500 transmission sites for TV and radio, providing coverage to the circa 90% of the UK population that listen to the radio. Arqiva is a shareholder in, and operator for both commercial national DAB radio multiplexes and it is the service provider for the BBC national DAB radio multiplex.

During the year the Group has successfully completed the programme to clear the 700MHz frequency range of television signals.

The Group is also the UK's leading independent owner and operator of teleports and media management facilities, serving many of the world's largest multi-channel broadcast and sports-right organisations, as well as providing data connectivity to the utilities and natural resources sectors.

Arqiva manages the distribution of more than 1,100 international TV channels for high profile customers including Al Jazeera, Discovery, BT Sport, Sky, NBCU, Sony and Turner including coverage of high-profile sporting events. Arqiva's operation of reliable and secure VSAT (Very Small Aperture Terminal) communications networks across the globe utilises a world class satellite and fibre network, providing real-time critical communications to remote locations. Arqiva uses our expertise and experience to enable us to keep pace with rapidly changing dynamics and technology advancements, thereby underpinning the longevity and success of the product base. Arqiva's satellite network delivers content to the UK's major Direct-to-Home (DTH) platforms including Sky and Freesat as well as the increasingly popular IPTV, mobile and web TV platforms. We have also recently engaged with the Low Earth Orbit satellite sector.

Media distribution contributes significant and stable cash flows to the Group with a long-term contracted, substantially RPI-linked order book of £3.6bn (2020: £3.3bn) which includes major contracts running as far as 2050.

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Smart Utilities Networks

Advanced networks support the critical flow of data and content from connected TVs and smart meters for water, gas, and electricity in the utilities sector.

Ambitious environmental and sustainability agendas from regulators are driving change across utility sectors, providing huge opportunity for growth. Today less than 10% of UK premises have a smart water meter, and less than 30% have a smart energy meter. With 20% of water lost through leaks, water authorities are focused on reducing them, and eliminating pollution caused by sewer flooding. Smart meters are providing an opportunity to meet sustainability targets through reducing the UK's overall greenhouse gas emissions.

Smart Utilities Networks at Argiva

Arqiva generates revenues with respect to the build and operation of the smart 'machine-to-machine' networks and other data transmission services applications. With a continuing focus on innovation and market opportunities, Arqiva is embracing the fast-developing machine-to-machine sector, particularly for utilities, for which we utilise our Flex-net network across our smart metering contracts with utility and water companies. The Group has invested in building M2M networks, which support major energy metering contracts spanning 15 years and covering more than 9 million premises, and water metering contracts which will cover 3 million homes.

Arqiva has invested substantially in infrastructure as a result of these contracts which now result in recurring cash flows during the long-term operational phases of the network delivery. The utilities business remains a key part of the Arqiva business and is a key strategic priority for growth with potential to become the UKs leading smart utilities platform.

The smart utilities network has an order book of £0.6bn (2020: £0.7bn), with contracts running as far as 2035.

Corporate

Corporate functions at Arqiva comprise Finance, Legal & Regulatory, Information Technology and People and Culture.

Strategic Overview

Enabling a switched-on world to flow PURPOSE

AMBITIONS



in UK TV and radio **Undisputed** leader broadcast

Transition global media to cloud solutions

UK's leading smart utilities platform

Innovator of scalable connectivity sectors solutions for new

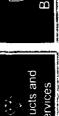
STRATEGIC FOCUS

ENABLERS

Customer, industry and operational excellence

Innovation and product development <u>୍ଦ୍ର</u> People

Products and







argiva

Our four strategic ambitions will guide the key focus of the business. Our priorities in how we aim to achieve these ambitions are set out below:

To be the undisputed leader in UK TV and radio broadcast

- Deliver sustainable TV and Radio broadcast, focusing on customer and operational excellence and managing capacity and margins
- Leverage our scale and the cloud, enabling industry efficiency
- Expand services and drive renewals delivering greater value by selling across our portfolio of services, creating long term partnerships while also developing value-added services in new areas

To transition global media to cloud based solutions

- Scaling IP and cloud-based services; investing in building broadcast quality cloud processing and extending our footprint in live and events content
- Becoming the go-to choice for our partners in cloud distribution so they can better manage their global content flows across all formats
- Growing multiplex service, using our infrastructure to provide virtual, cost-effective, and scalable services to TV cable operators outside of the UK

To be the UK's leading smart utilities platform provider

- Leading in connecting UK smart meters, maintaining market leadership, and scaling our operations to drive and accelerate the roll-out of domestic smart meters
- Broadening our product offering, developing new value-added data-driven services in monitoring and control, that reduce energy use, water wastage and pollution
- Diversifying through forging partnerships and widening technology choice, to deliver new hybrid connectivity solutions and real time network monitoring

To be an innovator of scalable solutions for new, high connectivity sectors

 Working with partners, building new solutions for new and emerging sectors that have growing and more complex connectivity needs including those that make the most of our infrastructure, spectrum, and satellite expertise

Business Update

The Group's contracted order book value for continuing operations at 30 June 2021 was £4.2bn (2020: £4.0bn), including £100m of new contracts for DTT and £660m for utilisation of broadcast sites. A significant proportion of the value of this order book relates to medium to long-term contracts which includes DTT and radio transmission and smart energy and water metering, as well as other infrastructure services. The Group remains focused on growth opportunities on targeted core infrastructure areas.

Media Distribution

700 MHz Clearance and DTT spectrum

The final stage auction results of the 700MHz and 3.6-3.8GHz spectrum was announced by Ofcom on 27 April 2021. Ofcom showed the four major operators BT/EE, Three, Telefonica UK (O2) and Vodafone acquired all of the 200MHz available across the 700MHz and 3.6-3.8GHz bands. Subject to the 3 months notice period being triggered by the acquirors, Arqiva will continue to have the right to remain in this spectrum with our DVB-T2 multiplex until June 2022. EE has been awarded the spectrum and stated in its press release that it secured it for long-term strategic reasons and that it acknowledged that there were no handsets currently in the market to support the band.

This will not affect Arqiva's main national multiplexes.

The main substantive works on the 700MHz Clearance project completed in August 2020. The final project completion activities continue with a project team until around October 2021. Principal site works include completion of permanent antenna works at Emley Moor, scheduled for Autumn 2021, and the removal of the temporary mast at Emley Moor in 2022. The team size continues to reduce as the project ramps down in accordance with the agreed plan, with efforts focused on commercial and financial close-out.

DTT Multiplex

During the year the Groups signed and renewed a number of contracts which included new contracts with GB News, Sky Arts and UKTV, and renewals with Dave, Yesterday and Dave Ja Vu. These contracts mature/extend — The majority of these contracts have been extended to 2026. DTT multiplex channel utilisation has remained high finishing the year at 97%.

TV viewing on the DTT/Freeview platform has remained strong during the pandemic period as more people stayed at home. TV has provided a vital way of keeping people informed, helping with social isolation and entertainment. The wide reach of the DTT platform has been of vital national importance for delivering news and other information to the whole nation and for supporting society during the current pandemic. TV advertising, an important driver for DTT has also been showing positive trends. Media markets have been recovering and some industry sources expect TV advertising to grow in excess of 10% this year. In May, ITV reported that TV advertising trends have been positive since March and that it forecasts over 20% increase in advertising revenues for the 2021 calendar year compared to 2020.

Government (DCMS) updates

In August 2021 the DCMS published the outcome of its consultation on DTT Multiplex licences. It has allowed all national multiplexes to renew for a further period until 2034 and provides Ofcom with the powers to renew the licences until this date. The decision included a provision for Ofcom to revoke the licences on spectrum management grounds subject to 5 years notice but that this could not come into effect until 2030 at the earliest. The decision and statement demonstrate strong long-term Government support for the DTT platform.

Separately, the Government continues its ongoing strategic review of public service broadcasting. There are a number of strands to this. In June 2021 the DCMS outlined plans to consult on the sale of Channel 4 with the consultation opening in June and running until September 2021. It also announced plans to review the regulation of video on demand platforms. In July 2021 Ofcom published a set of recommendations to the Government on the future of Public Service Media (PSM) as part of its 'Small Screen: Big Debate' review.

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Ofcom's report makes clear the ongoing importance of public service media and the importance of continuing to reach the widest possible audience and deliver universality. The Government is now considering these recommendations and plans to publish a white paper later this year.

Radio

Arqiva continues to play an active part in shaping the outcome of the DCMS led Radio and Audio review. It was expected that the final report would be published before Parliament's summer recess but that has now been delayed until the start of the autumn. The review will support the need to protect spectrum for Radio until at least 2030 and states there will be no analogue switch-off within this period. This is consistent with our long-term planning assumptions.

On 22 July 2021 the DCMS published their consultation for National commercial DAB licencing. Arqiva holds an interest in both of the national commercial multiplexes: D1 licence (Arqiva 100% ownership) expiring in November 2023 and SDL (Arqiva has 40% ownership) expiring in March 2028. Arqiva will lobby to secure an automatic licence renewal to 2035.

The pandemic has underlined the public service role of both commercial radio and the BBC. Arqiva continues to deliver the levels of availability and consistency that our broadcast partners expect. The company's role in supporting the radio sector financially during the year has been recognised by Government and key stakeholders.

Customers continued to launch new stations on Arqiva's local DAB digital radio multiplexes across the country. On the Sound Digital national multiplex (a joint venture of Arqiva 40%, Bauer 30% and Wireless Group 30%) a 21st station, Boom Radio, launched in March bringing Sound Digital up to 100% occupancy. On Digital One (the national multiplex wholly owned by Arqiva) some capacity was released by a data service and, following a competitive tender, GB News has announced the launch of a radio station which will run in parallel with its new TV channel. As a result, Digital One also continues to operate at full capacity.

Advertising revenues in both the local and national sectors have continued to improve following the easing of restrictions. With the current trajectory suggesting there will be no more lockdowns and our customer's revenues returning, the right decision was made in March to cease any lockdown discounts and return more to normal business. In addition to this we have launched national station Boom radio and are set to launch another one shortly leaving our national muxes at full capacity again.

Low Earth Orbit Market

Arqiva has been developing opportunities in the Low Earth Orbit market. This is a new technology that relies on a constellation of thousands of small satellites orbiting the earth. By establishing multiple connections to multiple satellites, the technology can for example provide satellite broadband anywhere in the world. Key players are SpaceX, Blue Origin and the recent UK Government investment in OneWeb plus established satellite operators such as Telesat and ViaSat. This opportunity requires groundstations and therefore Arqiva has the capability to serve this market. The Group has now secured two customers.

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Smart Utilities Networks

New proof of concepts

Arqiva has engaged with utility customers and industry suppliers as we look to expand our presence in the utilities industry. Building on our established credibility in critical national infrastructure and security we are leveraging our relationships with existing and new utility customers by exploring a number of proof of concepts (PoCs). This includes a trial of "hybrid connectivity" services by utilising our satellite, cellular and private radio solutions. This trial with SGN is on-going. We are also continuing water product trials demonstrating both sewer level monitoring and leakage monitoring as a service. The PoCs will give our utility customers the opportunity to improve the management of their operational networks and achieve their regulatory targets.

Anglian Water

In June 2020, following a competitive procurement process, Arqiva was selected to deliver a smart metering fixed network for Anglian Water. Designed to enhance Anglian's water management capabilities, Arqiva's contract will support them on their mission to achieve leakage and consumption savings and meet Ofwat's water leakage targets for the next five-year period and beyond. During this initial five-year period, Arqiva will deploy the fixed network infrastructure to support the operation of over three-quarters of a million (789,000 target by 2025) smart water meters across 24 planning zones. Arqiva will then operate this network for a further 15 years. Covering both household and non-household properties, the project will support Anglian Water's target planning zones including Norwich, Lincoln, Northampton and Peterborough, among others.

Anglian successfully commenced their meter rollout on 6 July 2020 which was less than one month from contract signature and as at 30 June we were providing services to over 225,000 installed meters.

Thames Water

Since April 2015, Arqiva has delivered a smart metering network that enables the collection, management and transfer of metering data for Thames Water. At 30 June 2021, there were over 540,000 meters installed and well over 12 million meter readings being delivered per day. It is currently the largest smart water metering network in the UK and has high coverage across the Thames Water London region. Recently we have installed network in the Haslemere, Guildford area which is Thames' first smart meter deployment outside London.

In April 2021 Thames Water announced this development and that by using the smart metering data it has helped to detect and prevent leaks on 28,000 customers' private supply pipes which has saved 43 million litres per day. Smart meters have helped Thames Water achieve what it described as the water industry's "biggest reduction in leakage this century" and also having hit its regulatory target.

Northumbrian Water

Following a public competitive procurement, Argiva has been selected by Northumbrian Water Group to deliver an initial roll-out of a smart metering network in Essex, where it operates as Essex & Suffolk Water. The project will support Northumbrian Water in its commitment to deliver smart metering to customers within the current Asset Management Plan (AMP 2020-2025), as well as meeting the company's target to ensure all domestic meters are smart by 2035.

The five-year contract will see Arqiva build and monitor the fixed-network infrastructure, delivering connectivity to up to 11,000 domestic meters, replacing both meters already installed and installing new meters for unmetered supplies in empty meter chambers which have been identified. Meters are provided by Arqiva's metering partner Sensus, a Xylem brand. The network went live and installations began in May 2021.

Lessons learned from this initial implementation will be used to guide the subsequent smart-meter roll-out over the rest of Northumbrian Water Group's operating regions.

Yorkshire Water

Arqiva was selected by Yorkshire Water to deliver and monitor a smart metering fixed-network trial as part of its plans to revolutionise its leakage detection programme. This two-year exercise will see Arqiva build and monitor the fixed-network infrastructure to facilitate the operation of new smart water meters for non-household customers across 30 of Yorkshire Water's areas. Designed to facilitate real-time monitoring, the collection and presentation of frequent meter reading data provided by the service will allow Yorkshire Water

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to reduce demand for water by rapidly identifying leaks and helping customers understand their usage. Meter installations began in mid-May 2020 and our network went live at the end of June 2020.

Other smart water metering trials

In the Midlands, Arqiva has been participating in a multi-vendor, multi-technology smart water metering evaluation trial with a major water company. Over this period, we have again proven the excellent performance of our technology and managed service. We are extending and expanding the trial for a further 12 months, on an exclusive basis, enabling the water company to evaluate fully the benefits and establish a business case for a future full smart metering roll-out.

In May 2021, with Final Determinations announced mid July 2021, under the Government special Green Economic Recovery funding programme, OfWat has allowed significant spend for additional Smart Water Metering Programmes to be completed by April 2025. These awards have been made to Thames Water, Severn Trent Water and South West Water.

Smart energy metering rollout

The Group's smart metering communication network in the North of England and Scotland now covers 99.5% of premises. There are currently over 1 million communications hubs operating on the network representing 20% of the total UK communication hub installations. The customer, Smart DCC Ltd, (DCC), continues to submit change requests that reflect new industry requirements, but at a reduced volume compared to the previous periods.

The Group continues to support the DCC and their users ahead of meter rollout programmes. DCC has reported that there are now c.8.5 million SMETS2 meters on the national network.

Corporate updates

COVID 19

As lockdown eases Arqiva continues to provide essential communications infrastructure for our media distribution and smart utilities networks customers. We have deployed business continuity plans as part of our operational and financial risk mitigation, to ensure the safety of our staff and the ongoing provision of services for our customers.

Measures are still in place across a number of areas including:

- Ensuring workplaces and activities conform to the Government's COVID Secure guidelines;
- Using rapid flow antigen tests for our key workers and encouraging all employees to order their own rapid flow antigen tests;
- Implementing alternative working arrangements and technology to keep our employees and contractors safe;
- Ensuring that we plan and deliver our activities in line with government alert levels;
- Ensuring regular communication with critical suppliers, identifying and managing any risks;
- Ensuring disaster recovery plans can be invoked for critical assets and systems;
- Considering risks to cyber security, which we have reviewed and further strengthened;
- Financial liquidity, which we review continually to ensure a robust position. We benefitted from the Government's VAT deferral scheme but repaid the full amount in December 2020; and
- Following the change in government guidance on 19 July 2021 the measures implemented across workplaces have been relaxed whilst seeking to ensure the safety of employees and contractors.

Management changes

On 1 March 2021, Adrian Twyning joined Arqiva as Chief of Operations. Adrian comes with significant experience of leading large-scale operations, designing systems and leading sizeable business change. Most recently Adrian was Director of Transformation at Dixons Carphone, where he implemented new IT platforms, launched a new service proposition and oversaw a programme of retail rationalisation. Previously Adrian was at British Gas where he led a 4,000 strong Field Operations team and led changes to culture, process and technology. He replaces Neil Taplin, who left the company at the end of March 2021.

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Transformation update

The Transformation Programme continues to deliver to plan with several releases to the business successfully implemented in March, May and July 2021. These deliveries have provided the business with industry-leading applications and integrations across Service Management (Service Now), OSS, Asset Management (Siterra) and Financial Management (ERP) capabilities. In turn, this prepares Arqiva to be more responsive, agile and efficient in its existing day-to-day operations as well as in any future markets where it intends to compete.

Over the remainder of the 2021 calendar year, Transformation continues to deliver incremental enhancements to these applications alongside the conclusion of the Cellnex TSA Exit obligations. Whilst the original 'big 4' components should conclude delivery in the 2021 calendar year, there are further deliveries currently underway within the Utilities and Site management spaces. These are likely to spill over into the first calendar quarter of 2022.

Sale of telecoms business

The sale of the Telecoms business to Cellnex completed in July 2020 and the Group's operational and asset separation has now largely been completed. Operationally, Arqiva has been supporting Cellnex's UK business via Transitional Services Agreements (TSA) originally planned for a period of up to 18 months from the deal completion date. The majority of the TSAs have now completed, we expect the remainder to complete on or before scheduled end dates across the various areas.

Financial review

Financial Performance

For the year ended 30 June 2021, revenue for the Group was £647.2m, a decrease of 28.3% from £902.8m in the prior year on a total reported basis. Revenue from continuing operations for the year of £642.3m is a decrease of 5.2% year on year from £677.5m in 2020. This decrease year on year is reflective of a period of change for the Group and the markets in which we operate.

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	519.5	556.4	(6.6)%
	122.8	121.1	1.4%
Control of the second of the s			
	642.3	677.5	(5.2)%
			• •
	4.0	225.2	(O7 B)W
The second of th	4.9	225.3	(97.8)%
	C47.3	003.8	(28.3)%
The second of the second	647.2	902.8	(20.3)%

Revenue from discontinued operations relates to the Group's telecoms infrastructure business and related assets which were sold on 8 July 2020.

Media Distribution

Total Media Distribution revenue has decreased 6.6% from £556.4m to £519.5m year on year. Our core broadcast TV and radio distribution products have remained strong and stable during the year with inflationary increases due to RPI linked long term contracts. This area has been marginally impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic with discounts provided to our independent commercial radio customers to support them through this period.

These increases have however been offset by a decrease in revenue from the 700MHz Clearance programme. This multi-year engineering programme saw completion of major works in August 2020 and expected lower activity levels throughout FY21 as a result. Further decreases are due to reduced revenues on the main DTT multiplexes owing lower renewal pricing following the end of legacy contacts. Utilisation in this area has however increased in the second half of the year due to new contracts and channel launches for example with GB News, Sky Arts and UKTV.

Also included within Media Distribution is £26m of new revenues related to the utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and transitional services provided following the sale of the telecom's towers business to Cellnex.

Smart Utilities Networks

Revenues from Smart Utilities Networks have increased 1.4% year on year from £121.1m to £122.8m. This increase is due to the ramp up of activity on water metering contracts that were won in the prior year, primarily with higher revenue from sale of devices. The core energy metering contracts have increased revenues, although have seen slight decreases in project revenues due to incremental change requests activities which continue but at a lower level than the previous years which benefitted from additional testing services provided to the DCC.

Gross profit was £415.1m, representing a 34.3% decrease from £632.2m in the prior year. Gross profit from continuing operations decreased by 14.6% year on year from £482.4m to £412.2m. The decrease in gross margin is driven by the reductions in revenues described above, particularly the expected reduction from the 700MHz Clearance programme. There have been increases in cost of sales as a result of power and site costs on broadcast sites together with changes in product mix with higher volumes of lower margin device sales within the Smart utilities networks area which has caused the gross profit on continuing operations to decline more than revenues.

Other operating expenses from the continuing business were £79.8m, down 12.1% from £90.8m in the prior year (total Group 2021: £80.2m; 2020: £109.2m). This decrease in operating expenses is largely driven by lower labour costs following the sale of the Telecoms business and the initial savings from the subsequent restructuring of the business. This has been partially offset by increases in other areas such as IT licence and maintenance due to news systems established as part of the Group's digital transformation that has progressed in the year.

EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure and refers to 'earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation' and includes add-backs for certain items charged to operating profit that are not considered to reflect the underlying performance of the business. A reconciliation of EBITDA to operating profit is presented on page 28.

	327.1	384.2	(14.9)%
The second secon	41.8	51.7	(19.1)%
	(36.5)	(44.3)	17.6%
	332.4	391.6	(15.1)%
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	2.5	131.4	(98.1)%
A common service of the service of t	334.9	523.0	(36.0)%

Total EBITDA was £334.9m, a 36.0% decrease from the prior year of £523.0m and a 15.1% reduction in the continuing business. The decrease in EBITDA from continuing operations has been driven by the reductions in revenue as well as changes in product mix with increases in lower margin areas.

Within the Media Distribution business, EBITDA has reduced by 14.9%, from £384.2m to £327.1m. This has been driven by the lower activity levels on the 700MHz clearance programme as well as lower pricing and channel utilisation on the main DTT multiplexes. EBITDA has also been impacted by increased site costs.

EBITDA for the Group's Smart Utilities Networks business has decreased from £51.7m to £41.8m, a decrease of 19.1%. Whilst revenues in the water metering areas have increased and new contracts won in the prior year have ramped up, this change in product mix impacts margins due to revenues driven by high volumes of low margin device revenues. Further decreases are due to the decrease in the core energy metering contracts.

Other EBITDA comprises costs for the non-revenue generating corporate areas of the business. The decrease in these costs reflects the focus on cost management and transformation following the reorganisation of the business including lower staff costs.

Depreciation has decreased £38.7m in total and £22.9m from the continuing business (2021: £167.9m; 2020: £190.8m). Amortisation has decreased £0.7m in total and £0.6m from continuing operations (2021: £9.7m; 2020: £10.3m). The collective decrease of depreciation and amortisation of 18.1% from continuing operations is driven by a reduction in accelerated depreciation from the prior year period, particularly in connection with assets replaced under the 700MHz clearance programme due to the lower activity in this area as the programme winds down. Accelerated depreciation is expected to further decrease in subsequent years as these programmes and the Group's transformation programme progress.

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Exceptional items charged to operating profit were £25.6m, increased from £15.5m in 2020 in relation to the continuing business. Exceptional costs in the current year predominantly relate to the implementation of changes in the organisational design and structure of the business as well as corporate finance and refinancing costs.

Operating profit has decreased 50.0% (2021: £140.4m; 2020: £281.2m) across the Group and 25.2% in relation to continuing operations (2021: £138.5m; 2020: £185.1m). This decrease is primarily driven by the impacts from the trading performance of the business and increased exceptional expenditure due to projects undertaken in the year, partially offset by the savings in depreciation due to managed lower activity levels on major capital programmes and operating costs savings.

A reconciliation between operating profit and EBITDA is presented below:

Operating profit	140.4	281.2
Exceptional items charged to operating profit	25.6	34.7
Depreciation	168.5	207.2
Amortisation	9.7	10.4
Other Income	(9.3)	(10.5)
Total EBITDA	334.9	523.0
EBITDA from discontinued operations	2.5	131.4
EBITDA from continuing operations	332.4	391.6

Finance costs (net of finance income) were £660.4m, a decrease of 7.6% from £714.9m in 2020. This decrease is predominantly due to the reduced principal debt amounts following the repayment of debt principal and swap portfolio closed out in the year, as well as a reduction in interest on lease obligations following the Telecoms sale. This decrease has been partially offset by the compounding effect of interest on outstanding shareholder loan note principal and accrued interest.

On 8 July 2020, Argiva successfully completed the sale of its Telecoms business to Cellnex in a circa £2.0bn deal. The transaction comprises the divestment of c. 7,400 of Argiva's cellular sites, including masts and towers as well as urban rooftop sites, and the right to market a further c.900 sites across the UK. In the execution of the agreement, the Group has sold six subsidiaries, the largest being Argiva Services Limited. The Group has recognised a £1,038.3m profit on disposal in exceptional gains for the year. The profit on disposal is recognised net of deferred income generated in relation to future services for TSAs and utilisation of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment.

The significant majority of the proceeds have been utilised to repay debt and related recoupon interest rate hedging derivatives. On exit and recouponing of swap arrangements in the year, the Group has recognised £7.6m of losses on the swaps and incurred £55.9m of break costs included in the other gains and losses balance in the income statement. Further losses recognised in the year include £0.8m (2020: £8.1m loss) in relation to foreign exchange movements on foreign denominated debt instruments prior to their settlement in July 2020. A loss of £11.1m (2020: £121.7m gain) is recognised as a result of fair value movements of swaps, principally attributable to the servicing of derivatives and changes in market yields and credit spreads.

Profit before tax for the Group was £442.9m, an increase from a loss of £319.0m in the prior year. From continuing operations, the loss before tax has increased from £400.3m in 2020 to £597.2m in the current year. The profit/loss before tax is reported after non-cash charges of £756.9m (2020: £621.2m) as shown below:

Profit / (loss) before tax	442.9	(319.0)
Depreciation	168 .5	207.2
Amortisation	9.7	10.4
Accrued interest on shareholder loan notes	529.8	465.9
Other non-cash financing costs ²	37.0	51.3
Foreign exchange revaluations on financing	0.8	8.1
Fair value movements on derivative financial instruments	11.1	(121.7)
Total non-cash charges	756.9	621.2
Adjusted profit before tax and non-cash charges (including the disposal of the Telecoms business of £1,038.3m)	1,199.8	302.2

Cash Flow

Net cash inflow from operating activities was £398,7m, a 18.5% decrease from £489.0m in 2020. This decrease is driven by the sale of the Telecoms business decreasing total operating profit and related operational cash flows. This has been partially offset by higher working capital inflows. Working capital inflows have increased due to the recognition of one-off deferred income on additional contract liabilities offset by a decrease in accruals following the payment of VAT deferred at 30 June 2020 under the government COVID-19 deferral scheme that has now been fully repaid. Other working capital decreases are due to utilisation of cash received from customers in advance (decreasing deferred income contracts liabilities) and timing of payments.

Capital expenditure on the purchase of tangible and intangible assets has decreased principally owing to decreased expenditure on significant capital projects such as the 700MHz Clearance programme as activity levels continue to wind down following completion of main activities and lower growth capex on towers following the Telecoms disposal. This has been partially offset by increases in maintenance transformation capital expenditure which has increased in the year as the Group continues to deliver its digital transformation across the business.

Net cash inflow from operating activi		398.7	489.0
Purchase of tangible and intangible as Net capital expenditure and financial		(86.1) (86.1)	(115.4) (115.4)
Operating cash flow after capital and		312.6	373.6
activities	This is the second of the seco	312.0	373.0
Cash Conversion as a % of EBITDA	inamaint investment	93.3%	71.4%
Operating cash flow after capital and f	manciai investment	93,3%	71.4%

² Includes amortisation of debt issues costs, unwinding of discount on provisions, imputed interest and interest on lease liabilities

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Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment activities was £312.6m, a decrease of 16.3% from £373.6m in the prior year. This decrease has been principally driven by the change in the Group's operations following the sale of the telecoms business reducing operating cash flows and working capital movements explained above, partially offset by the reduction in capital expenditure as capital programmes progress. With strong cash conversion levels benefiting from high working capital inflows and continued reductions in capital expenditure following completion of major programmes such as 700MHz Clearance.

The total cash flow for the year was a £133.4m inflow (2020: £89.8m inflow). This increase is owing to the disposal proceeds received on sale of the telecoms business largely offset by the repayment of borrowings and exit of swap arrangements and related costs incurred on deleveraging of the Group, as well as changes in operating cash flows explained above.

Financial Position

Net liabilities were £3,570.3m, representing a decrease of 12.8% from £4,095.1m in the prior year. The net liability position is primarily driven by the capital structure reflecting the shareholder loan notes, borrowings, lease liabilities and derivative financial instruments held, with decreases in these areas as a result of the deleveraging of the Group with the proceeds on the sale of the Telecoms business in July 2020. Our assessment of going concern is set out on page 31.

Financing

The Group established our Whole Business Securitisation ('WBS') structure in February 2013, and since then we have continued to refinance elements of our debt structure further extending our maturity profile.

In July, disposal proceeds from the sale of the Telecoms business were utilised to repay debt and swaps including £550.0m of facilities drawn at the previous year end, £108.0m of senior term debt and £563.5m of senior bonds and notes resulting in a significant deleverage of the Group.

Standard and Poor's and Fitch reconfirmed their rating of Arqiva senior debt at BBB and Fitch and Moody's confirmed the junior rating at B-/B1 respectively.

At 30 June 2021 the Group's debt finance³ comprised:

	< 1 year	1-2years	2-5 years	>5 years	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Facilities drawn	-	-	-	26.1	26.1
Finance lease obligations	21.0	20.7	37.7	27.9	107.3
Senior term debt	-	-	262.0	-	262.0
Senior bonds and notes	56.7	50.1	168.6	488.7	7 6 4.1
Junior bonds	=	-	625.0	-	625.0
Shareholder loan notes	-	-	2,148.1	-	2,148.1
Total	77.7	70.8	3,241.4	542.7	3,932.6

Included within the above is £3,351.1m of fixed rate debt and £581.5m of floating rate debt. All debt held at 30 June 2021 is sterling denominated. The Group holds interest rate swaps (including inflation-linked interest rate swaps) to hedge our interest rate exposures. This hedging strategy is employed to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows. The Group does not apply hedge accounting to these swap arrangements.

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³ Excluding unamortised debt issue costs and accrued interest

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The Group continues to comply with all financial covenant requirements including the following historic Covenant ratio requirements at the senior financing level:

senior financing le	evel:	ling the fall
	6.00	Garage Contract
	2.44	7.50
Liquidity	1.55	4.17
	5.16	1.55
To ensure we have suffer		2.98

To ensure we have sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned growth the Group maintains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements. At 30 June 2021 the Group had a cash balance of £243.5m (2020: £110.1m). The Group carefully manages the credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments with balances currently spread across a range of major financial institutions, which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The levels of Credit risk are monitored through the Group's on-going risk management processes, which include a regular review of counterparty credit ratings. Risk in this area is limited further by setting a maximum level and term for deposits with any single counterparty.

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		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ium level and term fo
Vezz	250.0		
	30,0	in the state of th	
Year end on a	280.0	26.1	250.0
t year end on 9 July 2021, the Group refinanced ou tal Facility maturing in 2024 and a £150.5		26.1	3.9
in over SONIA by 2024 and a F150	r bank facili		253.9

Post year end on 9 July 2021, the Group refinanced our bank facility and now has access to a £100.0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a £150.0m Liquidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA between 120 and 130bps, Arqiva Financing No.1 Limited (a subsidiary of the Group) is the borrower under these arrangements. Going Concern

The Group meets our day-to-day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash generated from our operations. The Group performs a review of going concern through a review of forecasting including cash flow forecasts and considering the requirements of capital expenditure and debt repayments. The Group has sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows, will continue to provide sufficient sources of liquidity to fund our current operations, including our contractual and commercial commitments both in terms of capital programmes and financing. For this reason, the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing this financial information.

Following the sale of the Group's Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management has significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they

The Directors have also taken into account the potential implication of the current COVID-19 situation and have determined that given there will continue to be demand for services provided by the Group and the Group has a mixed customer base, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

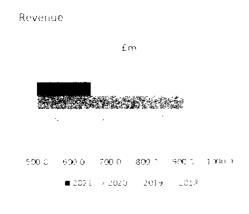
^{4 &#}x27;Cash flow' as defined under the Group's financing common terms agreement, i.e. this is not a GAAP

Key Performance Indicators

The Group uses a combination of financial and non-financial key performance indicators ('KPIs') to measure against our strategic ambitions.

See page 19 for further information on our strategic ambitions:

Financial KPIs

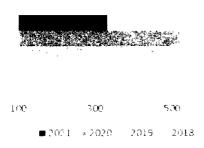


Definition – Revenue is presented as per the financial statements, and in accordance with IFRS 15

Revenue has decreased 28.3% from the prior year for total revenue (2021: £647.2m; 2020: £902.8m) and 5.2% on a continuing operations basis (2021: £642.3m; 2020: £677.5m). Despite revenue growth in the broadcast TV and radio distribution business due to inflation linked contracts, the overall decrease for the year has been driven by the expected reduction throughout the year due to the successful completion of major works on the 700MHz Clearance programme and lower pricing renewals on the main DTT multiplexes. This has been partially offset by new revenues related to use of broadcast sites for telecommunications equipment and the ramp up of activity on water metering contracts won in the prior year mainly due to the sale of devices.

EBITDA



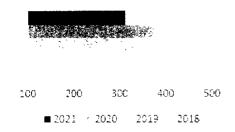


Definition — EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure and refers to 'earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation' and includes addbacks for certain items charged to operating profit that do not reflect the underlying business performance. See page 28 for its reconciliation to operating profit.

Total EBITDA has reduced 36.0% and 15.1% from continuing operations (2021: £332.4m; 2020: £391.6m). The reduction in the year has been driven by the decrease in revenues explained above particularly around the 700MHz clearance programme and the product mix with revenue increases driven in lower margin areas. A reduction in corporate costs due to a focus on cost management and transformation including lower staff costs have partially offset the decrease.

Operating cash flow after capital and financial investment





Definition — Operating cash flow after capital investment activities represents the cash generated after spending required to maintain or expand its asset base. This is calculated as the net cash flow from operations minus the net cash flow from capital expenditure and financial investment. See page 29 for its reconciliation to net cash flow from operations.

Cash generated has decreased 16.3% from £373.6m to £312.6m. This has predominantly been driven by the decrease in operations following the sale of the telecom business. The decrease has been partly reduced through a reduction in capital expenditure principally owing to lower expenditure on major capital programmes such as the 700MHz Clearance programme following successful completion of major works partially offset by an increase in expenditure related to the digital transformation programme for the business.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Non-financia: KPIs

700 MHz Clearance Programme

The major activities on the Clearance programme have successfully completed following the completion of the last two clearance events by August 2020

Utilities

The final network milestone for the Smart energy metering contract, BMax (99.5% network coverage), was achieved in December 2020

AntW⊃.< 104 30		
	99.99%	99.99%
	99.99%	99.98%
	99.99%	99.99%
	99.99%	99.99%

Definition – Arqiva strives to provide consistently high service levels and look to manage and monitor the total annual level of network availability across both TV and radio infrastructure as a percentage across all multiplexes

Result – Through careful management Arqiva has consistently been able to achieve excellent levels of network availability

Making Arqiva a great place to work



Definition – The Group takes part in the 'Investors in People' accreditation for which more than 16,000 UK businesses take part.

Result – Arqiva holds an Investor in People Gold award. This is the highest level in the Investors in People Recognition available. The achievement of the Gold award is an outstanding recognition reflecting the commitment and hard work put in by colleagues across the business and commitment to our values, clear focus on individual and team objectives and team objectives aligned with business goals and focus on continuous improvement

Arqiva has also been awarded an Investors in People 'Health and Wellbeing Good Practice Award' demonstrating our investment in the health and wellbeing of colleagues across the business.

Corporate Responsibility

Doing business the right way and sustainably is vital to Arqiva. Arqiva endeavours to conduct its business in a way that benefits all our stakeholders including customers, suppliers, employees, shareholders and communities in which we operates as well as creating a sustainable future for the business

Our ethics, values and behaviours are weaved through every aspect of what we do.

Charity

Arqiva continues to be a proud supporter of Cancer Research UK (CRUK) recognising them as our national corporate charity. Activities are organised by Charity Champions across our sites with colleagues getting involved in a variety of ways including:

- Participating in an Argiva organised event
- Matched funding if employees participate in any CRUK event
- Taking on a personal challenge

Since the partnership began in 2019, Arqiva and our employees have raised over £60,000 for CRUK. Our partnership also extends beyond just fundraising – it is also about ensuring our colleagues are equipped with the support they may need should they, or their family, be affected by cancer.

Our major corporate sites also provide support to a range of chosen charities in their local communities. These include organisations supporting adults with learning difficulties, homeless people, veterans and local food banks.

We also understand that supporting a charity can be a very personal decision, so our matched funding scheme enables colleagues to fundraise for their chosen local and national charities, from Diabetes UK and the NSPCC to local community projects, children's clubs and sports teams.

Our colleagues are also able to provide support to a charity of their choosing through the 'Give As You Earn' scheme, working in partnership with the Charities Aid Foundation, for which we retained our Bronze Award in 2021. This allows colleagues to get tax relief on donations and the amount provided to charities through this scheme has reached over £100,000 over the past three years.

People - living our purpose

We aim to create a workplace where people feel engaged, energised and respected, where they can do their best, and look after their personal wellbeing, both in and out of work.

Wellbeing

The Group has an ongoing commitment to the health and emotional wellbeing of our people. Arqiva runs an annual event focusing on both organisational and personal resilience, which includes wellbeing sessions and training courses. We also have a network of mental health first-aiders, who are equipped to listen without judgement, reassure and respond to colleagues, even in a crisis.

This activity is supplemented by further focused activity aligned with national weeks around mental health and wellness. As well as these specific activities, our colleagues have access to a wealth of support through our Employee Assistance Programme and our partnership with Cancer Research UK.

Health and Safety

Health and safety of individuals is vital, whether in the office or repairing an antenna on a 1,000ft mast. We are committed to complying with applicable health and safety legislation, and to continual improvement in achieving a high standard of health, safety, and welfare in its operations and for all those in the organisation and others

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

who may be affected by its activities. The Group operates a robust integrated management system that is certified to ISO14001, ISO45001, ISO90001 and ISO270001 as well as offering training programmes covering specific skills and general awareness. We have been a driving force in developing the Mast and Tower Safety Group, run our own accredited IOSH Working Safely training scheme for our engineers and we collaborate with the union BECTU on our annual employee safety conference.

Diversity and Inclusion

Valuing diversity and being inclusive is key. Our diversity and inclusion programme ensures we continually focus on what's needed for everyone to feel included and able to perform. We have moved beyond building awareness around unconscious bias and are now supporting colleagues to understand the difference between intent and impact.

Our Diversity Ambassadors have been instrumental in encouraging and engaging other workplace communities. We now have an active Women at Arqiva network, a Working Families group, and a Neurodiversity network, so we can listen, support and take opportunities to make lasting, tangible changes so our working practices are even more inclusive.

Environment

We continue to be aware of the impact our activities and our infrastructure may have on local communities. We always strive to minimise the impact we make on sites across the country, especially at remote locations with protected wildlife; and we work closely with planning authorities and local communities to find the best acceptable solution for locations of masts and other infrastructure essential to keeping both rural and urban communities connected.

Energy

Given the nature of the Group's activities, Energy consumption is a key area of interest both economically and environmentally. Our energy policy reflects the company's commitments to improving energy efficiency by:

- Reducing energy consumption
- Investing in energy efficient technology; and
- Monitoring carbon emissions

We are always looking at new and innovative ways of driving down our carbon footprint. Responsible management of energy has a key role in minimising environmental impacts and is embedded within Arqiva. We investigate how emerging technologies and ingenious ways of working can help us and our customers become environmentally friendly.

See page 59 in the Directors report for details on our annual emissions.

Waste Management

The nature of our business means that we also have certain responsibilities particular to our industry. For example, as new technologies emerge and legacy equipment is replaced, we look for the most environmentally friendly ways to dispose of redundant hardware. We also consider the environmental risk of every investment made.

Information Security

Due to the critical importance of our sites and systems to the Group, our customers and, in some cases, as Critical National Infrastructure, we take information security very seriously.

We hold certification to ISO/IEC 27001:2013. ISO27001 is an internationally recognised specification for an information security management system (ISMS), a framework of policies and procedures that includes all legal, physical and technical controls involved in an organisation's information risk management processes. This allows us to compete for new business which requires us to demonstrate the robustness of our security controls.

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Through independent review and accreditation, supported by internal monthly audits, we continue to confidently demonstrate our commitment to security and secure working practices. We have held this certification since 2013 and recertify every three years with recertification last given in May 2020.

We also hold Cyber Essentials certification. Cyber Essentials is a government-backed, industry-supported scheme to help organisations guard against the most common cyber threats and demonstrate their commitment to security. We have held this certification since 2016 and recertify annually.

Employees

The average number of persons employed by the Group during the year was 1,528 (2020: 1,864). Arqiva recognises the significant contribution of our employees and makes every effort to create a rewarding and engaging work environment.

Our policy is to provide equal opportunities for all employees, irrespective of race, nationality, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, religion or political beliefs, disability or age. Like many engineering-based businesses we recognise that Arqiva has a higher proportion of men than women and we are working to address this with the Employers Network for Equality and Inclusion through our diversity and inclusion programme.

The table below provides a breakdown of the gender of Directors and employees as at 30 June 2021:

Board of Directors	1 / 8%	11 / 92%
Executive Committee	1 / 14%	6 / 86%
Group Employees	328 / 21%	1,200 / 79%

The Group continues to address training and development requirements for employees at all levels within the organisation. The Board also reviews future management requirements and succession plans on an on-going basis.

The Arqiva Employee Board ('AEB') has continued throughout the year. The AEB is a democratically elected Board that acts as a voice for employees across Arqiva and provides a clear and direct link between the Group's employees and the Executive Committee. The AEB continues to meet on a monthly basis to discuss key matters such as performance management, or efficiencies and process to develop responsive action plans. Furthermore, the AEB (as well as the Executive Committee) interacts with representatives of BECTU (the Broadcasting, Entertainment, Cinematograph and Theatre Union) regarding employee matters.

The Group's employee forums provide an effective channel for communication and collective consultation across the Group. They play an important role in enabling employees to help the Group manage change effectively. The goals of each forum are to act as the formal consultative body for its part of the business within Arqiva, provide a voice to management on employee issues, initiate and support social activities, and promote consultation and sharing information.

Significant emphasis is placed on employee communication. The Group intranet, 'The Hub', makes information available to employees on all matters including performance, growth, and issues affecting the industry. The embedded values "Ingenious, Straightforward, and Collaborative", continue to form the fundamental basis of all Arqiva business conduct and communication.

Arqiva wants all our employees to benefit from our success and growth as a business. The annual bonus scheme recognises the importance of high performance and is designed to reward employees for achieving targets and continuous improvement in overall performance, in line with our values and strategy. The scheme takes into account the targets that have been set by the Group. The Group must achieve a minimum EBITDA and operating cash performance before a bonus becomes payable which is then calculated based on these financial KPIs. The bonus payment for the 2021 financial year is expected to be made in October 2021. In addition, certain members of our senior management participate in a long-term incentive plan which is typically 3 years in duration and is

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

designed to recognise the value of strategic initiatives being undertaken by the Group during the longer-term. As with the annual bonus scheme, the Group must achieve a minimum threshold of financial performance before a bonus becomes payable under the long-term incentive plan which is then calculated based upon the 3-year Group financial KPIs of EBITDA and operating cash performance. All such arrangements are cash-based incentive schemes which operate against documented performance targets and are reviewed at least annually by the Remuneration Committee (which comprises members of the Board of Directors).

Gender Pay Gap

The full annual gender pay gap report is available on the company website. The latest report has shown a mixed picture for the gender pay gap for the reporting period with an improvement in the main but an increase in the median pay gap and includes details on why we have a pay gap, the reasons for the increase in the year and the actions we are taking to address the issue.

Modern Slavery Act

Arqiva is committed to ensuring that there is no modern slavery or human trafficking in our supply chains or in any part of our business. The supplier Code of Conduct reflects the commitment to acting ethically and with integrity in all business relationships and to implement and enforce effective systems and controls to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not taking place anywhere in our supply chains. The full statement is included on page 40 and is also available on the company website at www.arqiva.com.

Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption

In conjunction with the UK Bribery Act 2010, the Group has adopted a Code of Conduct for employees which incorporates all its anti-corruption policies and procedures. The policies apply to all Arqiva employees employed on both a permanent and temporary basis. The Code of Conduct also sets out the policies and procedures on the giving and receiving of gifts and hospitality.

Taxation

The Group's approach to tax is to ensure compliance with all legal and statutory obligations. Arqiva is committed to maintaining a transparent and constructive working relationship with HM Revenue & Customs and with local tax authorities in the jurisdictions in which we operate. The total contribution to UK tax receipts including business rates and NI paid by both Arqiva and employees, totalled £65.4m for the financial year (2020: £92.6m).

The Arqiva Group is a primarily UK based infrastructure group. There are some trading operations outside of the UK, however these generate less than 1% of operating profit and there are no tax planning activities taken which seek to reduce the Group's UK profits or revenues by transferring revenue or profit out of the UK. The Group's small overseas trading entities deal directly with customers in their area of residence and fulfil their tax requirements in the local jurisdictions.

This report was approved by the Board on XX September 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mike Parton

21 September 2021

Corporate Governance Statement

The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 (the "Regulations"), requires companies that meet certain thresholds to report on the Directors' application of their section 172 duty to promote the success of the Company, as set out in the Companies Act 2006, along with stakeholder and employee engagement.

Section 172 Statement

The Companies Act 2006 sets out a set of general duties owed by directors to a company, including a list of matters to which directors must have regard, which are set out in s.172(1)(a) to (f). During FY21, in continuing to exercise their duties, the Directors have had regard for these matters, as well as other factors, in considering proposals from the Executive Committee and continuing to govern the Company on behalf of our shareholders.

Consequence of any decision in	Strategic overview	19-20
the long-term	Caralana Faranant	39
Interests of employees	Employee Engagement	= =
	People – living our purpose	34 (Corporate Responsibility)
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Fostering relationship with	Stakeholder Engagement	Below
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Impact of operations on the	Environment	35
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Stakeholder Engagement Statement

Throughout the year, the Board has continued to ensure engagement with relevant stakeholders both in day to day business and as part of key developments this year such as COVID-19. Examples of the way in which this engagement has taken place are set out in the table below.

* - ,	
Employees	Please see our Employee Engagement Statement below and Corporate
	Responsibility statement (pages 34-37) for full details
Regulatory Bodies	We have good relationships with representatives in all relevant regulatory bodies and engage regularly with Ofcom; the Department for Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS); the Department for Business Enterprise and Industrial Strategy (BEIS), as well as monitoring relevant developments with Ofwat and Ofgem as regulators of customers of our Utilities business, We participate in consultations and consult with government departments and regulators when setting strategy and making decisions that affect industry generally; during the 2021 financial year this has included working closely with regulators during the
Investors	COVID-19 pandemic. Quarterly reports to investors are published on our website and available to all;
	an annual investor call is held, in which we review our annual results and invite questions from investors. We worked closely with our investors in relation to the sale of our Telecoms business to secure their ongoing positions.
Customers	Our relationships with our customers are very important to us, and we maintain regular contact through account managers; Executive Committee members; and

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where appropriate our Chairman. As part of COVID-19 we have sought to understand and support customers who have been affected and ensure

continued delivery of services.

Suppliers Our Procurement team oversees supplier relationship management, with a

category management structure so that employees have relevant expertise for each supplier. We work closely to ensure positive relationships, seeking to agree fair terms and conditions and ensure timely payment, through adherence to and

reporting on the Prompt Payment Code.

Shareholders Shareholder Representatives on the Board report back to shareholders on the

business and take their interests into account when making decisions, while operating in accordance with their Companies Act duties. The Group's corporate governance specifies a number of categories of decision which are Shareholder Reserved Matters, ensuring that the decisions affecting shareholders are subject to necessary regulations of all shareholders. This governance was followed when agreeing and implementing the sale of the Telecoms business and

associated investment decisions.

Stakeholders As part of our infrastructure projects, we engage with planning authorities and

local communities to foster positive relationships. Arqiva's charitable engagement also seeks to support communities local to the areas in which it

operates.

Employee Engagement Statement

1. Information

Regular all company updates are provided to all employees via Arqiva's Hub (intranet) and email updates; Management have conducted company-wide live broadcasts through the year to update employees on performance, strategy and other key developments; with opportunities for employees to ask questions in real time.

2. Consultation

Arqiva has active union representations through the Broadcasting Entertainment Communications and Theatre Union (BECTU); strategic decisions which may affect employees (including business change; pay; and terms and conditions) are discussed with BECTI representatives in advance of action being taken. Similar engagement also takes place with the Arqiva Employee Board (AEB), which is elected by employees, and their feedback and views are taken into account when making decisions affecting the workforce, (for example in setting timescales and the content of communications).

3. Involvement

Employees participate in annual bonus schemes which are based upon performance of the business throughout the year, encouraging employees to contribute to the success of the business. The Group's values of Ingenious and Collaborative encourage new ideas and fostering strong relationships across the organisation, supporting overall performance of the business.

4. Common Awareness

Financial and economic factors affecting the business are described to employees throughout the year during Management broadcasts; regular email communications with business updates and through the Arqiva Hub.

Modern Slavery Act: Slavery and Human Trafficking Statement

Overarching Statement

This statement sets out the steps we are implementing to combat slavery and human trafficking. We remain committed to further improving our practices in the future to combat slavery and human trafficking.

Organisation's Structure

We are a communications infrastructure and media services provider, operating at the heart of the broadcast and satellite markets. We're at the forefront of network solutions and services in the digital world. We provide much of the infrastructure behind television, radio and satellite communications in the UK and have a presence in Ireland, mainland Europe, Asia and the USA.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2021, Arqiva Limited and its subsidiaries, Arqiva Muxco Limited and Arqiva Smart Metering Limited were part of the Arqiva Group with head offices in the UK and over 1,300 employees. We operate in the UK, Europe, Asia and the USA.

Arqiva Limited (including its subsidiaries), Arqiva Muxco Limited and Arqiva Smart Metering Limited each have an annual turnover of in excess of £36 million.

Our Supply Chains

The Arqiva Procurement team works in partnership with our suppliers, ensuring we meet our internal customer needs. The Arqiva values of Ingenious, Straightforward and Collaborative are core to how we interact with suppliers whether a high-volume preferred supplier or one-time only supplier.

We have an exceptionally diverse range of services and goods that are required by the business and sourced by our Procurement team including:

- Transmission Argiva has numerous transmission sites throughout the UK;
- Construction Arqiva undertakes a broad range of construction activities from small changes to the construction of new transmission towers;
- Maintenance & Repairs;
- IT software and managed services;
- · Satellite Capacity; and
- Corporate facilities (including corporate sites, stationery, recruitment, legal and professional fees).

Our Policies on Slavery and Human Trafficking

We are committed to ensuring that there is no modern slavery or human trafficking in our supply chains or in any part our business. Suppliers are required to comply with our Supplier Code of Conduct, which reflects our commitment to acting ethically and with integrity in all our business relationships and to implementing and enforcing effective systems and controls to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not taking place anywhere in our supply chains.

Due Diligence Process for Slavery and Human Trafficking

As part of our initiative to identify and mitigate risk we:

- Aim to identify and assess potential risk areas in our own business and our supply chains;
- Try to mitigate the risk of slavery and human trafficking occurring in our business and our supply chains;
- Monitor potential risk areas in our own business and our supply chains;
- Where possible we build long standing relationships with suppliers and make clear our expectations of their business behaviour;
- Expect our suppliers to comply with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and have their own suitable antislavery and human trafficking policies and processes; and
- Encourage the reporting of concerns and support the protection of whistleblowers.

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Supplier Adherence to our Values

We have zero tolerance to slavery and human trafficking. We expect all those in our supply chain to comply with those values and our Supplier Code of Conduct.

Our Procurement team, reporting into our CFO, is responsible for promoting and ensuring compliance with the Modern Slavery Act 2015 as part of our supplier relationships.

Training

To ensure a high level of understanding of the risks of modern slavery and human trafficking in our supply chains and our business, all Directors and members of the Executive Committee have been briefed on the subject and we continue to assess training needs for all relevant members or our staff.

Our Effectiveness in combating Slavery and Human Trafficking

We will use the following key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure how effective we have been to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in any part of our business or supply chains:

- Use of robust supplier selection process including supplier questionnaires and compliance with Arqiva's Supplier Code of Conduct; and
- Use of our payroll systems to ensure that purchase orders and payments to suppliers are limited to those who comply with our standards.

Steps taken during the financial year to 30 June 2021

In the past financial year, we have taken the following steps to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in our supply chains, and in any part of our own business:

- a) We have continued to implement a qualification process for all of our suppliers, using our e-procurement system. This process includes background checks and either (a) confirmation of acceptance of the Arqiva Supplier Code of Conduct (which covers modern slavery and human trafficking); or (b) demonstration that the Supplier has its own equivalent policies covering modern slavery and human trafficking. Purchase Orders cannot be placed with new suppliers before the confirmation has been given;
- b) The migration to a new version of Oracle financial systems has presented an opportunity to further reduce our number of trading suppliers, and we are working to a pool of approximately 600 suppliers on go-live of the upgraded systems (this figure has reduced from >2,300 in 2018);
- We have introduced a new e-learning system for colleagues, using LinkedIn Learning, which includes content on modern slavery;
- d) We have refreshed our "Speak Up" reporting website and telephone line to enable people to notify concerns. These are overseen by the Internal Audit function and regular updates given to the Group's Audit & Risk Committee.

Statement

This statement is made pursuant to section 54(1) of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 and constitutes Arqiva Limited, Arqiva Muxco Limited and Arqiva Smart Metering Limited's slavery and human trafficking statement for the financial year ending 30 June 2021.

Note: The signed statement is available on the Company website at www.argiva.com

Arqiva Group Limited (05254001) Annual Report and Financial Statements – Year Ended 30 June 2021

Governance

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Board of Directors and Executive Committee

Ownership

The Company is owned by a consortium of shareholders comprising Canada Pension Plan Investment Board (48%), Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II (25%), plus other Macquarie managed fund (1.5%), Health Super Investments (5.5%), IFM Global Infrastructure Fund (14.8%) and Motor Trades Association of Australia (5.2%). There is no ultimate controlling party of the Company, as defined by IAS 24 'Related parties'.

In accordance with IAS 24, there are two investor companies which are related parties with the Group, by virtue of significant shareholding in the Group:

- Frequency Infrastructure Communications Assets Limited ('FICAL') (48%), a company controlled by Canada Pension Plan Investment Board. The Canada Pension Plan Investment Board is a professional investment management organisation in Toronto which invest the asset of the Canada Pension plan. The Canada Pension Plan Investment Board was incorporated as a federal Crown corporation by an Act of Parliament in December 1997.
- Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II ('MEIF II') (25%), an investment fund managed by the Macquarie Group. Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II is a wholesale investment fund focusing on investments in high-quality infrastructure businesses across Europe. Macquarie Group Limited is listed in Australia (ASX:MQG ADR:MQBKY).

Argiva Board of Directors

The Group's Board of Directors is comprised of ten Directors representing our shareholder consortium as well as two members of the Executive Committee. The following Board members were in office during the year and up to the date of the signing of the annual report and financial statements.

Board Committee Membership

A - Audit and Risk Committee

G ~ Governance and Nomination Committee

R - Remuneration Committee

O ~ Operational Resilience

Bold - Committee Chair



Mike Parton, Chairman and Governance and Nomination Committee Chair

Mike brings a wealth of experience from his background in the telecoms and technology industry. Mike started his career as a Chartered Management Accountant, working for a number of UK technology companies including ICL, GEC, STC and Marconi, Mike has held the roles of CEP of Marconi plc. Chairman of Damovo Group and Chairman of Tele2 AB.

In addition to his role at Arqiva, Mike is currently also Chairman of TDC Group and a trustee of a young people's charity, Grit.

A G F



Paul Donovan, Chief Executive Officer

Prior to his appointment to Chief Executive Officer, Paul acted as a non-executive director on the Argiva Board.

Paul has over 20 years' experience in senior executive roles across the technology, media and telecommunications sectors. Between 2014 and 2016 Paul led the transformation of Europe's leading cinema operator, Odeon and UCI Cinemas Group, ahead of its successful sale to AMC Theatres. Paul's leadership led to innovations in pricing, digital marketing and guest experience which laid the foundations for improvements in business performance and public perception.

Prior to this Paul was CEO of Irish Telecoms Group eir. His background also includes senior executive appointments with a number of significant global organisations including Vodafone, Cable & Wireless, One2One and Optus as well as senior commercial roles at BT, Apple Computers, Coca-Cola and Schweppes Beverages and Mars Inc.



Sean West, Chief Financial Officer

Sean was appointed Chief Financial Officer in September 2019, having joined Arqiva in 2015 as Director of Treasury and Corporate Finance and appointed Interim Chief Financial Officer in May 2019.

Sean has a background in all areas of corporate finance and financing, and as Director of Treasury and Corporate Finance was responsible for all aspects of the Group's capital structure.

Prior to joining Arqiva, Sean held senior corporate finance and treasury positions at the Immediate Capital Group (ICG) and LandSec and brings a wealth of experience across a range of industries and financial markets.

Appointed by IFM Investors and Motor Trades Association of Australia (joint appointment)



Sally Davis, Director and Remuneration Committee Chair

With over 30 years in the TMT sector Sally has held a number of senior product, strategy and chief executive roles including being a former Chief Executive of BT Wholesale, one of four operating divisions of BT. Prior to this, Sally had an early product management career at Mercury Communications before becoming a director at NYNEX during its merger with Bell Atlantic to become Verizon.

Sally is also a Non-Executive Director on the Board of Telenor and is Chairman of Leonard Cheshire.



Appointed by Frequency Infrastructure Communications Assets Limited



Mike Darcey, Director and Operational Resilience Chair

Mike has over 25 years' experience in the technology, media and telecommunications industry with numerous positions held ranging from CEO of News International to COO of British Sky Broadcasting Group. He has also provided strategic advisory services to a range of clients in the media industry.

Mike has served or is currently serving on Boards including Dennis Publishing (UK) Ltd (Chairman), M247 (Chairman), Home Retail Group (Senior Independent Director) and Sky New Zealand (Director). He is also Chairman of British Gymnastics and Senior Expert Advisor to MTM Consulting.

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Batiste Ogier, Director

Batiste is a Senior Principal in the Portfolio Value Creation at CPP Investments. He has responsibility for oversight of CPP Investments' global Infrastructure and Power & Renewables portfolios including helping establish each investment's asset management priorities. In his role, Batiste is also a Director on the Board of Renewable Power Capital, a renewable energy investment platform he helped found in 2020 and is Board representative for CPP Investments at Anglian Water. Prior to joining CPP Investments, he was a Director in the Infrastructure team at First State Investments, during which time he was a member of the Supervisory Board of the Coriance Group and a Board representative for FSI at Anglian Water.



Neil King, Director

Neil runs the European infrastructure business at CPP Investment Board. He has over twenty-five years of experience in the infrastructure market, including ten years at 3i as a founding partner in its infrastructure investment business before joining CPPIB in 2015.

Neil is also a Non-Executive director at Interparking S.A., a European car parking business which is in CPPIB's infrastructure investment portfolio.

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Peter Adams, Director (alternate)

Peter is a Principal in the Infrastructure group at CPP Investment Board, based in London

Prior to joining CPP Investment Board in September 2010, Peter was with the Boston Consulting Group, where he advised clients in the U.S., Canada and Europe on strategy and operations.

Appointed by Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II



Nathan Luckey

Nathan was reappointed to the Board on 1 July 2021.

Nathan is a Senior Managing Director in Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets (MIRA), and leads MIRA's Digital Infrastructure team in Europe. Nathan holds a number of non-executive directorship roles for companies within MIRA's investment portfolio. He is a qualified Mechanical Engineer, with expertise across the telecommunications, media, transportation and utilities sectors.



Mark Braithwaite, Director

Mark is a Senior Managing Director in Macquarie Infrastructure and Real Assets. Mark was previously Chief Financial Officer of Thames Water, the UK's largest water and wastewater services company. Prior to joining Thames Water, Mark was Finance Director of the customer and energy divisions at EDF Energy plc, and before that held a number of senior Finance positions at Seboard plc.

Mark has other non-executive directorship roles for companies within MIRA's investment portfolio and is also a trustee of Leadership through Sport & Business, a UK social mobility and employability charity.

A G R

Appointed by IFM Investors



Christian Seymour, Director

Christian is Head of Infrastructure at IFM Global Infrastructure Fund, responsible for the business expansion in Europe and oversight of IFM's existing European asset portfolio, of which Codan Trust is an investment vehicle.

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Max Fieguth, Director (alternate)

Max is responsible for asset management of existing investments for IFM Global Infrastructure Fund, as well as supporting the execution of infrastructure transactions. Prior to joining IFM Investors, Max worked as a Consultant in the Operations Practice at McKinsey and prior to that at Bechtel on a number of infrastructure projects. He holds a Masters in Mechanical Engineering from Imperial College London, an MBA from INSEAD and is a Chartered Engineer with the Institution of Mechanical Engineers in the UK.

Independent Board Advisor



Frank Dangeard, Independent Board Advisor and Audit and Risk Committee Chair

Frank Dangeard resigned as a Director on 1 July 2021. He still attends Board and Audit and Risk Committee meetings as an Independent advisor to the Board.

In the telecom, media and technology sector, Frank has held various positions at Thomson S.A., including Chairman & CEO, and was Deputy CEO of France Telecom. He served on the boards of SonaeCom and Orange, and was Deputy Chairman of Telenor. He is currently of NortonLifeLock (ex-Symantec, US) and is on the board of HIS (Cayman). In the financial sector, he was a Managing Director of SG Warburg and Chairman of SG Warburg France. He served on the boards of Crédit Agricole CIB and Home Credit. He is currently on the board of NatWest Group (UK), and Chairman of NatWest Markets (UK). Frank also held board positions at EDF, RPX and various listed and non-listed companies in Europe, the US, India and the Middle-East.

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Executive Committee

(also includes the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer on pages 44)



Shuja Kahn Chief Commercial Officer

- Joined Arqiva in January 2020 as Chief Operating Officer, moving to Chief Commercial Officer role in July 2020.
- 20 years in leadership roles within telecoms, media and broadcasting. Most recently Chief Commercial Officer at Cable and Wireless
- Other senior positions at Liberty Global.



Vivian Leinster Chief People Officer

- Joined **Argiva** in June 2020
- Extensive experience in people, organisation and cultural changes.
- Previous positions including Chief People Officer at MS Amlin and Bupa UK.



Alex Pannell Executive Director, Commercial Broadcast and Utilities

- Joined Arqiva in 2012, appointed to the Executive Committee in 2018 within the Satellite and Media business.
- Previously Director in BT Wholesale.
- Other previous positions at Concert Communications.



Adrian Twyning

Chief of

Operations

- Joined Arqiva in March 2021 with experience in energy, retail, health construction and professional services.
- Previously Director of Transformation at **Dixons** Carphone
- Other senior positions at British Gas and Brighton and Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust



Clive White Chief Technology and Transformation Officer

- Joined Arqiva in April 2018.
- Previous transformation positions at RSA, Lloyds Banking Group, Accenture, AT&T Global Network and BSkyB.

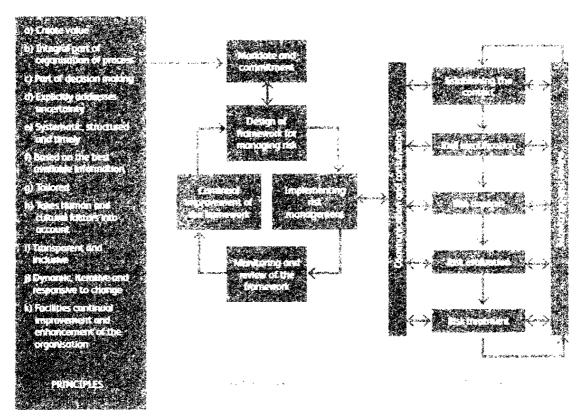
Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Arqiva's approach to risk management is as follows:

- Argiva recognises that the effective management of risk is essential to achieve our business objectives
- Arqiva adopts an Enterprise Risk Management ('ERM') approach, which is recognised as 'best practice' for top performing companies
- Managing risk is a core responsibility of management at all levels and is a key component of governance and compliance
- Argiva aims to embed risk management principles into the culture of the organisation

Enterprise wide management of risk is important for Arqiva to meet our corporate objectives and for us to protect future competitive advantage. The strategic importance of risk management is recognised by top performing companies and is an important part of good corporate governance. Arqiva subscribes to the Enterprise Risk Management approach to managing our risk profile.

Arqiva has adopted ISO31000 as its Enterprise Risk Management standard and ISO Guide 73 terminology. Arqiva has also adopted the ISO 27000 series for Information Security including ISO/IEC 27005 for Security Risk Management which operates within the Arqiva ERM Framework. Our statements and principles are linked to our process through our risk management framework.



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The Executive Committee has responsibility for maintaining and updating their line of business risk register which includes utilising the standardised approach to risk assessment and risk monitoring. The Group's centralised Internal Audit and Risk function provides training and support to ensure risks are captured effectively and on a timely basis. The Audit and Risk function works with the Chief Executive Officer to review and consolidate the most significant business risks into a corporate risk register for scrutiny at quarterly Executive Committee and Audit and Risk Committee meetings. The Executive Committee takes recommendations for ensuring the risk management framework remains effective going forward.

Business Management:

First defence is the day to day controls and processes put in place by management to identify risks and develop mitigating actions.

Senior Executive Management:

Quarterly review of the corporate risk register to include review of risk management policies, setting of risk appetite, monitoring compliance and reporting of significant risks to the Board of Directors.

Audit and Risk function / Audit committee:

Independent business assurance provided over the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls and processes, and the effectiveness of the risk management framework.

Management has identified the following risks as the most significant business risks affecting the Group, presented together with identified mitigating actions.

The COVID 19 health pandemic is a risk to demand and operational capabilities

Arqiva maintains regular dialogue with customers and other stakeholders with regard to impact of the pandemic.

Management continue to review the working capital and liquidity facilities available to the Group. Arqiva maintains an operational Resilience team who monitor latest restrictions and guidelines from the Government. Business Continuity Plans are established for each key site and business area.

Discounts to local commercial radio customers have been extended during the year to continue to support these customers through the COVID-19 pandemic.

Financial liquidity is continually monitored and reviewed with regard to available facilities for the Group. Post year end in July 2021, the Group has renegotiated our available facilities with a new £100.0m facility available until 2025.

Business Continuity Plans have continued to be enacted with sites adhering to government COVID secure guidelines. Alternative working arrangements and technology to support these arrangements have been enacted to enable the continued provisions of the Group's services and safe working conditions for employees.



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Bad publicity damages Arqiva's reputation and customer and business partner confidence and its ability to do business as a result of:

- A major event or incident impacting ours services:
- Untimely delivery on major projects;
- Repeated unexpected service outages;
- Security breach or cyber attack on networks; or
- Major network or equipment failure or obsolescence or inability to configure to comply with information security standards

Arqiva carefully engages with our customers to ensure that project milestones are carefully managed and management regularly reviews the progress of all projects.

Through continuous measurement of operational KPIs and addressing shortfalls in performance through process excellence the risk around service reliability is carefully managed.

The Group has in place a crisis management plan for public relations and external communications to provide support should there be any major events. This is regularly monitored and reviewed. Cyber-attacks and trends in this area are continually monitored.

The Group continues to invest in our infrastructure.

Risk of incident causing death or serious injury during site works or engineering.

Training and rescue skills courses are required on an annual basis for field employees, and rescue kits are provided.

Risk of mental health Arqiv issues as a result of revie significant organisational changes

Developments in alternative broadcast technologies, which compete against the DTT transmission business; or the evolution of DAB against Arqiva's existing analogue radio transmission business. Technical refresh in machine-to-machine markets impacting potential obsolescence of legacy systems.

Arqiva maintains and regularly reviews our policy on workplace safety and site security.

DTT retains the largest share of broadcast transmission in the UK, and IPTV remains constrained by limited high speed broadband uptake and variable reliability levels. In addition, Arqiva has mitigated some of this risk by investing in YouView TV Limited, a joint venture formed to develop and promote the DTT platform together with involvement in Freeview Play.

Arqiva has continued to achieve our target result for 'network availability', achieving over 99%.

The Group has completed the 700MHz programme during the year ahead of schedule. The Group maintains ISO27001 certification regarding information security and holds periodic reviews of the security environment and training to employees.

The Business Continuity Group continues to meet regularly and will test and roll out the Disaster Recovery Plan.

There has been continued capital expenditure in the year to improve infrastructure.

The Group has continued with our digital transformation programme with Finance transformation and implementation of a new Oracle ERP system and IT service portal during the year.

Arqiva has maintained compliance with OHSA518001 regarding safety management.

Mental health and wellness continue to be of focus. Arqiva runs annual events focusing on personal resilience including wellbeing sessions and training courses. The Group also has a network of mental health first aiders across the organisation.

Arqiva remains in dialogue with relevant stakeholders for the review into timeframes for full analogue switchover. Upgrades to our DAB network in recent years mean Arqiva continues to be in a strong position to support future switchover.

The new strategic priorities of the Group for the next 10 years put a focus on the sustainable future of the business including the development of solutions for new and emerging sectors to make the



Change in government plans, policy or priorities could lead to unforeseen changes in scope on major engineering programmes and licencing.

Information, networks and

systems infrastructure may

security threats leading to

impacting the operational

infrastructure supporting

key operational processes

The scale and complexity

inherent risk of unforeseen

delays through the supply

of Arqiva's major

programmes bear an

chain and therefore

challenges to delivery.

be subjected to cyber

a loss or corruption of

data, penalties and

capacity of Argiva.

Critical transmission

could fail leading to

operational outages.

structures or IT

Arqiva maintains regular dialogue with our stakeholders to ensure the delivery of our programmes are efficient, timely and to specification. Where specification changes occur, Arqiva provides a detailed assessment of the potential costs of the scope change and seeks an informed recovery of these costs through mechanisms in our contracts.

Arqiva's assets and operations remain predominantly in the UK and therefore our business has minimal exposure to the changing relationships with international markets.

Additionally, we expect the infrastructure Arqiva provides to continue to be demanded and that these services evolve as markets and consumer tastes evolve.

The Group maintains an ISO270001 certification regarding information security, which includes Cloud Security Services. Employee training on information security is mandatory and quarterly reviews are undertaken by external consultants to examine the robustness of the security environment.

Arqiva ensures data is regularly backed up and Business
Continuity Plans have been established for each key site and each business area. A Business Recovery Working Group meets regularly to stress test these plans and continually review the Group's approach to disaster recovery and operational resilience.

Arqiva maintains a robust oversight of the delivery of our major programmes. This includes identifying the key personnel and resources required for delivery and working closely with its suppliers and customers to

most of our infrastructure and expertise.

Arqiva has successfully agreed scope and change requests on our smart energy metering programme with our customer demonstrating the customer's continued focus on network roll out.

Arqiva has continued engagement with Ofcom regarding licensing arrangements.

Debt markets have continued to be monitored for accessibility and open dialogue maintained with ratings agencies. Evolving commercial negotiations are closely monitored.

Argiva has implemented detection and prevention solutions on networks.

Arqiva has continued to pass our quarterly security reviews and has consequently retained ISO certification.

Communication and training have been maintained with employees to ensure awareness of potential cyber security threats.

Site inspections are completed with a focus on older sites and structural maintenance plans have been implemented.

Business Continuity Plans have been enacted through the COVID-19 pandemic with keyworks on sites able to continue the seamless delivery of our operational services whilst adhering to COVID secure workplace guidelines.

Arqiva has completed the 700MHz Clearance programme during the year in line with contractual milestones.

The Group's smart metering communication network in the North of England and Scotland

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Customer relationships

operations and project

if there were significant

skills and knowledge

unique to Arqiva's competitive position.

loss of people with critical

delivery could be damaged



ensure that these requirements are sufficiently available.

Arqiva recognises the importance of our people and seeks to make Arqiva a rewarding and enjoyable place to work. The Group operates a competitive annual bonus plan for all employees and a long-term incentive plan for our leadership team. Additionally, the Group operates formal retention and succession planning in knowledge-critical

areas of the business.

now covers 99.5% of premises. Arqiva continues to support the DCC on the meter roll out programme.

Arqiva has continued to focus on supporting individuals with increased support and training for new managers and emerging talent.

Regular meetings are held to identify critical issues and ensure timely intervention. Retention plans have continued to be implemented for key individuals particularly through significant organisational changes that have taken place across the workforce in the year.

Details of the financial risks and details of mitigating factors are set out in the Directors' report on pages 61-62.

Directors' Report

The Directors of Arqiva Group Limited ('AGL'), registered company number 05254001, ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") submit the annual report and audited consolidated financial statements ("the financial statements") in respect of the year ended 30 June 2021.

The Company is a holding company with an investment in a group of operating companies, financing companies and other holding companies.

The Directors' report for the Company is set out on page 130.

Wates Corporate Governance Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2021, under The Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018, Arqiva has applied the Wates Corporate Governance Principles for Large Private Companies (as published by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) in December 2018 and available on the FRC website).

Companies are able to adopt the Wates principles as an appropriate framework when making a disclosure regarding corporate governance arrangements. We have adopted the disclosure in our 2021 Annual Report and Financial Statements and we set out below how the principles have been applied over the past year.

PRINCIPLE ONE - PURPOSE AND LEADERSHIP – An effective poord promotes the purpose of a company and ensures that its values, strategy and culture argn with that purpose.

Purpose/focus and activities during the year.

The divestment of the Group's Telecoms business was successfully completed in early July 2020. Subsequently, the focus of the Board and Executive Committee during the year has been to lead Arqiva through an uncertain Covid 19 period and to re-set the business' purpose with a particular emphasis on its core broadcast, media networks and utilities businesses and its customers. The following items were the key areas of focus during the year:

Item	Summary
Headline purpose and strategy matters	The development of a new and updated purpose for Arqiva – which is "Enabling a switched-on world to flow" - and also the Vision 2031 work which has brought our purpose, our vision and our strategy together has been the focus for building a sustainable future for Arqiva. The Board has overseen these matters alongside the development and adoption of a detailed and robust long-term plan for the business with appropriate cost and investment assumptions which now underpin the business. This was the first long-term plan for the 'new' business, following the divestment of the Telecoms business to Cellnex which was completed in July 2020.
Capital structure	Following the divestment of the Telecoms business, the Board has overseen a restructuring of its capital structure through the repayment of a significant portion of its external debt and also the rationalisation of its derivatives positions associated with that debt. An indicative credit upgrade was confirmed by the rating agencies at the end of the year.
Customers	Arqiva is a smaller and less complex business post the Telecoms divestment, and the Board has sought to ensure senior engagement with key customers and stakeholders to cement working relationships, share Arqiva's new purpose and to open up further opportunities for collaboration.
	In addition, a significant customer engagement survey was carried out in May 2021. This provided valuable insights in to Arqiva's performance, what it needs to do to maintain its position in certain areas, and what it needs to do to prepare for the future.

	The Decide the second of the s
Integrated organisation	The Board has overseen the implementation of an integrated organisational design
	whose purpose is to more directly and effectively serve our customers and ensure
	alignment across our functions with the business' purpose and direction.
People & Culture	A particular focus has been on ensuring the right levels of skills and experience
	amongst our employees which was important to deliver Arqiva's new purpose in
	the new organisational design. The Board has overseen a company wide
	restructuring and redundancy programme which was carried out during the year.
	This resulted in a significant number of changes in the employee mix – with a
	number of individuals leaving the business, others being successful in being
	appointed to new roles, and also a significant recruitment exercise to fill vacant
	roles.
	A new senior leadership group was formed in the summer of 2020. This group has
	benefitted from significant investment through personal and leadership
	development activities throughout the year. The leadership group has been key to
	certain Culture transformation initiatives over the course of the year and bringing
	to fruition a target culture blueprint for the business.
	In addition, the implementation of our post-pandemic "Work. Life. Smarter."
	practices has started and will continue to be rolled out. The intention is to enable
	a migration to a hybrid home/office working model for our people.
Operational	The operational performance of the business has been closely monitored by the
performance	Board as part of the regular Board meeting agendas. In particular, the impact of
	Covid 19 on the performance of the business has been considered on a more
	frequent basis, and the relevant operational risks associated with Covid 19
	continue to be carefully managed. In addition, the global component shortage has
	had an impact on meter supply schedules and this has been frequently considered
	by the Board and senior management.
Governance	A number of appointments/changes have been made to the Group's executive
	committee during the year. In addition to the business' new integrated
	organisational design, a number of improvements and updates have been made to
	the business' internal governance structures and delegated authorities.
Covid 19	The principal aims of the Board in its response to the ongoing Covid 19 pandemic
	were to ensure the safety of its employees and assist individuals with the evolving
	lockdown situations and 'working from home' realities, and also maintain
	operational capability and delivery to the Group's customers. In addition, the
	Board continued to oversee the Group's engagement with its most affected and
	key customers.
Transformation	The Board has continued to oversee the programme to upgrade the Group's IT,
	systems and processes to enhance operational capability and bring efficiencies to

Values and culture

Arqiva's values are embedded throughout the organisation, and adherence to them forms part of employees' performance reviews and reward structure. Independent surveys of both employee and customer engagement are undertaken. Engagement with BECTU is described under Principle 6 (Stakeholders) below. The Group's People & Culture team monitors absenteeism rates and processes are also in place to encourage and monitor exit interviews. These form part of matters reported upon to the Operational Resilience Committee, which reports in to the Board.

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PRINCIPLE TWO - BOARD COMPOSITION - Effective board composition requires an effective chair and a balance of skills, backgrounds, experience and knowledge, with individual directors having sufficient capacity to make a valuable contribution. The size of a board should be guided by the scale and complexity of the company.

Chair

The Group's corporate governance structure creates a clear separation between the role of the Chair and that of the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chair (who is independent of the Group's Shareholders) is a highly experienced business executive having held many senior executive roles in the technology and telecoms sectors. The Chair has actively encouraged open debate and discussion in the appropriate forums including main Board meetings which are scheduled to take place at least six times per year, and also at Board sub-committee meetings (those committees being the Audit & Risk Committee, Nominations & Governance Committee, Operational Resilience Committee, Capital Structure Committee and the Remuneration Committee).

Balance and diversity

The Board has deep and relevant experience which has provided invaluable external industry input to assist more effective decision-making in relation to a number of key matters brought before the Board. The Group operates in a number of diverse and complex markets which require the Board to have a detailed understanding of the relevant sector in order to arrive at informed decisions.

Arqiva is actively working with Inclusive Employers in relation to diversity and inclusion. The Group recognises that there is further work to do in this area and continues to promote relevant initiatives. Page 36 of the Annual Report provides a breakdown of the gender of Directors and employees.

Size and structure

The size and structure of the Board remains under periodic review so that it is best organised to meet the needs and challenges of the Group. In terms of Board size, a balance has been struck between ensuring Shareholders are adequately represented via their nominated Directors but also identifying directors with relevant industry experience to be appointed together with the Group's CEO and CFO (see pages 43-47 of the Annual Report for full details of the composition of the Board of Directors and Senior Executive Management). Whilst Frank Dangeard, Mike Darcey and Sally Davis all originally joined Arqiva as independent non-executive directors, each of them were also Shareholder directors representing Macquarie, CPPIB and MTAA/IFM respectively in the year to 30 June 2021.

We acknowledge that there is a relative lack of diversity on the Board. As part of the new appointments to the Senior Leadership groups, improvements have been made to broaden diversity and this will continue in the future.

Effectiveness

The Group undertook an extensive Board effectiveness/evaluation exercise in December 2020 using an external online platform together with relevant diagnostics, and the results of the exercise were considered and discussed at a meeting of the Nominations & Governance Committee and the Board of directors in February 2021. The key action recommendations from the exercise included the following:

- Arqiva's sustainability activities should be an increasing priority that form part of the company's value creation and strategic objectives.
- Diversity & inclusion and sustainability matters will be a more prominent agenda item at relevant committee meetings and also at the Board twice a year from FY22 onwards.
- Succession planning and talent review matters will be regular agenda items for the Nominations & Governance Committee.
- The composition of the Board (and/or the potential for a Board observer or external advisor) would be kept under review to ensure the right breadth of experience and input at the Board.
- An increased focus by the Audit & Risk Committee in appraising strategic risk factors and whistleblowing matters.

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PRINCIPLE THREE - DIRECTOR RESPONSIBILITIES – A board should have a clear understanding of its accountability and terms of reference. Its policies and procedures should support effective decision making and independent challenge

The Board has a programme of six principal meetings every year, with additional meetings arranged for key projects, strategic matters or circumstances such as Covid 19, as may be required.

Accountability

Decisions which are within the remit of the Board or Shareholders are set out in a Shareholders' Agreement (as Board Reserved Matters and Shareholder Reserved Matters). There is a comprehensive Delegation of Authority policy which sets out the responsibilities that are delegated to the Executive and those decisions which must be made at Board or Shareholder level. This policy was updated and a revised policy brought to the June 2021 Board meeting for approval. Typically, Board or Shareholder Reserved Matters are raised at regular Board meetings and written resolutions are obtained where otherwise required.

A Conflicts of Interest paper is maintained and regularly updated with details of Board or Shareholder conflicts. Any conflicts which may compromise independent decision making would be raised by the Company Secretary at the relevant Board meeting; a Director having a conflict is not entitled to discuss or vote on the relevant matter, or to count in the quorum.

Committees

Five Board sub-Committees have been instituted. Pages 63-64 of the Annual Report provides an overview and description of each of the Board sub-Committees comprising: Audit & Risk, Remuneration Committee, Nominations & Governance and Operational Resilience. The Capital Structure Committee was established in summer 2020, principally to oversee and recommend the activities associated with the restructuring of Arqiva's capital structure through the repayment of a significant portion of its external debt and also the rationalisation of its derivatives positions associated with that debt. The Capital Structure remains in place, its core focus being the consideration and optimisation of Arqiva's capital structure. The Board sub-Committees promote effective decision making and greater accountability and focus in relation to each of the areas covered by the respective Board sub-Committees.

Integrity of information

The Board receives regular reports from the Executive and Senior Management on key matters for which the Board has responsibility, including strategic projects; comprehensive financial reporting; key customer and regulatory matters; updates on operational resilience (including physical and cyber security as well as health and safety and environmental issues); details of major bids and performance of key contracts and market issues faced by the Group as well as developments in technology and regulation.

The Group uploads papers to a board portal for ease of review and administration. Other than in exceptional cases papers are submitted in advance and taken as read at Board meetings, allowing any presentations to focus on highlighting key issues, discussion and dealing with questions. The Chairs of each of the Board Committees are aware of the importance of their position and during FY20 they have each met (virtually) with key employees of the Group to build relationships and gain direct access to those dealing with the day to day business of the Group.

PRINCIPLE FOUR - OPPORTUNITY AND RISK – A Board should promote the long term sustainable success of the company by identifying apportunities to create and preserve value, and establishing oversight for the identification and mitigation of risks

Opportunity

The Group's Board maintains a focus on how the Group creates and preserves value over the long-term which is principally achieved through a well-developed strategic and long-term planning process. The Board keeps its strategy under review which provides a forum to present future business opportunities. Appropriate governance mechanisms are in place to ensure that new business opportunities above a certain value are considered and approved by the Board.

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Risk

The Group has a well-developed risk management process in place and continues to utilise its an online risk assessment tool, which is used throughout the business (which is described on pages 49 of the Annual report). The Group's Audit and Risk function works with the Chief Executive Officer to review and consolidate the most significant business risks into a corporate risk register for scrutiny at quarterly Executive Committee and Audit & Risk Committee meetings.

Argiva's key operational risks and mitigations are outlined in detail on pages 51-52 of the Annual Report.

Responsibilities

The Group has adopted the Enterprise Risk Management approach to managing its risk which has been approved by the Group's Audit & Risk Committee. This incorporates an internal control framework clearly defining roles and responsibilities of those involved. Responsibilities include the following:

- The Group's Executive Committee takes recommendations for ensuring the risk management framework remains effective going forward;
- Processes are in place for managing the principal risks and uncertainties;
- The internal control framework (described on page 49 of the Group's annual report) confirms that there is a monitoring and review process in place to evaluate risks at both business unit and Board level.

PRINCIPLE FIVE - REMUNERATION - A board should promote executive remineration structures aligned to the long-term systemable success of a company, taking into account pay and conditions elsewhere in the company.

Remuneration

A consistent approach has been adopted in setting the level and structure of remuneration in relation to each member of the Executive Committee to secure appropriate and fair levels of remuneration. Benchmarking and advice from external remuneration consultants is obtained. Remuneration comprises of a number of elements including base salary, an annual bonus and a long-term incentive plan.

Page 37 of the Group's annual report provides more detail and explains how remuneration is structured to recognise high performance reward for achieving targets in line with the Group's sustainable success and values. This aligns with remuneration arrangements for the remainder of the organisation where every employee's remuneration is made up of a combination of base salary and annual bonus (which, again, is linked to personal performance and achieving financial targets in line with the Group's objectives). Following a review of the Group's remuneration structures by the new Chief People Officer, initiatives in the year to 30 June 2021 have included new approaches to reward and incentives that underpin future cost savings while ensuring transparency and alignment with shareholder objectives.

Policies

The Group has delegated remuneration matters to the Remuneration Committee (which is a committee of the Board). The Remuneration Committee operates in accordance with documented terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee is committed to take into account the pay and employment conditions of the Group's wider workforce when making recommendations in relation to Executive pay.

The Group's bonus and long-term incentive plans are documented in writing and reviewed at least annually by the Remuneration Committee and any payments made operate against documented performance targets.

In addition, the Remuneration Committee considers the company wide annual pay increase on an annual basis. As part of this process, the Remuneration Committee will assess increases against certain criteria including taking into account other comparative pay metrics in the industry, discussions held with BECTU, the existing and future financial capacity of the business, and also aligning with the long term sustainable success of the company. In the year to 30 June 2021, annual pay negotiations were concluded with BECTU with agreement to go to a ballot of its members. This occurred in early July 2021 and agreement was reached on the business' proposals.

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PRINCIPLE SIX - STAKEHOLDERS — A board has a responsibility to oversee meaninaful engagement with material stakeholders, including the workforce, and have regard to that discussion when taking decisions. The board has a responsibility to foster good stakeholder relationships based on the company's purpose.

Stakeholders

The Group's key Stakeholders include its employees; customers; suppliers; debt investors; Shareholders; pensions trustees; and regulatory and government bodies including Ofcom, DCMS and BEIS. Senior Management and the Strategy and Regulatory team work closely with industry and lobby groups and representatives of the various regulatory bodies, and the Board is regularly briefed informally and formally on developments. The value of good relationships with local communities, in the context of planning requirements for example, is understood and focus is given to fostering these relationships. The Group provides reports to investors and creditors as part of its listed debt obligations and conducts regular investor calls which give the opportunity for debt investors to raise questions with the Group. The Group's procurement operations function actively undertakes reviews of its supplier base and to enhance its best practice in this field.

Workforce

Arqiva communicates to its employees through regular email newsletters, updates over email directly from the CEO and local messaging from the Executive Management. The CEO and Executive Management have also conducted small listening groups in person where possible. However, due to the Covid 19 pandemic, the use of live broadcasts and presentations streamed online (rather than roadshows) has continued and this has been well received by employees. This has been done alongside interactive question functionality which enables a live dialogue with the workforce. Individual video interviews with members of the Executive Management have also been published on the Arqiva intranet. During the Covid 19 pandemic in particular, the Executive Management team has been the principal conduit through which the Board has been able to assess workforce considerations and related views for the purposes of their decision making processes.

The Group has active union representation from BECTU, as well as an elected Employee Board, and employee forums throughout the different functions. The People & Culture team work closely with each of these bodies, consulting on any proposed changes to terms; policies and processes; as well as seeking feedback on workplace morale, culture and issues of concern or interest to the workforce. In the year to 30 June 2021, due to the company wide restructuring and redundancy programme, the interaction between Arqiva, its Employee Board and BECTU has been heightened. A constructive and pro-active dialogue was swiftly established between the parties and a constructive relationship has been cemented as a result.

External impacts

The Group's Corporate Responsibility statement sets out, on pages 34-37 of the Directors' Report, a description of the Group's focus areas used to ensure that it acts responsibly, ethically and safely, from a Corporate; Community; Employee; and Business perspective. The statement also includes a summary of the Group's approach to environmental factors.

Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR)

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period 1	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020 (Restated)*
July 2020 to 30 June 2021		
Energy consumption used to calculate emissions (kWh)	222,357,758	290,282,567
Energy consumption break down (kWh):	<u> </u>	
Gas	2,055,282	2,207,196
Electricity	215,261,826	279,439,417
Transport fuel	5,040,650	8,635,954
Scope 1 emissions in metric tonnes TCO2	le .	
Gas consumption	376	406
Owned transport (fleet)	1,120	1,557
Total Scope 1	1,496	1,963
Scope 2 emissions in metric tonnes TCO2		
Purchased electricity		
Market Based	639	-
Location Based	46,471	65,148
Scope 3 emissions in metric tonnes TCO2	le .	
Business travel in employee owned vehicles / hire	129	387
Total gross emissions in metric tonnes TC	02e	
Market Based	2,264	-
Location Based	48,096	67,498
Intensity Ratio	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
received trans	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
Intensity ratio of Total TCO2e / £m revenue – market-based method	3.49	-
Intensity ratio of Total TCO2e / £m	74.31	74.76

^{*} Prior year balances have been restated to take into account bills received for the 2020 financial year after the signing date of the prior year financial statements.

Energy Efficiency Action taken

revenue – location-based method

Video conferencing capability has been vastly improved through the introduction of more stable software and efficient technology enabling the opportunity from working from the home environment a more sustainable option negating the need for business travel and personal commuting.

LED lighting has continued to be deployed in both office and meeting room refurbishments across the corporate and technical estate.

A significant proportion of the reduction in electricity consumption is attributable to the sale of the telecoms division to Cellnex, however a number of energy efficiencies were identified during the COVID -19 pandemic in

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particular reducing office heating, lighting and maintenance obligations across the estate reducing business travel.

Arqiva continue to purchase over 99% of its energy consumed in the transmission networks and buildings (office and technical) from renewable energy supplies supported by REGO certification

Quantification and Reporting Methodology

Our electricity consumption data for the financial year is taken from billing data received plus an estimate has been made for bills still to be received in respect of the 2021 financial year as at the date of these financial statements

Emissions figures include costs that are passed through to customers but are not disclosed separately within these financial statements.

Our Carbon accounting methodology is based on the following guidance:

- Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard World Resources Institute
- 2021 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting.
- Environmental reporting Guidelines 2019 (including streamlined energy and carbon reporting guidance)
 March 2019

Directors Report

Financial Risk Management

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Group have been outlined previously in this report (see pages 48-52). As a result of these, as well as the on-going business activities and strategy of the Group, Arqiva is exposed to variety of financial risks that include financing risk, purchase price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

The key financial risks affecting the Group are set out below, together with a summary of how these risks are managed.

The Group will need to refinance at least part of our debt as it matures and may need additional financing to cover capital expenditure and certain other expenses to support its growth plans. The Group cannot be certain that such financing will be readily available on attractive or historically comparable terms.

Breach of debt covenants and/or a downgrade in our rating could impact the availability of finance or the comparability of terms.

Energy is a major component of the Group's cost base and is subject to price volatility.

The Group is exposed to credit risk on customer receivables.

The Group is exposed to counterparty risks in its financing operations.

The Group mitigates this risk by the strength of the stable long-term investment grade capital structure in place. Our BBB ratings reflect our string ability to service and repay debt from our cash flows over a reasonable period of time, maintaining debt with a variety of medium and long term maturities, so that over time we do not have a significant concentration of debt due for refinancing in any given year, and aiming to refinance debt well in advance of the maturity date.

With regards to covenants the Group maintains financial covenant monitoring and modelling, both retrospectively and prospectively and maintains regular dialogue with credit ratings agencies.

A large proportion of this risk is managed via passthrough arrangements to customers. The Group's residual exposure to fluctuations in the electricity price is managed by forward purchasing the majority of power requirements. Key revenue and cost milestones are set on larger projects to ensure the financial risks of volatile market pricing are mitigated.

Credit risk is managed through appropriate credit checking procedures prior to taking on new customers; and higher risk customers paying in advance of services being provided. Performance is closely monitored to ensure agreed service levels are maintained reducing the level of queried payments and mitigating the risk of uncollectible debts.

The Group carefully manages the credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments with balances currently spread across a range of major financial institutions which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit ratings agencies. The levels of credit risk are monitored through the Group's on-going risk management processes, which include a regular review of the credit ratings. Risk in this area is limited further by setting a maximum level and term for deposits with any single counterparty.



Ensuring the Group has sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned growth and funding for the Defined Benefit pension scheme.

The Group maintains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements. As at 30 June 2021 the Group had £243.5m cash available and £250.0m of liquidity facilities available to cover senior interest payment if required. This facility was refinanced to a £150m facility shortly after the reporting date together with a £100m working capital facility. The Group also has a £30.0m facility to support 'Comms Hub Receivables Purchasing'. The Board considers the availability and adequacy of working capital funding requirements in conjunction with forming its long-term financial plan for the business.

Exposure to interest rate risk due to borrowing variable rate bank debt.

The Group uses derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to rising interest rates. The Group maintains a hedging policy to manage interest rate risk and to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows and compliance with debt covenants. The derivative contracts held are fixed rate hedging, split between interest rates and inflation-linked swaps. The Group has, however, elected not to apply hedge accounting meaning gains and losses are recognised through the income statement as fair values fluctuate (2021: £11.1m loss; 2020: £121.7m gains). Interest rate swaps convert variable rate interest costs to fixed rate interest costs while inflation-linked swaps convert fixed or floating rate interest costs to RPIlinked costs, which fluctuate in line with the RPI index as do a significant proportion of the Group's revenue contracts.

The Group operates from UK sites and predominantly in the UK market. While some customer and supplier contracts are denominated in other currencies (mainly US Dollars and Euros), the majority of the Group's revenues and costs are sterling based, and accordingly exposure to foreign exchange is limited.

Management regularly monitors the impact of foreign exchange risks and assess the need to put any mitigating financial instruments in place. During the year the Group fully repaid its US Dollar denominated private placements notes and closed out the related cross currency swaps. No foreign currency denominated debt was held at 30 June 2021.

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Internal control over financial reporting

The Board of Directors review the effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal control, including risk management systems and financial and operational controls (see page 48).

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee includes representation from the Board of Directors. Frank Dangeard stood down as a non-executive director of Arqiva Group Limited and relevant group companies with effect from 1 July 2021. Frank also stood down from Board committee memberships, including his role as chair of the Audit & Risk Committee. Since 1 July, Frank has been appointed as a board observer and has also conducted oversight responsibilities of the Audit & Risk Committee. The proposal is that this role will continue for an interim period and will be kept under review by the Chair and the Board of Directors. Mike Parton will chair Audit & Risk Committee meetings (or another committee member may be appointed to chair the meetings as required). The Audit & Risk Committee continues to have representation from the Board of Directors.

In addition, it has responsibilities of oversight of risk management procedures, monitoring compliance and regulatory issues (including whistleblowing arrangements) and reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and internal audit function.

The Committee is authorised to seek any information it requires from any employee of the Company in order to perform its duties, and to obtain any external legal or other professional counsel it requires.

Meetings of the Committee are attended, at the invitation of the Chairman of the Committee, by the external auditors, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and representatives from the business as required.

Internal Audit

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for reviewing the work undertaken by the Group's internal audit function, assessing the adequacy of the function's resource and the scope of its procedures. The internal audit function agrees its annual audit plan with the Audit and Risk Committee and regularly reports its findings and recommendations. The Group's internal audit plan incorporates an annual rolling review of business activities and incorporates both financial and non-financial controls and procedures.

External Audit

The Audit and Risk Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the Group's external auditor. The Committee makes an assessment of the auditors' independence and objectivity taking into account the relationship with the auditors as a whole, including the provision of any non-audit services.

PwC were re-appointed as external auditor in 2016 following a competitive tender process.

The auditors have provided certain non-audit services, principally in relation to non-audit assurance. The Audit and Risk Committee considers the acceptability of all non-audit services with the auditors in advance of commencement of work to confirm acceptability and ensures that appropriate safeguards of audit independence are established and applied, such as partner rotation.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee, chaired by Sally Davis, is established to make recommendations to the Board regarding executive remunerations, including pension rights and to recommend and monitor the level and structure of remuneration for each member of the Executive Committee. Additional oversight is extended to setting and monitoring reward and incentive policies, including the Group-wide annual bonus scheme, and reviewing and making recommendations in relation to wider reward policies.

Governance and Nomination Committee

The Governance and Nomination Committee, chaired by Mike Parton, is established to give oversight to the size, structure and composition (including skills, experience, independence, knowledge and diversity) of the Board to ensure that the continued leadership ability is sufficient to allow the business to compete effectively in the market. This also includes oversight of the succession planning for directors (and other senior executives where appropriate).

Operational Resilience Committee

The Operational Resilience Committee, chaired by Mike Darcey, has oversight of the adequacy and effectiveness of the operational resilience strategies and procedures of the Group (including principles, policies and practices adopted in complying with all statutory, and sub-statutory, standards and regulatory requirements in respect of safety, health and environment ('SHE') matters affecting the activities of the Group). This includes consideration and risk management of areas of significant and individual cyber security, physical security, business continuity and SHE risk.

Equal Opportunities policy

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Group continues and the appropriate training arranged. It is the policy of the Group that the training, career development and promotion of a disabled person, should, as far as possible, be identical to that of a person who does not have a disability. Further information on how Arqiva supports its employees can be found on page 36.

Political Donations

No political donations were made during the year (2020: none).

Charitable donations

The Group has made £0.1m (2020: £0.1m) of charitable donations in the year.

Research and development

The Group performs research and development into new products and technology, the costs of which are capitalised where they meet the criteria for capitalisation in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. The research costs expensed in the year were £2.0m (2020: £5.2m). In addition, the Group carries out research and development as part of its contract bid processes and these costs are expensed as part of the bid costs unless the development expenditure can be capitalised. The bid costs expensed during the year total £1.3m (2020: £4.1m).

Development costs incurred as part of capital expenditure projects, which support customers contracts, are included with the total project spend within property, plant and equipment. The Group's capital expenditure in the year was £104.0m (2020: £247.0m) and includes capitalised labour of £34.4m (2020: £39.3m). Other development costs are capitalised within intangible assets. In the year, new development costs capitalised total £0.3m (2020: £2.7m) with amortisation of £1.6m (2020: £1.6m) charged against such capitalised development costs.

Overseas branches

The Group has trading branches based in the Isle of Mann, the Channel Islands and France.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Events after the reporting date

On 9th July 2021, the Group refinanced its bank facilities and now has access to a £100.0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a 25 year £150.0m Liquidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA of between 120 and 130bps. Arqiva Financing No1 Limited ('AF1') is the borrower under all of these arrangements.

On 10 August 2021 a fire broke out at our Bilsdale transmitter site. Our engineers have worked on a four-stage recovery plan to reinstate services present on the mast. Through phases 1 and 2 of our recovery plan, around 500,000 households have now been returned to a coverage area through utilisation of other sites and radio services (FM and DAB) have also been restored for many. Works have been completed for the improvement of TV coverage from our Eston Nab site and an additional 15metre mast has been installed at a site in Arncliffe Wood in order to extend coverage from this site to achieve this. Phase 3 of the recovery plan involves the erection of a temporary mast at the Bilsdale site which is expected to restore signals to over 90% of affected households. Work began on the temporary mast on 13 September following a legal process to secure access to the new site. Phase 4 of the recovery plan will be to complete the enduring solution. Management are still assessing the financial impact of the incident and the assets damaged by the fire, and have engaged with the Group's insurers.

Dividends and transfers to reserves

Now Digital (East Midlands), a Group company which includes a non-controlling interest, declared a dividend in the year of £0.4m (2020: £0.4m).

The Directors' of the Group have not recommended a dividend in the year (2020: nil).

The consolidated profit for the year of £504.9m (2020: loss of £322.8m) was transferred to reserves.

Going Concern

The Strategic report includes information on the structure of the business, the business environment, financial review for the year and uncertainties facing the Group. Notes 20, 23 and 25 of the consolidated financial statements include information on the Group's cash, borrowings and derivative respectively; and financial risk management information presented within this report.

The Group meets our day-to-day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash generated from our operations. The Group performs a review of going concern through a review of forecasting including cash flow forecasts and considering the requirements of capital expenditure and debt repayments. The Group has sufficient financial resources which, together with internally generated cash flows, will continue to provide sufficient sources of liquidity to fund our current operations, including our contractual and commercial commitments both in terms of capital programmes and financing. For this reason, the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing this financial information.

Following the sale of the Group's Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management have significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they fall due

The Directors have also taken into account the potential implication of the current COVID-19 situation and have determined that given there will continue to be demand for services provided by the Group and the Group has a mixed customer base, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

Future Developments

The Group plans to continue in its commercial and operational business in accordance with its strategy. Further detail is contained within the Strategic report on page 19.

Annual Report and Financial Statements - Year Ended 30 June 2021

Ownership and Directors

A description of the ownership of the Group and the Board of Directors holding office during the year and up to the date of signing of the financial statements can be found on page 43.

At 30 June 2021, Mike Parton was the Group's independent Chairman. Rachael Whitaker was the Company Secretary at 30 June 2021. Rachael Whitaker resigned the role on 1 July 2021 and Jeremy Mavor was reappointed as the Company Secretary on 1 July 2021.

For details on the background of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee please refer to page 43.

Details of the statutory directors of the Company are shown on page 130.

Directors Indemnities

The Company has provided an indemnity for its Directors and the Company Secretary, which is a qualifying third-party indemnity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force during the full financial year and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

Disclosure of information to the Independent Auditors

The Directors of the Group in office at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- So far as the Directors are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditors are unaware; and
- Each Director has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditors are aware of that
 information

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Group financial statements in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of
 the Companies Act 2006 have been followed for the Group financial statements and United Kingdom
 Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 have been followed for the Company financial statements,
 subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's and Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

On behalf of the Board

Mike Parton

Director

21 September 2021

Financial Statements

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Independent auditors' report to the members of Argiva Group Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

Is our opinion

- financial statements and Company financial statements and Company financial statements the triple of the give a true and fair view of the context of the con
- the Group furancial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.
- the floancial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the tinancial statement or included within the Annual Report and Financial or arms of the consolidated and Company statements of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the Consolidated accome statement in Consolidated accome statement in Comprehensive income, the Consolidated cash flow statement and the Consolidated cash flow statement and the Consolidated and Company statements of changes in equity for the year then ended and the notes to the financial statements, which

include a description of the significant accounting policies

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International mentals as a continuous and accordance with International mentals as a continuous accordance with a continuous accordance in a continuous accordance to a continuous accordance with a continuous accordance acc

Independence

We remained independent of the Group in according with the ethics requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements.

Ethical Standard, and we have to the door other ethical responsion field the accordance with these requirements.

Our audit approach

Overview

And" score

 For the Group financial. state hearts we performed as aucht of the complete financial intormation of three entities. and the consolidation. We also conducted audit procedures on specific inelitems for 12. entities to ensure sufficient coverage. The audit work performed gave us coverage of 95% of revenue and 98% of continuing blots before tax, tigance income finance costs. other gains and losses and exceptional income and expenses. All ontities have been audited by the Group team and hence no component auditor. has been involved in the audit of the Consolidated Chancian

Key audit matters.

- Valuation of financial instruments (Group)
- Carrying value of goodwing (Group).
- Recognition and recoverability of deterred tax assets (Group)
- Valuation of defined benefit pension scheme liability (Group)
- Covid 19 impacts (Group and Parent)
- Accounting to ligan on disposal (Group)

Materiality

- Overall Group mater ality £8,300,000 based on approximately 2.5% of Adjusted £BITDA
- Overal, Company materiality £230,271 based on approximately 2 of Net Assets
- Performance materiality ±6,225,000 (Grolip) and £172,704 (Company)

The scope of our audit

As part of designing our allock, we determined materiality and assessed the risk, of material most are next the financial state pents.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters ٠.. judgement, were of most significanite in the audit of the financial statements of the current beliod and include the most significant assessed risks of inaterial misstatement Iwhether or not due to fraudi. identified by the auditors, including those which had the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit. and directing the efforts of the engagementiteam. These matters, and any comments we make on the results of our procedure, thereon, were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a

whole, and in forming our opinion thereo it and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters

This is not a complete list of all risks identified by our audit.

Accounting for gain on disposal (Group) is a new key audit matter this year. Revenue and profit recognition on complex contracts (Group). IFRS 16 implementation

(Group). Classification, presentation and disclosure of discontinued operations (Group) and also investment in subsidiaries (Parent), which were key audit matters last year, are no longer included because of the following reasons. In relation to revenue and profit recognition on complex contracts, the matters giving rise to the complexities have been completed. Discontinued operations in the current year were

Imited, with the exceptional gain on disposal of discontinued operations being included as a new key audit matter this year. The implementation of IERS 16 was applicable only in the first year of adoption of the standard. The investment in subsidiaries were fully impaired in the prior year. Otherwise, the key audit matters below are consistent with last year.

Key audit matter

Valuation of financial instruments (Group)

The Group holds a number of derivative financial instruments comprising interest rate and inflation linked swaps, in relation to the financing of the Group. These derivative financial instruments are significantly out of the money on a net portfolio basis. The Group accounts for the valuations of these instruments using valuations provided by the counterparty institutions with adjustments made by nanagement for counterparty credit risk. Whilst there has been settlement of several derivatives during the year, this continues to be a key audit matter due to the complexity of the valuations and the oriental months of balances involved, amounting to £326.3 in derivative financial lost unrent rabilities.

Refer to page 87 and page 117 (note 3) significant accounting policies of mancial instruments and note 25 - tipancial instruments and risk management)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We engaged PwC valuations experts to assist with the audit of the counterparty valuations of each interest rate swap and inflations insed swap, and many and many of the counterparty of the counterparty risk of those instruments. Our expects recalculated the fair value using the internal PwC valuation model for a sample of instruments, which was then compared to the amount recognised in the financial statements.

We also obtained independent confirmations of the swap arrangements and associated year end fair values and no material differences were identified. We have also understood and tested the impaction derivatives from the repayments during the year including accounting for the break costs on early debt repayments and derivatives of £55.9m which have been appropriately recognised and disclosed within the financial statements.

As a result of our work performed no material differences were noted in respect of the valuation of financial instruments.

Carrying value of goodwill (Group)

to prepare annual impairment reviews in respect of the prepare annual impairment reviews in respect of amounting to £1.457.4m, and the impairment reviews performed over goodwill include a number of assumptions which are subject to management judgement and estimates.

Refer to page 92 and page 104 (note 4- critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty. Impairment of goodwilf and note 14 - goodwilf.

We obtained an understanding of the allocation of about 100 and 100 an

We tested the impairment model, assessing its mathematical accuracy, the accuracy of inputs to the model and the reasonableness of the assumptions applied by management in assessing the valuation of goodwill for each cash generating unit. These included the assumptions for revenue and cost growth, capital expenditure and the discount rate used.

We tested the cash flows and agreed these to Board approvals and performed a look back test to assess accuracy of forecasting.

We involved our PwC valuations experts to evaluate. the discount rate used to calculate the present value. of the cash flows and confirmed this was calculated. ising an acceptable methodology and concluded that theid scount rate is materially in line with what we would expect. Since the service of performed our own sensitivity analysis considering. various reasonably possible scenarios impacting key. assumptions, including forecast cash flows, terminal growth rate and discount rates. Based on this testing, we considered whether the carrying value of the goodwill balances was adequately supported by the value-in-use impairment model prepared by management, and found there to be a significant level Our testing did not identify any material differences. to the position reflected in the financial statements. Recognition and recoverability of deferred tax assets following the introduction of legislation in previous Application of the second of the second of the second of years which restricts interest deductions, the Groupset out the various elements of the deterred tax asset recognised a significant deferred tax asset at that i into attended to the property of the I to heli At year end la deferred tax asset of £230 £ his. recognised, and assessed the appropriationess of this icap taused on the barance sheet with a further in conjunction with our taxation specialists. £394.1m of potential deferred tax assets not. recognised on the basis that they are not considered for the recoverable. to cax tosses and the evidence available to support the recognition at losses arising in various entitles. There is judgement, involved in the determination or factuating consideration of whether specific steps are: Entire crements of the deferred tax asset to recognise. reduced in order to enable the varue of the losses to and the value of that recognition, including the extent $(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, x_n, \dots, x_n, x_n, \dots, x_n,$ to which there are foreseeable taxable profits. recovery Refer to page 92 and page 110 more 4-critical The state of the s accounting judgements and key sources of estimation profits and agreed those to the approved long term. univertainty - deferred rax and note 19 -deferred taxiplan and also agreed these to be consistent with the forecasts, used for the goodwill impairment. assessment. The calculations of the forecast raxable profits were reviewed, and an analysis of the sensitivity of the utilisation nor zon to variations in EBITDA was considered. As a result of our work performed no material differences were noted in respect of the alrount of ideferred tax asset recognised in the financial. state heats at 30 June 2021. Valuation of defined benefit pension scheme liability The Group operates one Defined Benefit Plan which We involved our initiarial special sts and reviewed the has a surplus at the year end of £47.1 m key assumptions used to derive the pension benefit oplization to assess whether they sit within our

The variation of the plan liabilities (£248.8 m) includes a high level of estimation uncertainty, comprising several different key assumptions. There is a risk that an error within one or a combination of those assumptions could lead to a material misstatement in the financial statements.

Refer to page 124 (note 29) retirement benefits i

acceptable ranges based on market data and can conclude that all of the key assumptions do sit within our acceptable ranges.

We also tested the key inputs to supporting evidence with no exceptions noted.

We reviewed the actuarial report and enquired of the intensity of the research of the intensity of the management addresse in the controls in place for the modering accuracy and the controls in place for the modering and performed our own data validation checks. We also performed risk assessment analytical procedures on both the financial and demographic assumptions.

As a resect of our work performed no material differences were noted in respect of the pension benefit obligation recognised in the financial statements at 30 June 2021.

Covid-19 impacts (Group and Parent)

Since early 2020, the Covid 19 parademic has impacted the global creating considerable uncertainty for economies and markets.

Despite some challenges. Argiva, as a critical national infrastructure business, have continued to operate throughout the pandemic and have continued to maintain services providing communications and broadcast capabilities across the country and management therefore consider the impact of Covid 19 to be limited.

UK commercial radio has been impacted by Covid-19 with some reduction to revenue seen, as many businesses temporarily out advertising budgets as a result of the lockdowns in the UK.

Key programmes such as the 700MHz Clearance programme and the Smart metering rollout have also been impacted due to access to the sites being limited however this has not had a material impact on the business, and no additional provisions have been considered necessary. FY22 budgets have been revisited by management to ensure that any necessary revisions are made to take into account any known and expected impacts of Covid 19. These have deen assessment.

Refer to page 31, Going Foncern

We discussed the impact of Covid 19 it each key meeting held with chanagement at multiple levels across the Group. We considered the impact of Covid-19 as part of our going concern procedures including considering the updated FY22 budget, and extent of sensitivities applied to include severoid it plausible downside scenarios, and we concur with the Common Covid-19 not having impacted this conclusion.

We also considered the impact of Covid-19 as part of our impairment work by incorporating the expected impact on future cashfolias noted above. As part of this work we challenged key assumptions as well as performing further sensitivity testing for reasonably possible change in assumptions, concluding that the impact of Covid-19 has not changed the conclusions reached in relation to the carrying value of Goodwill.

We audited provisions associated with the delays experienced on key programmes and concluded that these are materially appropriate.

the disclosures in the financial statements are adequate and consistent with our audit work and understanding of the business and how it has been impacted by the pandemic

Accounting for gain on disposal (Group)

On 8 July the Group completed the sale of its Telecoms infrastructure and related assets at a value. of £1,820,4m. Algain of £1,032,6m was recognised. within the FY21 financial statements.

On account of the quantum of the gain on disposaand the significant impact this item has had onstatutory profit, we have included this as a key audit

Refer to page 77, page 99 and page 111 (Consolidated income statement, note 7 - Exceptional items and note 21. Discontinued operations and disposal group held for sale)

We obtained the final sale documents and other. supporting evidence including agreement to bank statements, to agree the sales proceeds received.

We audited management's calculations of the amount to be treated as deferred revenue rather. than sale consideration in relation to future services. to be provided. We involved our valuations: specialists to agree the reasonableness of the discount rate applied to the deterred revenue. element and performed testing over the inputs to the calculation

We performed substantive testing over the Group's direct costs of the sale which were deducted when arriving at the profit on disposal.

We also agreed the net asset value disposed to the this balances of the related businesses which were audited at the prior year end, adjusted for the profit tor the eight days in the current financial year phorito

We agreed the calculation of the gain based on the relevant inputs including assessing whether the tax treatment of the gard was compliant.

Noissides were noted as a result of our work performed

We considered the related disclosures within the financial state nexts, with no material exceptions noted train air procedures.

How we tailored the audit scope

'Me tarlored the scope of our audit to eins ice that we bestormed enough. work to be able to give in opinior on the final rotal statements as a whole. taking into account the structure of the Group and the Company, the autounting processes and controls. and the industry in which they

We tailored the scope of our audit to : ensine that we helformed enough work to be able to give an opin on unthe financial statements as a wrole. taking into account the structure of the Group and the Company, the

accounting processes and colltrain and the industry in which they pasmess is ranned out through a single principal trading subsidiary Bigned into two customer-facing. business units. Media Distribution and Smart Utilities Networks. and the second of the second runctions. In addition, there are a number of entities which provide. financing to the operations.

Materiality

The scope of our audit was anfinentied by our application of materiality. We set certain unant table thresholds for

materialty. These together with a mitative considerations, se ped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures on the individual financial statement line. items and disclosures and inevaluating the effect of misstate nents, both individually and in aggregate on the financial statements is a whole.

Based on our professional ludge hent, we determined materiant, for the financial state pents as a whole as follows:

	Financial statements - Group	Financial statements - Company
Overall materiality	£8,300,000	£230,271
How we determined it	approximately 2.5 % of Adjusted EBITDA	approximately 2% of Net Assets
Rationale for benchmark applied	Based on our professional judgement, adjusted EBITDA is an appropriate adjusted measure to assess the performance of the Group, which for uses on the underlying trading results.	Based on our professional judgement, net assets is an appropriate measure to assess the performance of the Company and is a generally accepted auditing benchmark. A rule of thumb of approximately 2% is appropriate given that the entity itself is not a PIE.

For each component in the scope of our Group audit, we allocated a materiality that is less than our overall Group materiality. The range of materiality allocated across components was between ±0.1m and £7.9m. Certain components were audited to a local starutory audit materiality that was also less than our overall Group, nateriality.

We use performance materiality to reduce to an appropriately low level the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected. misstatements exceed, overall materiality. Specifically, we use performance materiality? determining the scope of our audit and the nature and extent of our testing of account balances, classes. of transactions and disclosures, for example in determining sample sizes. Our performance materiality was 75% of overall materiality. amounting to £6,225,000 for the Group financial statements and £172,704 for the Company financial statements

In determining the performance materiality, we considered a number of factors—the history of misstatements, risk assessment and aggregation risk and the effectiveness of controls—and concluded that an amount at the apper end of our normal range was appropriate.

We agreed with those charged with governance that we would report to them misstatements identified during our audit above £400.000

(Group audit) and £11,000 (Company audit) as wer as misstatements below those amounts that, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or rond trops that, and y dually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's and transportant to the context we verified the period of at east two verifients are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the property of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

thereon.

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial the financial the comprise thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other Information Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of a surrance

Li connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent. with the financial statements or our knowledge optained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially. misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material. misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement. of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these. responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and precion Report Activity Activity

considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Stranger, pointing of a course for the year ended 30 June 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and his been prepared in accordance with hoping blooding as requirements.

In ight of the knowledge and under standing of the Group and Company and their eeving ment obtained at the rounde of the latest we did not ligently unit, material misstatements withe Strategic

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

As explained a pre-filled in the

responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation or the financial state, ier is in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fairly ew. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is independent to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the hispocial stated ents the Directors are responsible for the second state of the second sec

going concern disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to go so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material in sistatement. whether due to traudior error, and to includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high love of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in anitordance with ISAs (Uk) will always detect a material missitate nemwhen it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraudion error and are considered material it individually br in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to intilience the economic decisions of scens. taken on the basis of these financial. statements

In equipant exiting that do are instances or non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with during the consibilities in outlined above to detect material mistatements in respect of pregularities. Indicate that d. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting megularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the Group and industry, well dentified that the principal risks of notice by another accomptance with laws and regulations related to the Communications Act 2003 and UK. Tak raw land we considered the extent to which noticemplance might have a material effect on the financial statements. Wo hiso considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact.

or the tinancial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We entered to a second of the and opportunities for fraudwent han-pulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to management s manipulation of key performance measures such as earnings before takation, interest, depreciation, and amortisation (EBITDA). We have determined EBITDA is the key metric for stakeholders, such as the Group's uitimate parents and lender. It is therefore the most likely for management manipulation through the oosting of manual journals and judgements over significant. acrount ligiestimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagenient team included.

- Discussions with Management and Directors, not ding consideration of known or suspected instances or nonombiance with laws and regulations and trailed.
- Challenging assumptions and judge nears made by Management and considering esk of management plos in their eignificant accounting estimates is disclosed in Noth Tofitie thanking state neats.
- foeld frying and testing lournal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual acround combinations or ournals posted by anexpected users.
- Reviewing numbers of meet, igs of those charged with governance
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures made by management in their significant accounting estimates and judge noits as disclosed in Note 4 of the financial statements.
- As required by ISA 240 incorporating an element of a predictability into our audit testing.

There are inherent, imitations in the audit procedures described above. We are loss likely to become aware.

of instances of non-comoliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate conceal nept by for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through colusion.

Our auth testing might include testing complete populations of certain fransactions and barances, possibly using data auditing techniques. However, if typically involves selecting a limited number of tems for testing, rather than testing complete populations. We will often seek to target particular items for testing based on their size or lisk characteristics. In other cases we will use and tisampling to mable us to draw a conclusion about the population from which the sample is selected.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the COC in Security of

www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our control of audit action of the also agreed to describe our audit approach, including communicating key audit matters.

Use of this report

This report, actuding the opinions has been prepared for and only for the Country of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion.

- we have not obtained at the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by i.s. or
- remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- the Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns

We have no exceptions to report ansing from this responsibility.

N. Coulle

Nigel Comero (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaternouseCoopers ECP Chartered Accountailts and Statutory Auditors London

21 September 2021

Consolidated income statement

			Year ended 3	0 June 2021		Year ended 3	0 June 2020
	`, •	_		Total £m			Inta- £m
Ray of the second		12	1	847 I	en 7 =	214.5	O1 8
State to a fact			٠,	1.111	1 -1 -1	, 55 E	11.
Gross profit		412 2	2.9	415.1	482.4	149.8	632 2
24, 100		(1679)	(0.6)	(168 5)	(1908)	(10.4)	(207.2)
Arrat Sec.		(4.7)		19.7)	(10 3)	19.11	(10.4)
$= \chi \circ (\partial \chi(t)) = (\tau \circ (\partial x) \circ (t^*) \circ \chi(x) \circ x) \circ x$	-	(256)		(25 b)	(15.5)	(10.2)	(34.7)
There has properly one		779.81	10 4)	(80.2)	190.81	(18.4)	(109.2)
Tyral Solestown Colors		٠,	1	128.0	7 3	·5;	
0.00				**			:
Operating profit		138 5	1.9	140.4	185.5	95.7	281.2
English English		-		- `		÷	
Environment of			٠.	180	• .	* .	*!**
And the second of the second o			18	. • •			
Other Committee Committee		- ,		. * 4.	• :		:.
rik ku ti ili ku ti ili aridi ili ili ku		٠.		* **	: .		
(Loss) / profit before tax		(597.2)	1,040.1	442.9	(400.3)	81.3	(319 0)
* 15			- •				-
(Loss) / profit for the year		(529.5)	1,034.4	504.9	(390.5)	67.7	(322.8)
Acceptance of							
Attended to the second				F 12			
Market Committee Committee							
				504.9			(322.8)

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	Note		1
Profit / (loss) for the year		504.9	(322.8)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
$\Delta(r) \log p f_{\pm} \gamma(r) s_{\pm} \gamma_{\mu \nu_{\mu}} (s_{\mu \nu_{\mu}} s_{\nu \nu_{\mu}} t_{\nu \nu_{\mu}}) = m a_{\mu} \cos f(\gamma_{\mu}) s_{\nu_{\mu}} \cos \gamma_{\nu_{\mu}} (s_{\nu_{\mu}} s_{\nu_{\mu}})$: -	_ :	100
$\mathcal{M}_{\rm eff}(r) = 0$, and the standard state of the standard st		188.4	- •
		19.8	(9.6)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
evening of the experiment of support the contractions			
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)		20 0	(9 6)
Total comprehensive income / {loss}		524 9	(332.4)
error twyer			
Carenin tray Codyana		·_;	<u> </u>
New Enthalte Theory		1.	;
		524.9	(332.4)

the state of the s

Consolidated statement of financial position

		30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Note	£m	£m
Non-current assets			
1 - ww	;	1.4 x - 1	1 477 (
British the Roberts Committee		} -	1
etración, como en esta como en el		* ***	3
g to the second	-	* * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100
Appendix of the Control of the Contr	i.		24.1
the contraction this includes the second			
Company of the Company of Company		• •	
		3,174.2	3,164 1
Current assets			
Transfer and the contract of t	:-	25	* *
	**	. *	***
State of the state		<u>.</u> 1. 5	11+1
		432.7	313.8
$\mathbf{y}_{0}(\theta^{\prime}) = \mathbf{y}_{0}(\theta^{\prime}) + \mathbf{y}_{0}(\theta^{\prime})$			Els .
		432.7	1,500 2
Total assets		3,606.9	4,664.3
Current liabilities			
Transfer and transfer and the second			1000
Superior of the	5 -	. "	•
to the grant	:	12 × 2 ×	12 **
			<u> -</u> .
		(2,555.6)	(2,592.4)
grand to detect years of German to the above of the call		(2,333.0)	42.00
	•	(3.555.4)	
		(2,555.6)	(3.022.0)
Net current liabilities		(2,122.9)	(1,521.8)
Non current liabilities			
the state of the state of		7	· · · ·
1 - 1 - 1 - 1	<u>.</u> '	4	
Control Anna Carlos Carlos Carlos		4 - 4	
V - N	-	• ′ -	
		(4,621.6)	(5.737.4)
Total liabilities		(7,177.2)	(8.759.4)
Net liabilities		(3,570.3)	(4,095.1)

The Control of the transport of the control of the

Consolidated statement of financial position (continued)

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Equity		
5 A C 16 14	•	73.4
Note: A section of the section of th	: .	(
Compared to the second	171	1500 1
Tisk Millard De	200	: 7,
Tindespury throughst and will also have to each	$\varphi_{ij} = \varphi_{ij} = \varphi_{ij}$	×1 1 0 1
Note that the expenses	1.	:
Total equity	(3.570.3)	(4,095 1)

The object of database to equate 20 not be weeking or longly the Book Light over the and such this section. Note that it 2011 They were supported to the contraction.

Mike Parton Control

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

						Total Equity		
						attributable to	Von	
		2 p 31 b	Share		franslation	owners of the	, outroffing	Total
	Note	'letiqo	premium	Accumulated rosses	Teverna	Phrent	interests	equity
		Ém	£m	tm	έm	Em	£m	Ém
Balance at 1 July 2019		653.9	315 6	(4,732.4)	(0.7)	(3,763.6)	1.0	(3,762.6)
ne store a transfer especi				e [±] ÷		. 1 !		·
grand that a premium entropy						1111		. * 4
Taylor State of the Company				•		, -		107, 10
Could No. 180							0.00	10
Balance at 30 June 2020		653.9	315 6	(5.065.1)	(0.7)	(4,096.3)	1.2	(4.095 1)
and the control of the second				2		5.14		7 ;
man and a second				1 + -		2		
and the second second				- : •				72:
_1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	: '							
Balance at 30 June 2021		653 9	315 6	(4,540.7)	(0.5)	(3,571.7)	1 4	(3,570 3)

Consolidated cash flow statement

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2021 £m	Year ended 30 June 2020 £m
Net cash inflow from operating activities	7 7	398.7	489.0
Investing activities			
thomas () of the second			.1
Purma is after group vits	1	5 0	10 To 10 PM
ल्यात च संच्या १ सार्याच १५५ ०	1.7	5 mg	(iii 1)
List than the countries of the extra displies of the perfect of the generality of the first of the countries.	21	13201	
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities		1,734 3	(115 0)
Financing activities			
Frank Burk, and to Arth	<u>.</u>		Il» ·
sough out short the companies	• •	62.26.2 %	las 1 € .
Miller to the Colonia Colonia		- ^-	
more than the second of the se		* +=*	- ***
Approximate the entire of the	2.4	+1+1,	7 %
Tago personal and a community of the state o		115	15.5
Self with the district of an area area and the con-			41 - 11
reactions of a second control of the second		y	
As You think the state of the state of the state of		= 1	-
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(1,999.6)	(284.2)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		133 4	89.8
instanding a spirit of the Same of the tomorphise		110.1	20.3
Davida (Ellist) (public twat deviative)		243.5	110.1

Notes to the Group financial statements

1 General information, authorisation of financial statements and Statement of Compliance

Artist Charles Control Control imited by shares and incorporated in England, in the United Kingdon. (UK) under the Companies Act 2006. under registration number 05254001. The address of the registered office is Crawley Court. Winchester, Hampshire, England 5021 2QA

These consolidated financial. statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30% Jame 2021 complise the Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"I

the state of the state of and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 12

Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Enancial Reporting Standards (IERS) as adopted by the UK interpretation. of the IFRS interpretations. Compittee (IFRS IC) and those parts. or the Companies Act 2006. applicable to companies reporting. inder IFRS. At the point of exit by the UK from the European Union on

31 December 2020, tile accounting standards followed changed from EU-adopted standards to Uk adopted standards. As at 30 Line 2021 there were no differences between the two interpretations and therefore no impact on either the current or prior year figures. presented

The Company has elected to prepare its funancial statements in accordance with ERS 101 Reduced. Disclosure Framework, These are presented or pages 130 to 140

Adoption of new and revised Standards

New and revised Standards

The following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current year. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

Richard Laboration of Assistance of Assistan

Amendments to FRS ki Aprendments to IFRS 4, 138, 29, and leRS 7. An engine his to (6/5/15

Applications response to the 85 standards.

2018 - 2020 Cyale

Difficition of Material Detination of a Business

interest Paro Senchmark Referm LUCASE DE MAR RANT CONTRACTO

Zhisins standards

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRS Standards that have been assed bill are not yet effective.

A monomients to (ASI) Amenamores to IFRS 3 Amenaments to (As 15)

Amondments to ASB7 Ashout improvements to 1985 Standard (2018-2020).

Classification of Capillities as Current or Noncour enti-

Retourned to the conceptual Flame sork.

Property, Plant and Equipment (Proce as before intended

Oner was continct in clost of Fultitions a Contract

A mendage abuto IARS I Flight time Adoption of later virtibin Financial Reporting Standards, FBS H Financial vistorin Enti-

if Ris 16 Lersies, and IAS 11 Agricultural

3 Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial framework which now applies to entities preparing financial statements in accordance with legislation, regulation or accounting standards applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland is FRS 100. Application of Financial Reporting Requirements, which was issued in November 2012.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the UK, interpretation of the IFRS Interpretations.

Committee (IFRS ICI and those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting index IFRS.

At the point of exit by the UK from the European Union on 31 December 2020, the accounting standards followed changed from EU adopted standards to UK adopted standards As at 30 June 2021 there were no differences between the two anterpretations and therefore no impact only either the current or prior year figures presented.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. except for the variation of financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the ead of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair. value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently across the comparative financial. periods included within these. financial statements.

In the control of the second comments have been prepared under FRS 101 and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and are

included in this report in see page. 130

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and ontitles controlled by the Company (its subsidianes, together the Group) made up to 30 June 2021

Control is achieved when the Company

- has de nonstrable power over theire evant activities of the myestee.
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable return from its involvement with the investee and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, the results of subsidiar es acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Intral group profits have been epiminated. Undertakings, other than subsidiary undertakings, in which the Group has an investment representing not less than 20% of the voting rights and over which it exerts significant influence are treated as associated undertakings. Where the Group has an investment that has joint control, this is treated as a joint venture. Associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting in accordance.

Althorated Anna Contract Contr

Going concern

Historically the Group has reported losses and has a significant net liability position on the Statement of Financial Position, caused primarily by debt and the related financing costs. However, the Group has continued to generate strong operating cashflows The Group meets its day-to-day working capital and financing requirements through the net cash. generated from its operations. The Group has access to sufficient financial resources which, together with Internally generated cash flows: will continue to provide sufficient. sources of liquidity to fund its current operations, including its contractual and commercial. commitments as set out in note 28.

The Group responded to the COVID-19 pandemic by taking deformation. VAT payments which have some been repaid in full during December 2020, and also by offering discounts to commercial raid or customers severely impacted by the economic implications of the pandemic through loss of adventising revenues to the following some the tact many of the contracts in place are long term.

contracts in place are long term rolltracts, we do not anticipate a long lasting impact on the business as a result of the pandemic

Convert of the Straight

Telecoms infrastructure and related assets on 8 July 2020, management has significantly deleveraged the Group, and maintain a cash position sufficient to meet current liabilities as they fall due.

In addition, forecast covenant compliance remains strong. For this reason the Directors are confident that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Thus they continue to adopt the going concert basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the gross of flow of economic benefit for services by the communications lafrast fucture, completion of significant engineering projects and the sale of communications equipment. Revenue is stated net of value added tax. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

On inception of a contract. performance obligations are identified for a kih of the distinct goods or services that have been promised to he provided to the austoiner. The consideration specified in the contract is a fociated. to each performance obligation. idea thed based on the rire about standa one setting onces and is recognised as revenue as they are surfished. Determining the standardine se^{min}g brice offen. requires inagenent and v ϕ ne der ved troin regulated prices it it prices, a cost-plus derived bace, or the bilde of similar products when sold on a standaione basin by Argica. or a commeteror to some cases it may perappropriate to tise the contract. price when this represents in be cooken price that would be the same for a sem on clustropies are semiliar indicamination e

Cash received of invoices raised in advance are taken to deterred indo he and recognised as contract liabilities, and subsequently recognised as receive when the services are provided. Where consideration received in advance is discounted, reflecting als graficant financing component, it is reflected within revenue and interest payane and similar paramages on a gross basis.

Revenue recognised in anyance of cash being received or an invoice being raised is recognised as accined in once with nicontract as arts and

subsequently recrassified to receivables once an invoice is raised lavoices are issued in the with contract terms.

The Group recognisms deterred income within contract liabilities which relates to cash received in relation to fiture services for TSAs in dithe utilisation of proadcast sites for telecommunications educiment as a result of the sale of the Telecoms business. This contract liability is expected to be released over the next 35 years.

The Group does not have any material obligation, in respect of returns, refunds or wair anties.

The following Julian har ses the performance obligations we have identified, and provides information on the timing of when they are satisfied and the related revenue recognition policy. The revenue expected to be recognised in future periods for contracts in place at 30 June 2021 that contain insatisfied performance obligations is included in not 5.

Rendering ϕ_i^* services

Pertormance obligations, indec contracts for the repairing of kervices are identified for each distinct service or deliverable to: which the customer has contracted and are considered to be varietied. over that the period that the HELMICEZIONI GENVELBONEZ BLEN delivered Revenue is recognised. over time at sine with the service. provision over the fortractual period and appropriately reflects the battern by which the performance opligation is satisfied. Such revenues actude television and radio. t ansmission services inedia. softweets, and machine to machine connect vity

For long-term, sowines contracts revenue is recognised on a straight time basis over the term of the contract. However, if the performance pattern is other than straight line revenues a precognism disk

services are provided, usually on an output or network coverage basis. Such revenues include Smart metering network build and service operation.

Pre-confracticosts incurred in the estial set up phase of a contract are deferred. These costs are then recognised in the income statement on a straight line basis over the remaining contractus' term, unless the pattern of service delivery. indicates a different profile is: appropriate. These costs are directly attributable to specific contracts, relate to future activity, will generate future economic benefits and are. assessed for recoverability on a regular basis. Costs related to de verlog services under long-term. contractual a rangements are expensed as included.

Delivery of engineering promits.

And valorovides support to its customers by undertaking various. engineering projects. Contracts for the delivery of engineering projects. are soilt into specific performance. lobligations. Performallue obligation. relating to services are satisfied over the time period to it services are delivered beformable obligitions relating to the provision of assets are katisfied at the point in time that. Lantro-passes to the Elisto her Revenue from such projectic which are orgatorm (greater than 12 months) contractual arrange nents sirecognised based on satisfaction of the identified performance loopigations using the percentage of completion method. The stage of completion is pased on the portion of costs, incurred as a percentage of total costs. Profit is recognished, if the final outcome ran pelasseed with reasonable restainty by motuming revenue and related costs in the Promo state here as contract. autivity progresses

Allows on a fixed bill celeborhactus recognised in mediately when is becomes probable that the contract cost will exceed the total nontract revenue.

Sale of communications equipment Performance obligations from the sale of communications equipment provided as part of customer contracts are satisfied and revenue is recognised at the point in time that control passes to the distomer which is typically upon delivery and acceptance by the customer. In some cases, payment is not received in full. at the time of the sale, and a contract asset is recognised for the amount due from the customer that will be recovered over the contract per od. Revenue to be recognised is calculated by reference to the relative standalone selling price of the equipment

Business combinations, including goodwill

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquirce and the equity interest. issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Goodwill is: measured at the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any ion-controlling interests to the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously. held equity interest in the argoiree.

(if any) less the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. Goodwild is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment at least annually or where there is indication of impairment On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amort sation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, on the forowing bases.

Asset Description

Licences
Development costs
Access rights
Software

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intengible assertarising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following conditions have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale.
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it:
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset, and

Estimated Useful Life

Eength of the licence period (no more than 20 years) 10 years sength of the agreement (no more than 20 years) 5-10 years

the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during it: development

The amount initially recognised for internally generated intangule assets is the sum of the expend fore incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criterial listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment forses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future

economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains on osses arising from de-recognition of an untangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or ross when the asset is derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical purchase cost (which includes costs directly attributable to bringing the assets into working condition), being fair value for tang-ble assets acquired or acquisition, less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Assets in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes, are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. The cost of serf-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour. Labour costs are capitalised within

the cost of an asset to the extent that they are directly attributable to the construction of the asset. The value capitalised captures all elements of employed benefits as defined by IAS 19.

Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, porrowing costs.

capitalised in accordance with the

Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis its other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of

assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method, on the following bases.

Asset Description	Estimated Useful Life
Freehold buildings	20 80 years
Leasehold buildings	Length of lease (typically between 20-80 years)
Plant and equipment	
Communications infrastructure network	8 - 80 years
- Network computer equipment	3 20 years
- Motor vehicles	3 - 5 years

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Freehold and whot depleciated

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of their lease term and the respected useful lives (on the 34 helbasis as owned assets).

An alem of property, plant and edupment is described sed upon disposal or when not cure economic benefits are expected to arise from the routin induse of the asset. The gain or rows at king on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the tarrying amount of the asset, and is lecognised in the income statement.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting period date, the Group reviews the learlying amounts of its tangible and intarigible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment ross, if any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss if any). Where the asset does not generate cash

flows that are independent from other assets, the Grong estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating and to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be dentified, corporate assets are also allocated to may dual cash generating units or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating up to for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

An intergible asset with an indefinite riseful life such as goodwill, is tested for impairment at least ariseably and whose ever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to self-additional value in use the estimated fature cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of their the value of money and the tisks spenific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset for cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An

impairment loss is recognised. immediately in profit or loss. Where an impairment loss. subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable. amount, but so that the increased. carrying amount does not exceed that carrying a noi-it that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset for cash generating on the prior years. A reversal of an involarment loss is recognised immediately in arofit or distribusitie appairment relates to goodwift, in which case it cannot be:

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are incognised in the mount of the position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial vabilities are not ally measured at for value. Transaction costs that are directly after purable to the accurs from or asset of financial assets and financial assets and financial assets and financial sasets and financial babilities at fair value through profit or loss, are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial atsets or financial liabilities as appropriate, on initial recognition

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of thancial assets or financial Labilities at rain value through profit or loss are religiously as mediately in profit or the cost of the c

All triancial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade riate where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timetraine established by the market concerned.

financial assets are classified into the following specified the product of the p

inelasured at amortised

of the second of th

Their instruction depends on the mature and purpose of the thrand at assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Other thancial assets measured at amortised cost are non-derivative. briand at assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted silan active market. They are: initia wikelogn sed at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised. cost using the effective interest. imerhod. They are included in carrent. assets, except for mixturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date, which are classified as none romanica casa ta lumban da financial essets ineasured at amorticed cost comprise trade and other receivables. and cash and cash equivalents:

Trade receivables

Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their no minal value as reduced by appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts impairment of irrecoverable amounts is based on an expected riedit loss model. In addition to the expected credit loss model the Group's policy is to also consider specific provisions for trade receivables outstanding for

more than 30 days beyond the agreed terms, or where the business environment indicates a specific risk. Management makes an assessment of the level of provision required and addistments to the carculated level of provision are made accordingly.

Contract assets

Contract assets are amounts owed for future services from signed contracts. Revenue is measured at the amount receivable under the contract. It is discounted to present value if deferred payments have been agreed and the impact or discounting it material.

Cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents, comprise cash on hand and demand deposits and other short term highly equid investments that are readily conventible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

in the **financial liabilities** are classified as either the ancial data? thes the ancial data? The second rectual arrangements entered into.

Borrowings

Interest bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct ssue costs. Finance charges, including premiums pavable on settlement or redemption, and direct issue costs are accounted for on an accruals basis to the income statement using the effective interest method, and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

Trade and other payables
Thade and other payables are not interest bearing and are initially recorded at fair value and

subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. They are included in current l'abilities, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date, which are classified as non-current liabilities.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present objection (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event lit is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be hade of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate or the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the taking and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation. Its carrying almospheris the present value of those cash flows (which the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a ricewap elistecophised as an asset if it is withfully certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Decominissioning provisions are recognised within provisions for liabilities and charges and included within property plant and equipment, where the costs of dismantling assets are considered material. The amounts recognised within property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the insertil economic life of the asset. The provisions are discounted to retect the time value of money where material

When the probability that the Group will be required to settle abloodigation on a revable estimate cannot be made of the amount of the obligation the Group discloses a contingent liability in the notes to the financial information.

The Group enters into a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposine to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risk, including foreign exchange forward contracts interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps

Derivative triains dinestruments are serioglased at fairly in lie at the date the derivative contract is entered into and are recalled at fair value at each bidance is rectiliate. The fairly also of these instruments is determined from the expected force cash flows discounted at a risk adjusted rate. The follows are estimated based on tooward.

controllest introducexchange) rates observable from rates and yield advises at the end of the seporting behold, and contract rates. The difference between the fact value at the lisk accusted rate and the fact value at their skilled usted rate and the fact value at their skilled rate is used to determine the debit valuation adjust meet industriese distributed to these distributed on adjust meet to these distributed on the polymedge in counting plant pies.

A destinative is presented as a noncurrent asset or a non-current. Jiah ity in the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12. months, and it is not experted to be realised or settled within 12 months Otherwise derivatives are presented as rurrent assets on lurrent cabilities Where derivatives have an amort sing profile, the fair value of tagle ement is ellithe not onal. principal, that matures within 12 imported in presented as a current asset or current hability. The Group. has offsetting arrangement, in place in the form of cross currency swaps. to in tigate exchange rate risk. These densitives are presented or lainet. 033.5

Fair value measurement

IFRS 13 defines facilitation as the price. that would be received to self anasset or baid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless or whether that price is directly. observable or estimated in it. g. another valuation technique, inest, nating the fair value of an asset or a palenty, the Group takes intoaccount the characteristics of the asset or hability it market. part cipants would take those characteristics into account when plusing the asset on lability an the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and or disclosure. purpoles in these financial. platements is determined on such a palis. Exceptions to this proviole. have been inade for the schements mut ace approximations to fair value but are not fail value such as value. 1 1/36 11AS 36 Trandition, for tinancial reporting piliposes, faili value preasurements. ine categorised into Lovo (1, 2, or 3) based on the degree to which the ina its to the fair is decheasinements are poservanie and the significance of the inputs to the talt viside measurement in the entirety, which are described to tollows

- Level 1 is blats are duoted phoesis the adjusted in active markety for adjustical assets or are fit es that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted onces included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or eaplity either directly or indirectly, and
- Level 3 inputs are unonservable inputs for the asset on lability.

Disposal group held for sale, discontinued operations and gain on disposal of discontinued operations

Disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their name inglumount wild be recovered principally toroligh a sale transaction ratioer than through routing use and a sale is considered nightly probable with a

the next 12 months. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to self-except for assets such as deferred tilx issets, assets arising from emproyee benefits and financial assets that we carried at fair value.

An impair nentilos, is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the disposal group to fair value less costs to tell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less rosts to sell of an asset for disposal groups, but not in excess of any computative impairment loss previous vinecognised. A gain priloss not previously recognised by the disposal group is recognised at the disposal group derecognised.

Non correct assets that are part of a disposal group are not depreviated. or amortised while they are riassified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the a soluties of a disposal glorib classified as held too sale continue to be recognised. The issets of a disposal group. classified as held to i sale lare. presented separately from the other assets in the bally rice shoot. The habilities of a disposal group. clik afted as netd for sale are presented separately from other rapidities in the balance sneet

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held folish and that represents a separate major, ne of business or deographical area of operations is part of a single color disabeted oran to dispose of such a line of paismess or area of operations or is a lipps dialy acquired exclusively with a view to repare. The results of discontinued operations are presented separatory in the Income Statement.

Algain on pasion disposal of discontratiled operations is recognised within the consolidated mome statement representing the consideration fereived less transaction costs and the carrying

value of the disposal group held for sale, and defended income generated in relation to fut its services.

Taxation

The fax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred fax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income on expense that are taxable or ideductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never as a result of current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and habitities in the financial information and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is: accounted for using the barance. sneet Lability method. Deferred tax Hab littles are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against weich deductible temporary differences can be utilised

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on tax laws and rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to

items charged or credited in other comprehensive income, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in other comprehensive income

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Retirement benefits

Defined contribution schemes. For defined contribution schemes, the amount charged to the income statement in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the contribution payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable for the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruais or prepayments in the statement of financial position.

Defined benefit schemes

Defined benefit schemes are funder with the assets of the scheme held separately from those of the Group, in separate trustee administered tunds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an activarial basis using the projected unit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and terms to the scheme liabilities.

The Plan closed to future accrual of oenefits on 31 January 2016. Prior to closing the scheme to future accrual, the Group presented current and past service costs within cost of sales and administrative expenses (see note 29) in its consolidated income statement. Curtailments gains and losses are accounted for as a past-service cost.

Net interest expense or focome is recognised within finance income user note 9)

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of financiar position represents the deficit or surplus in the representative of the properties of schemes. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the torm of refunds from the schemes or reductions in future contributions to the schemes.

A liability for a termination panetit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

Leases

The Group as lease. When the Group enters into a lease a mill, moferment and a lease lability is recognised for any fidure, ease payments due at the lease commeasement data. The right of use asset is initially incasured at cost, being the present value of the lease payments paid or paymore plus any initial circuit cost, ficultited in entering the lease.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight like brais from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. The lease term is the non-cancel able period of the lease dius any behods for which services any extension potions.

The useful life of the asset is determined in a mainner consistent to that for owned property, plant and equipment. If right of-use assets are considered to be impaired, the carrying value is reduced accordingly.

Lease habitities are initially measured at the value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date and are usually discounted using the incremental borrowing rates of the applicable Group entity. Lease payments included in the lease liability include both fixed payments and in-

substance fixed payments during the term of the lease.

After initial recognition, the lease. flatility is recorded at a nortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate le gilan inflation related. increase), a renegotiation of the lease terms or if the Group 5 assessment of the lease term. changes; any change in the lease hability as a result of these changes also results to a conjesponding change in the recorded right of use.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised antitibere is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis. over the periods in which the Group. recognises as expenses the related. costs for which the graint are ilitended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary colid from is that the Gloup should

purchase, construct or otherwise. acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred revenue in the consolidated statement of trancial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets

Operating profit and exceptional

Operating profit is stated after exceptional items, including restructuring costs, impairment and after the share of results of associates but before finance income and finance costs.

Exceptional items are those that are considered to be one-off, nonrecurring in pattice or material, either by magnitude or nature, that the Directors believe that they require separate disclosure to avoid the distortion of underlying. performance for example one off in pairments, regundancy. programmes, restructoring and costs related to significant corporate In mice activities. The Directors believe the resulting LBITDA. represents underlying performance. excluding significant one off and non recurring events, that more raidly represents the on going trading performance of the business. These

items are therefore presented. separately on the face of the income. statement.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction, except in the case of certain. financing transactions where hedging arrangements are in place and transactions are recorded at the contracted rate Monetary assets and liabilities denoted in foreign currencies are retranslated at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date or the contracted rate if applicable iAny exchange differences ansing are taken to the income statement. Transactions in the income statement of overseas operations are it abslated using an average.

Exchange differences on translation. of overseas subadraries are recognised through the statement of comprehensive accome in the

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Directors are required to make judge-nents. estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of issets and handities that are not readily. apparent from other lources.

The judgements lest mates and associated assumptions are based on nistorical expenience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual resilts may differ from these judgements, estimates. and assumptions.

The judgements, estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed. on an ori going basis. Revisions are:

recognised in the period in which the estimate shevued.

Critical judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty in applying the Group's accounting policies

The following are the critical: judgements and those involving. estimations that the Directors have made in the process of applying the have the most significant effection. the amounts recognised in thancial statements and rould reasonably beexpected to change materiality in the riext 12 months.

Revenue recognition

exchangerate

Critical accounting judgements

State of the Artist Conrecognition policy. As set out in note. judgements are made in respect of centain areas including.

- determination of distinct contract components and performance. obligations.
- the recognition of a significant tinancing component

The aforementioned judgements are consister by labbled across similar contracts

Key estimations

Large to the state of the second recognition policy las set out in note 3. estimations are made in respect of certain areas including:

- measurement of variable consideration;
- In the application of the percentage of completion approach to long-term contractual arrangements which relies on estimates of total expected contract revenues and costs, as well as reliable measurement of the progress made to wards completion

Key estimates are regularly. monitored throughout the relevant. contractual periods with reference to the stage of completion and any applicable customer milestone. acceptance. This is particularly. relevant to the approach for significant engineering projects, such as the 700MHz clearance. programme, which typically contain a programme build phase and a long. term operational phase. See note 5 for the total engineering revenue. The impact of a change in estimate related to engineering projects is considered to not be material going forward

Deferred tax

Critical accounting judgements

As disclosed in note 19, the Group has a significant unrecognised deferred that asset, primarily in respect of deferred interest expenses and tax losses. Judgement is required in determining whether these assets can be accessed considering the restrictions of relevant tax legislation and expectations of future profits within particular group entities.

Only assets that are expected to be available to the Group have been recognised but the judgement relating to these unrecognised assets will remain under review and reassessed as the Group's circumstances and relevant tax legislation evolves.

Useful lives for property, plant and equipment and intangibles

Critical accounting judgements:

Depreciation or amortisation is charged to the income statement based upon the useful lives selected. This assessment requires estimation of the period over which the Group will derive benefit from these assets.

Management monitorial idiassess the appropriateness of useful economic Eves, such Evel, havialso be impacted by external market changes. In the event that such a change were to result in a revision of useful econo nin lives this could result in a change to the annual depreciation charge going forwards. In the theoretical scenario whereby medium and long term useful. economic lives of property, plant and equipment were to be reduced by one year the estimated impact on the depreciation charge for the year is approximately £12m (2020) заргоханаtely £18mi, with a reduction in depreciation in later. √Сабъ

The Group manages its property plant and equipment on a portfolio basis through a central estates team. This team contains qualified surveyors who have a wealth of experience working for the Group and within the industry as a whole.

The carrying values of intangibles are disclosed in note 15, and those for property, o ant and equipment are disclosed in note 16.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Critical accounting judgements

As disclosed in note 26 th more also provisions principally relate to obligations arising from contractual obligations, restructuring and property remediation plans and deconimissioning obligations.

The identification of such obligations in the context of daily operations which require provisions to be made requires judgement.

Judgement is also required to distinguish between provisions and contingent liabilities.

Management also exercises judgement in measuring the exposures to contingent liabilities (see note 28) through assessing the likelihood that a potential claim or liability will arise, and in quantifying the possible range of financial outcomes.

Key estimations:

Estimates have been made in respect of the probable future obligations of the Group. These estimates are reviewed annually to reheir current economic conditions and strategic plans.

The decommissioning provisions are reviewed annually and are calculated based upon expected costs and past costs incurred on similar sites as determined by site and project management, as well as assessments made by internal experts (see note 26).

Minagement has estimated the empact of reducing the decommissioning timetable by one year to be £0.2m (2020-£0.5m) in relation to the unwholding of provision discounting on if all site decommissioning was recognised willine with potential earlier expiration dates, a sensitivity of up to £10-15m across the portfolio as a whole. Such movement wild any one financial year is not considered likely.

Impairment of goodwill

Critical accounting judgements

goodwin is reviewed at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment, so that is a review of the statement of the stateme

Judgement is used to identify indicators of impairment and their impact upon the goodwill balances. An assessment of impairment is performed each year as detailed in note 14.

Leases

For most contracts there is limited judgement in deter mining whether an agreement contains a lease IFRS 16 distinguishes between leases and service contracts on the basis of whether the use of an identified asset is controlled by the lessee Control is considered to exist if the customer has.

- The right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an identified asset, and
- The right to direct the use of that asset.

Judgement is sometimes required to determine whether the Group controls the asset and has a scansulater IFRS 16.

Critical aci ounting juagements

Some lease contracts include elements of consideration which are fixed and variable. For these contracts undgement is required to determine to what extent any of the variable consideration is in substance fixed consideration acronding to IERS. In Where variable consideration is accounted for in the valuation of the lease liability and eight-of-use used.

Lease teams a roer IERS 16 may exceed the majorithms in lease period.

and include optional lease periods where it is reasonably certain that an extension option (or other contractual rights) will be exercised or that a termination option will not be exercised by the Group

sign ficant judgement is required in determining whether optional periods should be included in the lease term taking into account the which is a suite, purpose and potential for replace hent and any plans that the Group has in place for future lise of the asset.

The lease record for land and buildings subject to the non-cannellable period and rights and options in each individual contract are generally judged to be the ronger of the minimum hierase form and between 2 and 10 years, with terms at the top cold of this range if the lease relates to assets that are intical to the delivery of major customer contracts.

Actuarial assumptions used to determine the carrying amount of the Group's defined benefit plan liabilities

Critical accounting judgements

the second second

abilities are discounted at a rate set by reference to market yields at the

end of the reporting period on high duality corporate bonds. Significant judgement is required when setting the criteria for bonds to be included in the population from which the yield curve is derived. The most significant criteria considered for the selection of bonds include the issue size of the corporate bonds, quality of the bonds and the centitication of outliers which are excluded. The Group selects these assumptions in consultation with an external qualified actuary.

Key estimations

Estimates are used in determiting the present value of the scheme abilities, which depend on such factors as the life expertancy of the members, the salary progression of our current employens and price inflation.

Management has considered the estimated implict of adjusting the assumptions listed to determine the the present value of the scheme limbilities, which are summarised and rose 29.

5 Revenue and segmental information

The Group derives its revenue from the reindering of services, engineering brolects, and the sale of communications equipment. See note 3 for the accounting policies adopted.

The following tables disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers by our major service lines

					
	Media	Smart Utilities	Total continuing	Total discontinued	
	Distribution	Networks	operations	operations	Total
Year ended 30 June 2021	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Samuel Committee	= 15. 7	÷ 1	ţ. ¬	1.	
garant of property			,	-	
** 12, 1			+ 1		
Revenue	519.5	122.8	642.3	4.9	647.2

Year ended 30 June 2020	Media Distribution Em	Smart Utilities Networks Em	Total continuing operations	Total discontinued operations Em	Fotal £m
		+ 1	-1 :	* 4 · *	3,
- The word Control			, - ₁	11.5	71 (
2000 (1300)					2
Revenue	556.4	121.1	677.5	225.3	902.8

Revenue expected to be recognised in future periods, included in our order book, for perfor hance obligations that are not complete for are partially complete fast at 30 June 2021 is £4,143 5m (2020; £4,019 6m). The anticipated timing of recognition of this revenue is as follows.

	< 1 year	1-2 years	2 5 years	5-10 years	> 10 years	Fotal
Year ended 30 June 2021	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
				-		
Company of pro	: ' '	:2*	1 24	12411	* **	5 -
Specification of the		: .				
22.2.2.20 %		1	11.	***		
Revenue	531.3	468.5	1,148.1	1,229.3	766.3	4 143.5

Year ended 30 June 2020	< 1 year	1-2 years	2 5 years	5-10 years	> 10 years	Total
	£in	€m	£m	£im	£m	£m
$\xi_{i} = g_{i} + \cdots + g_{i-1}$	1.5	1.50	11-5	11 .	• •	• •
Section 15 per 15	a 1	1 1				
Secretary to	4 4	•)	•		*4× *
Revenue	567.5	527.6	1,277.7	1.286.7	360 1	4.019 6

Contract assets and liabilities

The Group havingognised the following assers and Damities or relation to contracts within istomers

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
Contract assets			
Carryot	97.4	-1 s	
	·		
Contract liabilities			
December	1- ,	sus ,	
Non-year	No. 1	3 0 4	
	455.0	329.5	

195.2 m of the contract liability recognised at 30 June 2020 was recognised as revenue during the year (2020-£178-2.m). Impairment losses of £0.201,2020-£0.3 m) were recognised on contract assets during the year.

Other than business assusual movements there were nois an ficunt changes in confract asset and hability palances during the year. In addition to the contract balances.

disclosed above, the Group has also recognised an asset in relation to the prepayment of costs to fidful a contract. This is presented with a other receivables in the balance sheet and total ediff. 2020 £2.0 m). Amont sation recognised as a cost of ploy ding services during the year was £0.1m (2020, £0.2 m).

Reporting by markets

During the year the Group continued to focus its commercial and operational resources across the Media Distribution and Smart Utilities Networks markets in refers to our corporate activities which are not revenue generating.

Information regarding the nature of these business areas is contained on pages 16 to 18 within the Strategic report.

Year ended 30 lune 2021	Media	Smart Utilities	Other	Discontinued	Consolidated
	Distribution	Networks		Operations	
		£m	£ m	£mı	£m .
Revenue	519 5	122 8		4.9	647.2
Segment result* (EBITDA)	327 1	11.8	(36.5)	2.5	334.9
e produce a service of					1 m
Country of the					1 × = 1
trong contract					
Sometimes of the second					
Operating profit from continuing operations					138 5
					2 .
Figure 1 Committee Section 1997					678.1
toss before tax from continuing operations					(597.2)

"Sugment result in deficient is talk in polarity go, of it before the intensiver critical (wi

Year ended 30 June 2020	Media	Smart Utilities	Other	Discontinued	Consolidated
	Distribution	Networks		Operations	
	£m	. <u>±m</u>	£m_	£m	£m
Revenue	556 4	121.1		225.3	902.8
Segment result (EBITDA)	384.2	51.7	(44.3)	131.4	5 23 .0
Legisland Control of Atlanta					
KIND OF BUILDING					` -
					:
Typical growth for the company which					
Operating profit from continuing operations					185 5
					-
More great and the second					11:
Loss before tax from continuing operations					(400.3)

To grow the curry derived as total copy ating profit perby, no interest out by ox

⁹⁰ Arquia Silinup tomited (company red 05254001).

		Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
		£m	£m
The control by the property of		2.4%	185.5
of approximation	1	! n×	= : * -
$(\Delta x - x) t = (x + x)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	12	7	1 .
Compared to the transfer of the contract of th	, ,	23.	. 1 =
Capital appropriate sample of the section with the	r ,		(5, 1
Service among		ì	1=
EBITDA		334.9	523.0

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the factors of the described in note 3.

Segme: tal result represents the EBITDA earned by each segment without allocation of the central

administration costs. This is the country of the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

For the purpose of monitoring segment perfor hance and allocating

resources between segments, the CODM monitors the capital expend fure of a openty, plant and equipment and intanglobe assets (presented on a cash basis) planned and utilised by each segment, an aralysis of which is shown below

	Media Distribution	Smart Utilities Networks	Other*	Consolidated
	£mı	£m	£m	£m
Capital expenditure				
Francisco de Maria, no 2021	1 %	1 < 5	100	86.1
$T = ter(y \times y + y + y) \cdot d(y t + y) + 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$		1 g 7	1 6	115.4

^{*}Includes inaintenance cubex which is inapaged centrally and not allocated to individual business segments

Note the above is presented on a cash basis and therefore cannot be agreed directly to the capital additions presented in notes 15 and 16. The total balance comprises property, plant and edulpment of £56 bin (2020, £113 3m) and intangible assets of £2.1m (2020, £2.1m) as referred to in the cash flow statement.

FRIGAL values of the society of the

Geographical information

The most of the UK. The geographic analysis of revenue is on the basis of the country of ongress which the customer is involved.

The following revenue was generated from external customers.

			Year ended 30 June 2021		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
	10 10 S	100 at 100	Total	. 101 - 3*	1 5"	Total
	*.	1 1	£m		\$ "	£ın
	e 1 °	: +	639.6	** ** *)). 	894.9
Section of the sectio	· 1		6.4	~ 1		6.1
a contra	: 1		1.2			1.8
Revenue	* C *	:	647.2		3.5	902.8

The Group holds non-current assets textending financial distributed is neferred tax assets and be sign surplus in the following geographical locations.

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
. 4	1:	
Section of a section of the section of	-	1.0
Section 2018		
	2.889 7	2 979.0

Information about major customers

Licroded in the revenues arising troop Media Distribution in Howevilles of £146.3m (2020) £146.3m) which prose from sales to a major customer, and Smart Utlinus Networks revenues include £81.7m (2020) £88.8m) from a major customer.

In the product in the Group received £95 Object revenue relating to Teleroins disjoint relacions atoms from similar customer.

No other single dustomers contributed 10% or more to the second second to the second translative assignments and the second seco

6 Operating profit

Operating profit for the year has been arrived at after charging / icrediting).

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
Michigan Control (1997)	=	1 2	
in the second program of the second program	* ,	\$ 2	
Control of the State of Control of the Control of t			
g a constant	1	1 - ,	
$g(\theta) = g(\theta) d\theta$	11	1.5	
Law the spirit control of the expension of the following	,	ξ.	
A histogram of any house two	. =	1	
$-3 + 2 r^{2} + 1$	* · · · · · ·	:- 1	
	* .	:51	

Services provided by the Group's Auditors and network firms

During the year the Group obtained the living and the living and the living the second second

	Group	Group Year ended 30 June 2020	
	Year ended		
	30 June 2021		
	€m	£m	
Distribution of the second	•	4	
# 14-00 TV			
im country			
Non-audit services			
		+ 2	
form out the compressed that the many of Auditors	0.9	1 3	

Exceptional items

The Group recognises exceptional items which are considered to billione-eoff and non-recurring in nature of material items which reduce disclosure by virtue at their size or incidence for the financial statements to give a rule and tain view if intrier information is disclosed in note 3.

Profit; hossi before taxis stated after (chaiging); crediting:

	A CONTRACTOR	A Section 1	Year ended 30 June 2021	7	Same of Same	Year ended 30 June 2020
		. 2000 13	Total	2 1 4		Tota!
	†′	Fire	€m			£m
Operating expenses:						
recommendate and commende	;		(21.8)			(6.8)
$\label{eq:constraints} \mathcal{T}_{ij} = \{ (i,j) \in \mathcal{T}_{ij} \mid i,j \in \mathcal{T}_{ij} \mid i,j \in \mathcal{T}_{ij} \}$	51		(3.8)	*		(27.9)
	-		(25.6)	÷	Į	(34.7)
Other exceptional items						
Associated as the second		٠.,	1 8			-
		0.00	1,038.3			
Total exceptional items		1	1 012 7	:· .	01 020	(34.7)

Renigambation and reversing. expenses menuter ost metaling to and liges with empacts attoined design. and restructioning of the business and in rotal paratetransactions including i

traniformation programme, as wellas losses or invitaint notes is relation. to the detailed be self topic you plan.

This is a non-off must year transformation programme that will no plácique stra invive processes. modernseits, sons and achieve significant policific rendes and 79 V 173 S

Corporate finance attivities tiggress relate to costs and accouna sociated with one officiolectic and retilianning aut vities.

The gain on dispositiof discontinued. $(\delta b) \in \operatorname{Ap}(\delta a) \geq (6 \cdot \operatorname{Ap}(a) \cdot b) \in (24) \times (\delta_{T(a)} b) \in$

Historiassets on 8 July 2020 as Project in note 21.

The applications aded with the exceptional operating expenses above are deductible for the pilipose of taker or

Theight or disposal of the discontinued operation is not subject to UK Corporation tax as it is exempt. id identifies postarital Starcholding. Lambation

Employees

The average monthly number of persons (representing the time of control of the co was as follows

	Year ended 30 June 2021	
	Number	Number
x^{ϵ}	, 717	1
Moreover	<u>_</u> %	<u>.</u> .
Total employees	1.528	1.864

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Number	Number
Nhar (I strib in a)		. •
Construction of Parks	g ⁴ v	
Decembers and s	11:	. • *
Total employees	1,528	1,864

The maggregate remuneration comprised

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Alger and salar e	,i • =	15.0
STOR SHOULD STORY		
Brown we take the state	•	· .
Total with Lote	1. P.	127.2
$= \frac{2}{2}W^{2} - W^{2} ds + \frac{1}{2}D^{2} S^{2} + O^{2} S^{2}$	1, 14	2.3
Income statement expense	82.9	88.1

9 Finance income

-	(Da 25)	Year ended	Zaro de	4.2 3.0 0 feet	Year ended
3	to part of	30 June 2021	1	30 April 201	30 June 2020
1.5 P	and a second		100000	2000	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Manager May	Total	manage at the second	perathing	Total
Ē,	÷ "	£m	: 0	- •	£m
					0.3
				. 2	0.2
- 1		2.7	2.7		2.7
		2.7			3.2
	The second of th	. , , , , ,	Total En Em 2.7	Total	Transport Control Co

Other financial assets income includes £0.3m (2020, £0.6m) in relation to net finance income on the defined benefit pension scheme.

10 Finance costs

	en e	e and tell	Year ended	34 95 95 95	0.01	Year ended
	1.16.20.20.21	3200 1000	30 June 2021		9 2.50	30 June 2020
	,	$(-1)_{\mathcal{K}} = \ell^{\star} = 2\ell^{\star}$		District of	$(D_{i,k}) \to (f_{i,k})_{i \in I} + i$	
		apper Africans	Total	0.3 (f) 6 (f) \$	s e se la	Total
	1 *	- 27	£m	- ·	- *	£m
A transfer of the contract of the con-			20.6	J. 1		86.3
Charles and the charles	•-		75.6	9.3		114.6
the state of the second of the second	+. 1		96.2			200 9
Secretain Section Control	;		4.0	:		4.3
Telephone export out of the solid Life	1:		7.5		*	23.8
Suppose the control of the control of			529.8	1.50		465.9
$f(x) = \{(i(t_1), \dots, (i(t_n))) \mid x \in \mathcal{X}_{x_n} \}$	1		20.1	-		16.3
Total interest payable	A 1 1 1 1		657.6		. 1	711.2
. The second of	5 1		5 5	5.1		6.9
Total finance costs	٠,		663.1	, =	1. 2.	718.1

The shareholder form notes harm, tixed interest rates of between 13.0 mand 14.0 m. payment of which ran be deferred at the option of the Group subject to certain conditions, qualification of which are subject to be annual review (see note 23).

11 Other gains and losses

	Note	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
		£m	£m
ा रहे दे पार कार्यक्ष के दे के भारत है।		11.4	-
in the medical secretary and the second of t	· =		
Recognition to the growth of the cognition of approximation of the contract of		ব্য বং	
Other (losses) / gains		(67.8)	113.6
in exception of the interest of the organization of the organizati	<u> </u>		
$(r_{\infty} + p_{1}^{2})$ and $(r_{1} + r_{2}^{2}) = (r_{1} + r_{2}^{2}) = (r_{1} + r_{2}^{2})$ and the constant $(r_{1} + r_{2}^{2}) = (r_{1} + r_{2}^{2})$	2 .		1.
Exceptional other (losses) / gains		(7.6)	1.1
Total other gains and losses		(75-4)	114 7

although anti-July 2020 the Group economically hedged those instruments with cross currency swaps. In July 2020 the entire cross currency swap portfolio was exited as detailed in note 25, at the same time the Group repaid its US dollar denominated dept (see note 23).

All other gains and looses in the year ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020 relate to continuing operations

12 Tax

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£ın	£m.
AND AND THE STATE OF		
, retirem	\$	5
To the partial	_ 5	•
District two sectors 200		
 Ottalidat ou por centes de la celaboret. Appendia 	(11.4)	ar =
 Recognition of growings), in recognised for modifical reserva- 	15.31	
- Augusta and microscopy profession years	n ^ş	: : =
- main trans dange	e.c. c.	(± x 8)
Thrail deferred tax	1 ×2 31	,
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3.8
Income tax expense is attributable to.		
Cossificer of equal programmers	(6)2.7)	1 + 2.
Figure of the most operations	5.7	1 %
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3.8

UK corporation tax is calculated at a rate of 19.0% (2020: 19.0%) or the taxable profit for the year. Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

The tax (credit) / charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax in the income statement as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	
Control of Compatition tax	1117 -	1414	
Tak of the John accoration has rare in Collaboration (Solit	. ₹_	per	
Tak phage the country that we continue port place of data with a trivial large of the	au = au	0.3	
The district of people of the greater of	01573		
Things in the given higher innerses of the	10	54 ×	
the production of the contraction	(%),		
Adjustment of removed at produces that	e 8	ŧ.,	
Chebra Color length of assistant	1	0,55%	
Total tax (credit) / charge for the year	(62.0)	3.8	

The main late of UK corporation hax was 19.0% during the year in the Finance Act 2021 it was enacted that the main rate of UK corporation hax would be increased to 25.0% from 1 April 2023. UK deferred hax has been valued at either 19% or 25.0% at 30. June 2019, 19.0% depending on the period it is forecast to unwind as this is the nate substantively enacted for these periods.

- ia) Expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit principally relate to interest bayable on shareholder loan notes.
- (b) Income not taxable principally related to the profit arising on the sale of Arolya Services (2)d. The gain arising is not taxable as it falls within the Substantial Sharehold og Exemption for sales of trading plus nessos.
- (c) Change in unrecoverised deferred tax assets or ocidally relates to deferred interest expenses (see note 19).

Tax in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

There is a tax charge of £5.6 m (2020) credit of £2.3 m kin respect of the actuarial movement of £26.4 m (2019) £11.9 m) in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

13 Dividends

		Year ended 30 June 2021		Year ended 30 June 2020
	£ per share	£m	f per share	£m
Now performs and the experience	1 ,	. 1	-	• :
Total dividends payable to minority interests		0.1		0.1

The above a mounts represent dividends declared to non-controlling interest shareholders by companies within the AGL Group.

No dividends were declared or baid to AGL shareholders during the year (2010, $\pm \gamma \tau$

14 Goodwill

	£m
Cost:	
# 10 pg 14 s	1,978 8
1111 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	47% A
At 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2021	1,457.8
Accumulated impairment losses	
V1 (2014 B) (2016 S)	•
At 30 June 2021	0.4
Carrying amount	
At 30 June 2021	1,457.4
Design provide	1.41

Goodwill acquired in a prismess combination is allocated at acquisition to the cash generating with the form that business combination. The CGUs that have associated goodwill are Media Distribution and Smart Unlines Networks.

These are the smallest identifiable groups of assets that generate case inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other groups of assets, and to which goodwill is allocated.

As part of the sale or the Telecoms operations, £521.0 m of the goodwill

previously classified as held to: sale as at 30 June 2020 was subsequently disposed when the sale completed at July 2020

The carrying value of goods. This at the businessheet date by the principal CGUs is shown as follows:

30 June 2020	30 June 2021	
£m	£m	
1 14.6	` (.,	
	1118	$S = \{\rho_{\lambda}^{(i)} : 0 \leq \rho_{\lambda} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}_{\lambda}} S_{\lambda_{i}}^{(i)}\} = 0$
1,457 4	1.457.4	Total
-		1000

The Group rests goodwal annually for imparment, or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill imput be impaired. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from variable and a second or second.

The key assumptions for the VIU calculations are those regarding the discount nates, growth rates and expected changes to cash flows during the year for which management has detailed plans.

Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. Growth rates are based on internal and external

growth forecasts. Changes to cash tows are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market.

Projected cash flows and the control of the control

The value in use of each CGU is determined from the cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial forecasts approved by the Board for the flext five years. They are the cash for a contract of the flext five years. They revenue, FBITDA growth choical expenditure and working capital based on past experience and toture expectations of performance.

Discount rate

The prelitax discount rate applied to the (B - V) cash flow forecasts are derived using the capital asset pricing model for comparable businesses.

The assumptions used are benchmarked to externally available data. The pre-tax discount rate used for the Group is 8.1% (2020; 7.7%). This discount rate does not represent the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for Arqiva, but instead is an industry and comparative company based capital asset pricing model (CAPM) derived discount rate, utilising current spot rates at the time of calculation.

Terminal growth rates. The terminal growth rate is determined pased on the long terming rowth rates of the markets in which the CGU operates (2021, 2,111, 2020, 1.41). The growth rate has been

benchmarked against externally available data. This rate does not exceed the average long term growth rate for the relevant markets.

Sensitivities
There is headroom in all CGUs. No reasonably possible change in the key assumptions would cause the carrying amount of the goodwill by CGU to exceed the recoverable amount based upon the NU.

15 Other intangible assets

	Licences	Development costs	Access rights	Software	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Cost					
$V(t) = c_{t}^{-1}$	-		184	* (*)	7.71 -
News		-			1 .
the and the control of	•	-			· :
		•		45.0	
$S_{ij} = S_{ij} = \{ (i,j) \in \{ i \in J \mid i \in J $					٠.
$\sigma = (g, e^{\lambda})$			**		F + .
Visit in					
Called the more against the Ball					N
e a list		7 ° =			5.2.
At 30 June 2021	13.7	22 5	15 4	104.7	156.3
Accumulated amortisation					
soften in the	-		= .	÷	1 4 1
and the contract of the contra	,	:		•	1 1
the second					1
Participate as otherwise of the	٠.,			1 -	*** =
200 - 100 M		1 - 5	•	*3 *	٠,
$\Delta = - \epsilon_{\rm opt} \alpha$				٦	
28 - 8					
At 30 June 2021	8 2	11 2	15.4	81.2	116.0
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2021	5 5	11 3		23.5	40 3
200	- ,		-	<u>.</u> .	1 .

Development costs in Tesperit of products and services that are being developed by the Group are being capitalised accordance with IAS 38. These are amortised over the nexperited useful if a orice the product or service has been commercially faunched.

Other artiangible assets are recognised at roof and arm annothsed over the riest mated esets inves-

16 Property, plant and equipment

	Freehold land and buildings	Leasehold buildings	Plant and equipment	Assets under the course of construction (AUC)	Total
	£m	€mı	£m	£m	£m
Cost					
Action your	A2.5	120.2	1.341.1	12	; ;
Allerens	1	41.1	. 1	6.7	2115
(1+s)(2+s) = s + 2 + s	.1	1 ·	7,000	55	
formation the object of poly-5.				;	5.4)
L. Mar	. 11	-	• -		(92.2
Az istonostrum ties vitorios	12 +				
Length of the second of the contract	0.1				$\{\mathcal{H}_{i,j}\}$
Assume a subsequential of the continuous 2^{-1}	٠,,٥	:1 1	$\gamma_{i,j}, \gamma_{i,j}$	(8.7)	480.0
2+ 1	322.0	145.8	1,786 6	103.1	2.357 5
ALC: TO BE			: -	5. +	. 1
I have his test	1 -	•	1	-	
Transfers to of Hermonips (Fig. 1975)				1.3	*.
2.3(2.4)		1.5	12.0		10 8
At 30 June 2021	326 5	149.7	1,821.8	128.8	2,426.8
Accumulated depreciation					
of Long Day	18.5	+ 1	* **		11 41
was w	:	11.5			7 7 5
23233	0.1				(52.1)
Supplemental programmes	12.1	+12.0			
Constitution of the State of the Constitution	1 2 4	2 ·			5_ :
November 2	57.1	40.9	784.1	-	882.1
Device of C		1.4.4	. 4 7		2657
80 843	(F. 11)	1 -			15 31
At 30 June 2021	58.9	57.4	918 5		1.034.8
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2021	267.6	92.3	903.3	128.8	1,392.0
$ \Sigma e^{-i\omega_{\rm p}} _{L^2(\Omega)} \leq \omega _{L^2(\Omega)}$	- 10 + 2	1 4 *	. 7.2		1171

Freehold land in Juded above but not depresiated amounts to £155 lm trestated 2020, £157,0m). The prior year figure has been restated from £179 Omite remove the impact of heid. for sale items previously included in

Transcription of the correct assets have been niedged as security. The Branch of the State of the Control of the Contr debt facilities (see note 23). In addition, the solution of the solution of the section St.

24 - Company transport of the second the leased assets, which have a carrying in into contractual commitments for the amount of £5.1m (2020) £5.9m) included within leasehold buildings.

The carrying value of capitarised interest included within property, plant and equipment was 617.1m (2020). £17.3m)

At 30 June 2021, the Group had entered acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounting to f.23 Im (2020). £15.6m) see note 28 for further details

17 Interest in associates and joint ventures

In addition to their bold ary undertakings (see note 4 to the Company foundal statements on page 135) the Group holds the following interests in associates and joint ventures.

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Registered office	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
loint ventures					
Society 2014	er Schkapler	aynemic active of a movement of any ending movement	Middle environment op andersom state of the second of the	5 Jet	1
roman Alton (Feb.	* * (**, *)	Street strain with the street of the street	$\begin{split} & = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{N}} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{N} \partial_{x} \left(\frac{1}{N} \partial_{x} \right) + \frac{1}{N} \partial_{x} \partial_{x} \right) \right) dx \\ & = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{N}} \left(\frac{1}{N} \partial_{x} \partial_$		14 (17) (97477) (27)
Associate undertakings					
Strike in the	errorest s	All Indian Design of the All All All All All All All All All Al	 District Annal State (1997) Annal State (1997) Annal State (1997) 	٠٠.	2
TT MARKET BARRES	, 1	The production is	The second secon	4.85	-
Jan Allenda	1. (55.x % 5.9)	Para Service	A SAME AND	F. C.	2
to solve the	S (#) + 1 (1)	the second section	the way to the second of the s	T. A.S. Ka	1
Like Light County Like Switch	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Signature of the state of the s	Mary Maria (1995) And Alberta (1	1.775	

Share of resides of appointed and joint ventures was entit(2020) foil) for it sentures that are considered. troyea with the oferestim Askountes and contiventures being £0.1m (2020 £0.1) ;

The Group dyited its associate Jindertakings with Digital UK Limited. and DTV Services Emitted in the year. There was no material triancial impact as a resilt of these exits.

Hatenal, emierind vidua iv orin * = 1 performance

The Directors consider the carrying an annual basis, or more frequently should indicators arise and believe

There are no other associates on oint in that the carrying values of the investments are shapp fed by the underlying trade and net assets.

> There actions with associates and loint sport, resiling too year are distribled in note 30

18 Trade and other receivables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Trade and other receivables		
Tikipi ke ujanje	-v ² ,	72.7
Distriction of the		* 1
eri, a, iveti		t - *
	128.0	139 1
Contract assets - accrued income	b⊥ č	64.6

her trade renewables which are past due but where no indication of live recoverability has been identified is as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	€m	£m
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
A Committee of the Comm		•
Late of transporting		•
$(A_{ij} \otimes A_{ij} \otimes $	•	•
The Hong's doponers	•	
	7.4	15.2
	•	-

Tilade receivables and contract is lints are stated after deducting allowances for doubtful dribts, as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
$-\delta_{ij}\cos a_{ij}\delta_{ij}(1+\epsilon)$		-
$(X, x) \cdot \operatorname{obs}_{X}(x) \otimes x$	1-1	(° °)
en yært til nig til væri		10.5
Allowance at 30 June	4.5	6.5

The Group applies the IFRS 9 based on similar credit risk aging. The simplified approach to measuring contract assets have similar risk. expected creditiosses using a lifetime in characteristics to the trade expected credit loss provision for a receivables for similar types of trade receivables and contract assets contracts.

a corrective basis, trade receivables and contract assets are grouped

To measure expected credit losses on. The expected loss rates are based on. * 2.5 * 1. * 2. * 08399 experienced over the five year period.

based on similar credit risk aging. The illipsion to the period end. The historical loss rates are then considered for current and forward-looking Information on macroeconomic factors are to the feature. customers. No adjustments were made to the experted loss rates applied for the current year

 expected loss rate for receivables is 0.4% (2020) 0.4%. At 30 June 2021 the lifetime expected loss. provision for trade receivables and contract assets is as follows:

	Current	Up to 30 days overdue	Up to 90 days overdue	Between 91 and 150 days overdue	More than 150 days overdue	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
The Mark State of the State of						
	~ - ,	:	٠.			
= control control	1.1					ı
Sign Comments to the Comments of the Comments	+ 1					:
Land Market Space						4.7
	, 1			5	•	.1 ~

£0.2m (2020) (ii) 3 m; of the £4.5 m. ,2020, £6.5 his retime expected in a provision relates to the contract. 13562t2

In addition to the experted credit loss. consider a specific provision for tranereceivables ourstanding for more than . In determining the recoverability of a 30 days begoing the agreed ferrors on a

where the ouslinks (mylron pent) indicates a specific risk. Management will make an assessment of the level. of provision baser on the Gro ω policy. Adjustments to the calculated. revel of provision wirl be made. accordingly.

trade receivable the Group considers.

any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the data credit. was initially granted up to the reporting date. Before eccepting any new customer, the Group loses an externir credit scoring system to grafity. For further intomnation on how the Gloup manages credit risk see note 25

19 Deferred tax

The balance of deferred tax recognised at 30 June 2021 is £230.1 n (2020-£169 0m). The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

Deferred tax assets	Tax losses	Fixed asset temporary differences	Derivative financial instruments	Other temporary differences	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
#=1 1,2	••	24 -	1.10	8.5	1 2 2
is given, in our agent or exception of which each	1.5	41.1	17 0		7.
Nasar Congress seed and Chin		0167			LS 0
45.90 (no. 100)	1.4.4	1 %	1.75.4	1 12	:
Incomed our major of the control of the section	25.8	15.4	.=> 3,	* + <u>*</u>	
At 30 June 2021	41.4	77.5	74.6	48.3	241 8

=

Deferred tax liabilities	Retirement benefits	Total
	£m	£m
Antique 2000	2 N	2.7
gradient die meiere get meit	1 .	
Crefts at his month of the grant of the control	<u> </u>	2 *
White 212 h		
Bugger Source of Alexander	:	
Probably the salary manners of the	15	
At 30 June 2021	11.7	11 /

Deferred tax has been measured at the UK corporation tax rate at which at is anticipated to reverse (19.0). for the period to 31 March 2023 and 25% from 1 April 2023 (2020, 19.0%) these are the rate substantively. enacted at the balance sheet date at which the deferred tax is expected to reverse. The corporation tax rate was increased to 25% from 19% effective. from 1 April 2023, the deferred tax asset is anticipated to reverse both in the periods prior to and after 1 April 2023 and therefore the deferred tax. asset has been recognised at the relevant tax rate. The impact of this rate change on the income. statement is shown in Note 12.

Temporary, differences arising in connection with unremitted earnings of overseas subsidiaries and interests in associates are insignificant.

There is an immecognised deferred tax asset of £394.1m (2020) £272 9in). This is in respect of tax losses of £76.3m (2020, £72.4m) and deferred interest expenses £317.8m (2020: £200 5m). These deferred fix assets may be carried forward. indefinitely. These assets have not been recognised since it is not probable that these assets will be able to be utilised against future. taxable profits of the Group. The forecasts used for deferred tax asset. recognition are the same as those Committee of the Committee of the Committee of testing.

The Group continues to recognise the deferred tax asset based on forecast taxable profits that will arise bised upon the rong term forecast results prepared for the Group

The Group continues to rerognise its deferred tax assets as supported by the same long-term group profit forecasts that are used for goodwill impairment testing (see note 14). No attributes have a time expiry and these forecasts show the deferred tax assets reversing to a net liability. position by 30 June 2030. Due to the long term stable nature of the business, with significant long term contracts, the recognised deferred. tax asset is not considered to be materially exposed to the performance of the Group based on reasonably possible trading forecasts.

20 Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Deligation (25.4	* ;
Supplier to all	1. 1	40
Total cash and cash equivalents	243.5	110.1

21 Discontinued operations and disposal group held for sale

On 8 July 2020, the Group sold its Telecoms infrastructure and related assets including its 100% interesting Argiva Services Etd. and its subsidiaries.

The profit on the disposal of the discontinued operation is not subject to UK Corporation tax as it is exemptioned in the Substantia. Shareholding Exemption

The post-tax gain on disposal of discontinued operations was determined as follows.

	30 June 2021
	£im
Through the production of the control of the contro	1.407
Service of the Control of	
$(\mathcal{A}_{i},$	
$\mathfrak{H}_{\mathcal{A}}(x) = x(x) + x(x)$	1,820 4
There is a recommendation of the control of the con	
An An	· · ·
TOP CONT	
endors to the control of	
Mayor and the control of	: *
the trace to	
2.20	. •
$(S_{ij}, S_{ij}, S_{$	2
that is the end of the second	
System of the	2.4
Section 1	$(\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{L}}^{2})_{\mathcal{L}}$
	782.1
en tresponding responsible exposure	1.81
The many that the state of the	1,038 3

Result of discontinued operations

The results of the discontinued operations are disclosed in the income State half

Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows includes the following amounts relating to discontinued operations:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m	Em	
Special aparts these	1.5	115.1	
nanch a em un tras		. 1 51	
From Subturnes		1. Tat 1	
Noticent for the office systems	2.5	35.2	

Assets and liabilities of disposal group held for sale

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	€m	£m
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3 + 4x :		
Other integrals and the		
Booking the transfer of the second		4
thate and short in out of		15.0
Contract to the contract of th		
$\mathbb{P}(a, \gamma, s, \gamma) = a^{-\gamma} + \varphi(b, s + \gamma)^{\gamma}.$		• •
Survivors of the		· ~ =
Assets held for sale		1,186.4
ing and the second		2
Transition of the		, -
Zimborian has		1= -
Programme and the second		-
Liabilities held for sale		(429.6)

22 Trade and other payables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	 £m	£m
Current		
Trade and other payables		
To a the day to be a	13.3	11.0
Tax in the most of all spearing	Bea N	51.5
Cttory our res	₹ 1	n - 1
White	715	121 -
	120.0	277.6
Contract liabilities - deferred income	99.5	96.6
Non-current		
Contract liabilities deferred income	355.5	232.9

23 Borrowings

	Denominated currency	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		£m	£m
Within current liabilities			
Passing and of the Committee of the Comm	S7= 7 ;	21	'
Sept. 1999			
Entropy of the Control of the	8* 00		* K
man to the contract	24 × 350		
permitted from the secretary of the second	State of	7.0.7	•_ •
	15 × 0		1
A charter prestor called a discount throwing	sted o	::-	
And the standard protection of the standard	*	11	1.7.4 -
Borrowings due within one year		2,332 9	2,215.8
Within non-current liabilities.			
** 1		287 6	396.2
Section 1985	• • • •	. N	0.7
· · · · · ·	production of	1 •	
Compared to the	Sterring.	•	
Service Committee	and the second	-	200.0
2. Contract of the contract of		1,3214	1,861.6
some transfer of the property of the second	5 (* · ·	;
	200		_ **
, 17 m m	r · · · ·		
Note that the second of the se	J*	•	
process to the second s	ST	2,148.1	2,148.1
2008-000 March 196-200	STATE OF T	86.3	101.2
Borrowings due after more than one year		3,846.4	4,707 1
Analysis of total borrowings by currency:			
whatysis of total borrowings by currency.			, -
		: * *	
		6.470	
Total borrowings		6,179 3	6,922 9

Fig. aded within the \pm 6,179.3 m (2020) £6,922.9 m, are debt issue casts of \pm 8.5 m (2020) £12.0 m). Total borrowings excluding these amounts are £6.187.8 m (2020) \pm 6,934.9 m), which comprise debt principal and interest, the maturity of which is included in the table below.

the account to be a 200 subsequence of a 800 to subsequence of a 800 to account where the property of a 200 to a 100 to

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m -
Borrowings falling due within:		
Chi più	. 102	2.211.5
of the mayer	1 < 2 5	, 4%
Moreover, the control	-4.	749 -
Total	6,179 3	6,934.9

The weighted average interest rate of pornowings (excit ding shareholder interest as described above) is 5,44% (2020) 6.42%.

Bank loans form part of the second senior debt. Other loans comprise senior bonds and notes and junior bonds.

A summary of the movement in porrowlegs during the tenancial year is given below.

Borrowings.	Reference	At 1 July 2020	Lease movements	Amounts repaid	At 30 June 2021
		£m	£m	£m	£m
$\label{eq:continuous_problem} s\rangle = (s+s) \operatorname{iff} (s,\mathbf{w})^{-1} = (s+s) \operatorname{iff} (s+s)^{-1} e^{-s} e^$	2.4	,			
property of the state and sample of		25000		44	
$S_{t} = \{ (t, t_{t}) \in \{t, t_{t}\} \mid t_{t} \in \{t, t_{t}\} \mid t_{t} \in \{t, t_{t}\} \}$		1.		·	7
96-14-15		2.5		2.5	
Strategic to a toxic participation		: ·=		45 2 5	5.1
. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	62° °			
Total bank loans and private placements		2.940.0	-	(1,262.8)	1,677.2
$(e,e) = (u_1 \otimes v_1 \otimes v_2 \otimes v_3 \otimes v_4)$	151	1	. :		*, *
Sharen Silenia ya Silan	•	14:			114-1
Total borrowings excluding accrued interest		5,211.0	(15.6)	(1,262.8)	3,932.6

 $\tau(\omega)$, $\tau(\omega)$, the fable above incorporate.

(a) capital expend ture and working mortal facilities (2021, Enilbutstanding, 2020 (£550.0m) of which £350 0m had an expected. maturity date of March 2021. The remaining £200.0m had maturity. dates over a period to March 2025. however following the fullrepayment of the capital expenditure. tacility, this could no longer beredrawn. These facilities were alfully repaid during July and August 2020 using proceeds from the sale of the Dearway for the American State of the pusiness unit. All three tacilities were floating rate in nature with a margin. over LIBOR of between 145 and 180 ops

On 9 July 2021, the Group refinanced its bank facility and now has access to a £100.0 in Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and a £150.0 in Equidity Fund. These facilities are floating rate in nature with a margin over SONIA of between 120 and 130bps. Argiva Financing No.1 in the 120 and aid of these arrangements.

The Group has £250 0m (2020 f 250,0m) of undrawn sector dept facilities available which were refinanced on 9 July 2021. These facilities are at floating interest rates. For further information on the section of the section 25.

(b) an institutional term loan (2021) f90 0m obtaining (2020) £180,0m1 with an expected maturity date of December 2023. Using proceeds

Telecommunications business unit. £90 0m of this loan was repaid in July. £920

- (c) a loan from the European Investment Bank (2021) f 172 0m outstanding, 2020 f 190 0m) with an expected maturity date of June 2024. Using proceeds from the sale of the following successions. E18 0m of this loan was repaid in July 2020.
- (d) financing facilities in Arquia Smart Financing Limited (a Group company) established in December 2013 that

metering contracts by financing the purchase of communication hubs. This £30m facility matures in June 2028 and £26 1m was drawn at the end of June 2021 (June 2020 £27 2m). The remaining £3.9m commitment was callurely on 27m November 2020. This loan is amortising over time with the final maturity in June 2078.

There was also an associated £1.6m fee facility that matured in June 2021 which was £0.8m drawn as at June 2020, and fully lepaid prior to 30 June 2021. These can's have to ating rates of interest with margins ranging from £1BOR + 1.20 to 2.50.

(e) a compleation of publicly listed up, ds and Us pricate placement notes.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group has a 170,7 in a 2020 it 197. 3 must color de romar at editions outstanding with fixed internshinates chaging between 1.88 milid 9.3 Military nonds are lepsy the petween December 2021 and December 2021 and December 2032 and are instead or the London Stock Fix range. Angiva Franching Plais the issuer of a fitter.

The renaining serior of earlieste to a number of Usipir variobacoment issues in steeling with floating littlerest rates. The Groupinas #293 4m (2020) £178 5m of sterling denoits parted floating late US povete blacements that are almost sing in paties with repayments due between December 2021 and December 2029. These instruments have a margin over LIBOR of petween, 210 and 220 bbs.

Prior to herigitury lebard (13. v. 202r) the Group beautified rate US

private placements (2021 En.; 2020 £391 2m) in sterling and US dollar denominated notes. At the hedged rate these are valued at Enii (2020 £342 7m). These notes had fixed interest rates which ranging between 1.10° and 4.42°. Acquira PP

From the proceeds of the sale of the mount. Telecommunications business unit, the Group repaid the remaining £251 0m of fixed rate US collar denominated notes, as well as the remaining £140 2m of fixed rate sterning denominated notes in Joy 2020, as we has a partial reproment of £172 3m of floating rate sterling notes in August 2020.

The fair value of the quoted sellor bonds based upon observable market prices (tain value hierarchy, even 1) was $\pm 561.76 (2020.158~{\rm kpm})$ whist their carrying value was $\pm 470.7\%$ (2020. $\pm 197.4\%$)

The factor walle of fixed rate privately braced septor dept refer mined from police walle market prices to equoted instruments as a proxy measure (fair value hierarchy Inventa was bid) (2020 E 115 6 meah ist their lucry by salue was Earl (2020 E 391 2m).

The reinal in gi£293,4m (2020) £478,5 m) of sector debt relates to ather and loted borrowings.

The directors consider the fair value of all other unliquoted borrowings to no accose approximate to their carrying amount.

(f) Junior bonds of EB25 0 m represent amounts raised from the squarch of notes by Activa. Broadcast Finance Pro-These loterhave a fixed interest rate of 6.75 and are repayable in September.

2023. These notes are asted on the Luxembourg Market.

The Group continues to comply with all cover and requirements. The fair value of the quoted pintor bonds based thornoopervable market prices (fair value hierarchy level 1) was £643 0m (2020, £650,2m) whist their carrying value was £625 0m (2020, £625,0m).

(g) Obligations under leaves are as defined within note 24

(h) Shareholder loan notes which are unsecured, are isted on the Charmel. Islands Stock Exchange, are repayable betwee i September 2021. and September 2025, and cannot be called lipon early. The shareholder loan notes carry a fixed rate of interest ranging between 13 Hand-14% applicable to the capital and un paid interest which can be deterred at the option of the Group. subject to certain conditions. quality ation of which are subject to bi amilial review, apply able to the can tak and Japaid interest. The Groupin's exercised this option to deterimiterest payments totre 2009.

are structured within a Whonbilish essible trisation package (WBS). These instruments have coverants attached principall, in interest and debt service covernation and a debt leverage ratio. The Group continues to comony with a ficoverant regularments.

There have been no breaches of the terms of the foan agreements along the current or previous your. The value of the interest deterred or the shareholder paninotes at 30 June 2021 was 62,244 2m (2020) ±1,714.3 m.

24 Leases

Leases as lessee (IFRS 16)

The Group holds lease arrangements primarily relating to land and buildings, circuit contracts and vehicles.

Right-of-use assets

Right-of use assets related to leased properties and land joiner than investment property) are presented as plant and equipment. Plant and equipment leases relate to the use of flore lother fixed felecommunications lines, and IT equipment.

	Leasehold buildings £m	Plant and equipment	Total
		Em -	£m
As example to	171.		٠,٠,٠
graphic state of the second state of the secon	* 3.5	118	1
Amenyor to the state of section	- 1		, -
productive and a second services of	4 -	5.3	
participant in the 25th Asset Asset Sci	. 1.		-
Springer and the state of	-2+# 1		* - 4 · · · · · ·
At 30 June 2020	68.3	51.0	119.3
	• • •	* ‡	4.5
Naghting to the following of	n 1	į.	
erse in a recommendation of the comment		1.5	=
gara luga tu ini ng ito kilosog lan	1 -	٠	2 .
Balance at 30 June 2021	64 6	35.3	99.9

-

Amounts recognised in the Income Statement

Leases under IFRS 16	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
orași orași di capita di produgi și avergațini esti de la capita di Esti de orași e de la Chape. Orași di se	·, =	11/2
Thirterast in the pay of a chase	• ;	4 3

Amounts recognised in the Cashflow Statement

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Tigray (48.1) (Artificial Torright (48.1)	45.7	· .

the office of the control of the control of 23 few and profit with the control of the control of the control of disclosed in note 25 Financial instruments and risk management.

25 Financial instruments and risk management

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to easure that entities in the Group wipe able to confinite as algoing concert while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (as set out in note 27) see note 20 for cash and cash equivalents and note 23 for porrowings) and equity of the Group icomprising usined capital and share premium, reserves, retained earnings and non-controlling interests.

Lovels of dept are maintained on an ongoing basis to ensure that no preaches occurrand repayments can be and are made as necessary with retinancing carried out as required.

Significant accounting policies

Details of lag. Frant accounting pointes and method radopted facilities against retrieve a for recognition, the basis of including heavile mentand the basis for lecognition of heavile and expense of for each class of financial asset and mandral mobility are discoverning to note 3.

.es(i o orteres*

are infraron in restand cross carrency swaps, are niespared on a fair value through prontiand loss actios an effective hodge in economic terms, nedge accounting principles are not appred. This means that the conomic value in existing actions is adjusted fair value in existing data the data they are entered into and are rayalued at each parameters beef date, with gains and losses being reported separately in the income.

statement within a statement within a statement within a state of the excluding termination amounts) or interest rate swaps (together with a milar amounts under the cross currency and index linked swaps) are reported as a component of net bank and other ioan unterest within thance tosts.

Financial risk management

The Conference freesury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets indictors and manages the financial cases relating to the operations of the Group using financial instruments wherever it is appropriate to do so

The treasury trinction reports into the Group Finance Discretor and the Audit and Risk Coommittee, an independent function with a scope that includes monitoring the risks and policies into enerted to intrigate risk exposures. The main risks and essed by financial risks, he has a conterest little risk and to region interest in respect of these risks, emain in changed throughout the year.

The Glosp enters into a variety of derivative transcal instruments to manage its exposure to foreign current, and interest rate risk including

- Interest rate swaps, including inflatious niked swaps, to mitigate the risk of movement in interest rates.
- Cross-currency swaps to imitigate the lask of currency exposures on foreign denoisy sated horrowings: and

 Forward foreign exchange contracts to manage exchange risks arising from transactional foreign exchange exposures

The Group does not enter into oit additional instruments, including derivative timancial instruments, for speculative purposes.

Foreign currency risk management

The Group principal ivioberates from UK sites and predominantly in the UK market, but his some overseas subsidiatios and his some overseas subsidiatios and his absautions denominated in foreign currences. While some customer and supplier contracts are denominated in other and Euro), the majority of the strong based and accordingly exposure to foreign eximalizer risk is contract.

Foreign currency exchange risk can be who components, than actional risk and translation risk.

Transactional risk: The Group's policy is to nedge material transactional currency exposules had the use of torward foreign exchange contracts. The measurement and control of this risk is monitored on a Group, wide basis.

Translation risk: The Group translates overseas results and det assets in accordance with the accounting policy in note 3. Given the Group predominantly operates in the UK, there is a relatively unall exposure with overseas entities accounting for pary 0.11 (2020) 0.3 (1) of operating profit and 0.11 (2020) 0.11 (1) of total assets for the Group

from preventing the most control of the analysis of the ground the ground the control of the control of the analysis from the sector of the grant of of the gran

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
	<u>-</u>	=
Monetary assets:		
- 5:5an	. :	1 .
• 4	. 03	
 Mossium authoristich 	. -	
Total	26.5	17.9
Monetary liabilities		
+ > + 56 At	2.1%	. 3.
· · · · · · ·	7 ,	n * *
Total	. (8.2)	(8.3)
		

The Group previously held USD cross currency swaps to fix the Sterling cost of future interest and capital repayment obligations relating to the US dollar denominated private placement is such than exchange rate of 1.52. As at 30 June 2021 the homiosis value held in sour swaps was find (2024). USD 307 Am) to fix the exchange rate of US dollar denominated senior notes.

This provided an effective economic hedge of the foreign curriency impact on the Sterling cost of future interest and capital repayment obligations and as such there were no mater assensit vities on these hedged amounts.

The entire moss currency swap portfolio was exited in July 2020 with the fair value at time of disposal being £51.8 m.

The remaining unhedged currency amounts do not expose the Group to material residual exposure to exchange rates. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis has been presented.

Interest rate risk management

The Group has variable rate bank and US private placement debt and uses inflation 100 and 100 and 100 and 100 are inflation 100 and 100 and 100 are inflation 100 and 100 and 100 are inflation and 10

and to ensure the certainty of future interest cash flows. The Groupinals fixed rate nedging, split between IRS and IES IRS convert variable rate interest costs to fixed rate interest costs while IES convert fixed or variable rate interest costs to RPI-linked costs, which fluctuate in the with the RPI index as do a portion of the costs are entered into on terms find idding maturity) that incont the dept instrument they hedge, and thereto each as an effective economic hedge.

As the Group uses hedging to maintain fixed laterest rates on the majority of its material borrowings (excluding revolving facilities), there is minimal exposure on the interest expense to interest rate movements. An secondary in interest rates would therefore not materially impact the interest expense payable by the Group.

Liquidity risk management

To ensure it has sufficient available funds for working capital requirements and planned growth, the Group maintains cash reserves and access to undrawn committed facilities to cover forecast requirements.

Credit risk management

The Group carefully manages the counterparty credit risk on Fouig funds and derivative financial instruments with balances currently

spread across a range of major tinancial institutions, which have satisfactory credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The levels of credit risk are soft to use of credit risk are on the conformal aregular review of counterparty (red tinating). Bisk at this area is finited further by setting a maximum lever and term for deposits with any single counterparty.

.

The Group is exposed to credit risk on customer recell ables, which is managed through credit checking. procedures prior to taking on new customers and nigher hisk customers. paying in advance of services being. provided. Performance is closely. monitored to ensure agreed service. levers are maintained, reducing the level of queried payments and mitigating their skipf uncollectable. debts. Expected impairment for trade receivable rare calculated. based on historical default rates. Details of this provision are shown in note 18

The Group is due to repay or refinance £3.3bh of debt in the next 5 years to 30 June 2026. Regular reviews are performed to assess headroom between interest and capital repayments against forecast cash flows, thus monitoring the top act by the capital vision of the control of the capital vision of the capit

The following tables set out the and the grade the state of agree and derivative ticanciar habilities and derivative financial liabilities.

The amounts presented in respect of the non-derivative financial liabilities. represent the gross contract ial cash. flows on an un-discounted basis Accordingly, these amounts may not reconcile directly with the amounts. disclosed in the statement of tinancia positioni.

The amounts presented in respect of a la servicial instruments represent their fair value and are accordingly consistent. with the amounts included in the statement of financial position.

		Am	ounts falling du	e				
30 June 2021	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years	Total	Effect of discounting	Interest to be incurred in future periods	Total financial fiability per statement of financial position
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
* syle i eşalise e	, ,							43.9
	=	, ,		12.5	1000			89.4
Brooke, s		31.	200	6118	1.25			3.825 3
	1038	56 8	3,209.7	638.6	4,008.9	(50.3)	-	3 958.6
Exposurable for	22		. • •	2	: ,			107.3
educer tropy	= ,	٠, ٠	* 1		121		100	11.0
eti mongo sekong tapo se			_2:42		22			2.244.2
31 + 41 - 1 - 554		1,	. •					(6.8)
vertian in a live of New Coard III. Live S	5	-;-	1.50	:	£ 1.5			333.1
Fotal swaps	78.9	53.1	181.0	43.7	356.7	(30.4)	-	326.3
Total financial liability	280 3	207.3	5,766.0	784.8	7,038 4	(80.7)	(310.3)	6.647 4

Simply when the control of the cont

		Am	ounts falling di	ie				
30 June 2020	Within one year	Between one and two years	Between two and five years	After five years	Total	Effect of discounting	Interest to be incurred in future periods	Total financial liability per statement of financial position
	£m .	£m .	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
To select the second) * G				11.0			41.9
e jakon	<u>.</u> .		11.4	٠ -	2,313	.25 7		81.1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 % 2	1 - 1	8 75 LT		- 185			5,088.1
	514.5	154.6	3,775.0	895.7	5,339.8	(128.7)		5,211.1
erso ratificacy	21.7	1 - 1	1 - 1	12.0	112.5			122.9
ETHE OF THE FOW INTO	N (2.5.5)	" =	1.75	1 :7 =	.2=5		Por 1	9.6
the control of the one of the control of the contro			: .		٠٠.			1,714.3
nto tiest liate lissylaut	. "	= 1			271 -	. , 5		261.5
Mathematica que esta en de la que de	i - 1	7. 7	1.	1 65/2	5.17 (: 1		507 8
Constitution of the second	. ,	, ,	. 12		15 %	• .		(50.6)
Total swaps	89.6	115 6	335. 2	230.0	770 4	(51.7)		718 7
Total financial hability	728.0	385.7	6,048.8	1.260.8	8,423.3	(180.4)	(466.3)	7,776.6

The table below outlines the additional financing facilities available to the Groupt

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Sound from the Sou		
Fig. Amenga (P. K.)		
Appropriate Contract	21100	. -
Total	250.0	800.0

As debt was refinanced the Group also restructured the associated swaps to reflect the new maturity profile.

Financial instruments

With the exception of derivative financial instruments (which are recognised and measured at fair value through profit and loss) the Group of the exception of the financial assets measured at amortised cost recognition category.

The weighted average interest rate of fixed rate financial liabilities at 30 June 2021 for the next 12 months was 6.1°C (2020, 5.6°) and the weighted average person of funding was 4.3 years (2020, 4.7 years). The transport of the borrowings of E6.173 Om (2020, £6.922.9) (see note 23), which includes £581 5m (2020, £1,426 6m) with floating rate interest and the remainder with fixed rate interest (prior to the hedging arrangements described previously).

Francisco Maria

measured at a nortised cost comprise cash and cash equivalents of £243.5 in (2020; £110.1m) and other financial assets of £128.0m (2020; £141.9m) as presented in notes 20 and 18 respectively.

Derivative financial instruments

The Group seeks to manage the exposures of its debt payment obligations through a combination of Index linked, interest rate and cross currency swaps.

TBO REW LESSON REGIONALES REPORTED DO DE LOS RECORDOS ANTES DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DE LA COMPANIA DEL COMPANIA

At the year end, the Group heid interest rate swaps with not onal amounts of £444 6nt (2020 £848 5m) which hedge the interest national production of £444 6nt (2020 £848 5m) which hedge the interest national production of £444 6nt (2020 £848 5m) which hedge the interest national production of £444 6nt (2020 £848 5m) which he was contracts have termination dates that match the maturities of the inderlying floating rate dept instruments (see) ote 23)

Between July and September 2020, the Group exited or recouponed a number of interest rate swap arrangements, reducing the notional holdings of interest rate swaps by £395,125, whilst recognising losses upon exit totaling £3.77.

The Group has also entered into index linked swaps that on a amounts of £681.8m in 2021, 2020 £1,062.7m) where the Group receives floating and pays fixed. "Tiked to inflation interest obligations to an average rate of 2.0% indexed."

with RPI. The notional amounts of these swaps increase with RPI and these accretion amounts are cash settled annually, most recently in June 2021 (£14.5m, 2020, £48.8m)

Air of these instruments have a maturity date of April 2027. These instruments were established to the instruments were established to the instruments were established to the instruments and the fixed rate US Private Placement as use) and in order to ensure that the cash flow characteristics align with these instruments, the Group has entered into 6657.1m (2020: £1.062.7m) of fixed to floating rate interest rate swaps to match the rash flows on both the fixed rate cebt list it nexts and the undex inked swaps set out above.

In July and Alligust 2020, following the Common Part of the RECO freed rate US private placement steeling and US dollar denominated epites and ta50m public bond.

maturing in June 2020, the Group exited or recouponed a number of index linked swap arrangements reducing the notional holdings of index linked swaps by £630 7m whilst recognising losses upon exit total ing £3 9m.

The Group previously held USD cross currency swaps there 2020 USD 307 9ml to fix the Sterling cost of future interest and capital repayment obligations relating to the US dollar denominated private placement issue at an exchange rate of 1.52. The entire cross currency swap portfolio was exited in July 2020 with the fair value at time of disposal being £51.8ml.

The fact value of the interest rate and inflation linked swaps at 30 June 2021 is a habit, of £326 3m (2020 £718.7m). This fact value is calculated using a risk adjusted discount rate.

The following table details the fair value of rinancial instruments recognised on the statement of financial position

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Within non-current assets		
5 - 1 - 5 - 54 - 6		
	7.2	
Within non-current liabilities		
11 1 1 2 2 3 4 1 4 3	0.4	-
the contract of the state of th	· 1	
Control of Assets		7.3
		5.1
Total	(326.3)	(718.7)
n de generale de general de majorque de majorque de meneral de la companya de la companya de la companya de la		
Enter the transfer of the engage processor and the contract of	1.0	: .
$\Delta m_{ m P}$, which is a constant of $p \sim 2.00$.	1 -	
Total (loss) / gain recognised in the income statement	(11.1)	121.7
A POSSESSE OF THE PROPERTY OF	.) =	. * -
Annengment of the professional and		1175
Compression of the Service of the Compression of th	·n -	
reconnection services and an experience of the contract of the		
and the state of t	•	
	and the second s	

Where possible, the Group keeks to match the initiality of any derivative contracts with that of debt instruments that it has issued. In a struments, break craises have been included to both match inderlying facility maturities and to optimise the availability and cost of a section valve counterparties. The fair value of all other fibrancial assets and fiabilities is considered to be a close approximation to their carrying amount.

Fair value hierarchy

Einanniai instruments that are measured subsequent to mitial recognition at tail value are grouped.

into levels I to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices canadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or hab thes.
- Level 2 fair value

 neasurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (Leuias prices) or indirectly (Fei derived from prices), and
- tevel 3 fair value measurements are those deriven from valuation

techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Interest rate swaps inflation rate swaps and cross currency swaps (as disclosed above) are all classed as level 2 on the fair value hierarchy. In each case the items are valued based upon discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are estimated based on forward (interest/ inflation/ exchange) rates observable from rates and yield curves at the end of the reporting period, and contract rates, discounted at a risk adjusted rate.

26 Provisions

	Decommissioning	Restructuring	Remediation	Onerous Contracts	Other	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
W 5 (2) (2)	** *		- :			• ;
The second of the second of the second of				, =	. 7	: •
. We have the transfer of the transfer of the section of the section of the section \hat{x}_{ij}						
Consist of the Constant	1.2		2			÷ :
25-1	· 1				1 1	
yr ur d		- '				-
At 30 June 2021	71.5	1.9	5 1	3.7	7.2	89.4

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m_	£m
Analysed as.		
Time the second	> 2	_ 1
Number of the American	₹5 _	75.7
	89.4	81 1

Provisions are made for decominissioning costs where the Group has an obligation to restore sites and the cost of restoration is not recoverable from third parties.

The decommissioning provisions are reviewed annually and calculated using expected costs as determined by site and project management. The provision is in relation to assets of

which the remaining useful economic life ranges up to 20 years, with the majority of the provision relating to TV and Radio products for which there is no material decommissioning expected before 2040.

The restructuring provision relates to the costs of exceptional activities to reorganise the Group

The remediation provision represents the cost of works identified as being required across a complete of a cost of the cost of the cost of the cost one to ten years.

Other provisions represent a variety of smaller items which are expected to be utilised over the next one to ten years.

27 Notes to the cash flow statement

Reconciliation from operating profit to net cash from operating activities

	Year ended	Year ended 30 June 2020
	30 June 2021 £m	Su June 2020 Em
Exemple 2001	1474	341.
Admid registration		
DAy the lattick of unlike may one mand or positive to	to⊀	ī <u>-</u>
they are partially the time as a respect.	a /	1 + =
Law a triggeral figure with place and evaluations	. 1	. 5
Other to great	2 🔾	1000
The province the way to the more than the leaders	17	240 (
26 (2000) 2000 (2000) (2000)	2 + 1	
with the contract of the contr		• •
reate are all the artists of the form	- ,	5
$\mathbb{E}_{\mathcal{A}}(\{a_{1},\ldots,a_{n}\},a_{n}) = \{a_{1},\ldots,a_{n}\}_{1}, a_{n}, a_{n}\}_{1}, a_{n} = \{a_{1},\ldots,a_{n}\}_{1}, a_{n}\}_{1}, a_{n} = \{a_{1},\ldots,a_{n}\}_{1}, a_{n}\}_{1}, a_{n} = \{a_{1},\ldots,a_{n}\}_{1}, $		
Cash generated from operating activities	400 2	488 9
$\ T(s_{k+1})\ _{L^{2}(\Omega)} \leq \ A(B)\ _{L^{2}(\Omega)}$	* -,1	6.5
Net cash from operating activities	398.7	489.0

Analysis of changes in financial habilities.

	At 1 fuly 2020 £m	Changes in financing cash flows (Cash) £in	Changes in foreign exchange (Non-cash) £m	Changes in fair value (Non cash) £in	Other changes including accrued interest (Non-cash) £m	At 30 June 2021 £m
$ x + 2^{n} = -x^{n+1} + x^{n+1} + 2^{n}$,				٠.	
Note that the Note 19.	÷ 1 " " "	11.00	3		5.5%	÷ ,
Andrew Green (1997) in the second of the property of the second of the s	::				3 .	2312
Silver and the second section of the second						
Derive Contact of the Contact of the St.	122			: 1	124	
Total	1 115	(1,921.2)	0.8	11.0	781.9	6,514.1

The movements above do not the ude issue tosts associated with entering the borrowing arrangements (see note 23).

28 Financial commitments and contingent liabilities

Financing commitments

way of a Whole Business Securitisation structure

Capital commitments

Commitments for the acquisition of plant and equipment contracted for at the reporting date but life recognised as a liability are payable as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Em	. £m_
System of which	r ·	15.1
Strowers we		
Total capital commitments	23.1	15.6

There are no capital commitments payable in more than five years

29 Retirement benefits

Defined contribution scheme

Argiva Limited has operated a Detined Contribution Scheme during the year, for those employees who are not mein.

Benefit Plan Contributions payable in respect of this scheme for the year were to 8 mi/2020 (£8.5 m). The assets of the Scheme are help outside of the Group

A camount of £1.2m (2020, £1.2m) is included in accordals being the

Salary risk

outstanding contributions to the Defined Contribution Scheme

Defined benefit plan

to the year to 30 Jime 2021, the Group operatori one Defined Benefit Plan spor sored by Arquia Lunded. The Defined Benefit Plan is after instead by a separate entity that is regally separated from the Group, and therefore the Plan assets are held separatory from those of Ardiva Limited. The Trustees of the Plan are

required by law to act of the interests of the Plan and of all relevant stakeholders in the Plan. The Trustees are responsible for the investment policy with regards the assets of the Plan.

The Plan typically exposes the Group to risks such as investment risk interest rate risk llongevity risk land safary risk.

The present value of the defined benefit Plan iability corporate bond yields, which is different to how the Plan issets are invested. Currently the Plan has a relatively balanced investment in equity securities, debt instruments and real estate. Due to the long-term nature of the Plan habilities, the trustees of the Plan consider it appropriate that a reasonable portion of the Plan assets should be invested in equity securities to leverage the expected return generated by the Plan assets. Interest risk | Note the present value of the defined benefit Plan hability is calculated by reference to a best estimate of the mortality of Plan participants both during and after their retirement. An inability.

ending a certain that the

The present value of the defined benefit Plan liability is calculated by reference to the

future salaries of Plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the Plan participants

Argina Group Limited (company reg 05254001).

Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements 2021

benefits on 31 January 2016. The weighted average duration of the expected benefit payments from the Plan is around 17 years.

30 June 2020 whilst unapproved has been used for the purposes of measuring the plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit. lability. This was carried out by an independent from of consulting. actuacies. The present value of the

The Plan closed to the future accreas of γ . The triennial variation carried out as at γ IAS19 defined benefit sability, and the Tended current service cost and past service cost, have been measured. Using the projected unit credit method. based on roll-forward godates to the arest trienn al valuation figures.

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial variations were as follows:

	30 June 2021	
Key assumptions		
J.S. C. J. Triata	I at	1 -
$\varphi(x) = \varphi(x) + \varphi_{x}(x)$	1	= 5
the second of th	28 228 28 W V	20 Like Onlives
$(2\pi + 4\pi + 4\pi + 3\pi + 4\pi + 3\pi + 3\pi + 3\pi + 3$	27	
Other linked assumptions		
And the second second	-	÷ -
$(1-\epsilon)^{-1} + (1-\epsilon)^{-1} + (1-$		
$\chi(S) = (-\infty, -\infty) + (-$	•	. *

And this recognises in the consolidated income statement in respect of the defined benefit our twere as follows:

Year ended	Year ended	
30 June 2020	30 June 2021	
£m	£m	
i i		$S_{k}(\alpha) = \rho_{k}(\beta) + \alpha (\beta) + \beta (\beta) + \beta (\alpha) + \alpha (\beta) + \beta (\beta)$
	.:	$S_{k}(t) = t \cdot (1 + t)$
0 б	(0.8)	

The light merest from above his been and ided within thance income, securate 3). The remeasurement of the net defined general famility is not load in the statement of comprehensive income. The roks or it intallized to a read during the verifihas been included within exceptional costs is confidently.

Altholights recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in respect of the defined benefit plan were as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£mı
the second control of		.* *
(x,y,y,y,z) = (x,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y,y	*	11 =
And the second of the second o		•
	26.4	(11 9)

The control of the co

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Famulacy Marish assets	?v₁=	252
Steeling was participated and strategic category.	7.24 4	12:00 S
Surplus at 30 June	47.1	16.1

The Group has the restriction of the Could will be some some of the first production of the could be surprised in its entirety.

The reconciliation of the statement of financial position over the year is as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
	15.	2.2
Angland (2) yang daram ya	1.5	. •
appropriate to a second of the	÷. 1	- "
	, :	· .
Surplus at 30 June	47.1	16.1

The present value of the plan habilities has moved over the year as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
		£m
	e e	2.47.4
Control to the confine and person	¥ 7 ₁	2.2
	s (t)	r" ş
Support Const.		
	-	-
Am and general seed the group of experiences a less ingresses	*	. 2
Amount of any order of the control o	6.3	* *
208-02-0-19-00-46	1.1	
30 June	(248.8)	(266 8)

The fair value of the plan assets has moved over the year as follows:

	Year ended 30 June 2021	Year ended 30 June 2020
	£m	£m
Tary	282 -	250.1
A Cost to got	4.0	* *
tionar specific and encountry of property of the const	·_ ·	1
Coat in this congression approprie	1	- 1
TEND OF STATE OF SERVICE	i =	;
South Company		17.1
30 June	295.9	282.9

The major categories and fair values of Plan assets at the end of the leporting year for each category are as follows:

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	Łm	£m
		4
Elasty file facility from the	<u>2</u> ·	
Decree of the second se	7 (• .
Marine protection	2 :	13.
	N.O.	44.3
The and the property of		
Total	295 9	282.9

All : . istrame its have grioted prices in active mackets

The Pilin Policides holdings of gifts and corporate bonds, which are intended. to partially hedge the financial risk from an energy valuation move ments. associated with changes in gittland. corporate bond weld. IA\$19 hability. movements troin changes in the discount rate will also be partially. Company of the Compan

No amounts within the fair value of tile Plan assets are in respect of the and the statements of any property occupied by for assets. rised by the Group.

Following completion of the funding variation as \$130 sune 2017. Argiva-Limited agreed to pay deficit contributions or £3.4 m in October 2018 E5 4m in July 2019, with a further £5.4m due by 31 July 2020. It is anticipated that a revised Schedule. of Contributions will be agreed.

between the Trusteus and the Company as part of the tileania: actumal valuation as correctly being in sertuke has at 30 June 2020.

Sensitivity Analysis

The assumptions considered to be the most algoritical translate discount rate. adopted inflation recreseized by RPI. and the longevity as our oflors.

The sensitivity of the 2021 year endiresults to changes in the three key assumptions is show i below

Funding Posi	tion	Discount rate decrease of 0.1%	RPI increase of 0.11%	Longevity assumption increase of 1 year
*	5, 112	€ UTr	£ 100	= 1 1 1
	•	•		· ·

The season by of the 2020 year endicesus to change, in the three key assumption is shown below

Funding Position	Discount rate decrease of $0.1{\rm fg}$	RPI increase of 0.1%	Longevity assumption increase of 1 year
gradient of an expension	1 to 2 to	1 Fig. 198	r i i i

This self-trivity analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit on gation as it is unixely that the change in assumptions would occur in solation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

30 Related party transactions

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

this is a possible of the second and second

its associates, joint veatures and entities under common influence alle disclosed below

The disclosure of transactions with related parties reflects the periods in which the related party relationships exist. The disclosure of amounts outstanding to/from related parties at

the reporting date reflects related party relationships at that date

Trading transactions

During the year ended 30 June 2021 the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties who are not members of the Group.

	Sale of goods and services		Purchase of goods and services		
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m	£m	Em	£m	
			-		
Comments of the Comments of th			-	=	
and supplies a	^	‡			
nine vivien communities	\$ · ·	1:			
	20 7	5.4	5.6	8.1	

All transactions are on third-party terms and all outstanding parameter, are interest free, unsecured and are not subject to any timancial guarantee by either party.

As at 30 June 2021, the amount receivable from associates was £0.2m (2020, £0.5m) and the amount payable to associates was £m (2020) £0.1m)

As at 30 June 2021 the amount payable to joint ventures was £0.3m (2020, £0.9m)

As at 30 June 2021, the amount receivable from entities under common influence was 65 0m (2020-61 8m).

Remuneration of Directors and key management personnel

The remuneration of the Directors and key management personnel of the Group is set out below in aggregate for each of the categories, ipecined in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures.

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 20 2 0
	€m	£m
·	•	
Solar term enights be of the	g	5.7
Team control to (1-10).	+ I	
emetienge vinkaltike with	2	
	5.9	6.6

There are no members of the Directors and key management personnel (2020, one) who are a minor of the binary continuous forms of pension scheme (see note 29).

The members of the Directors and key management personnel had no material transactions with the Group during the year, other than in

connection with their service, agreements

Further information in respect of the time and the statutory Directors, including the highest paid Director, has been provided on page 134.

Investor transactions

There are two investor companies, FICAL and MEIF II, which are related parties with the Group in accordance with IAS 24, by virtue of significant shareholding in the Group. Refer to the Directors, report for further details of these investor companies.

30 June 2021	MGIF II *	MFIF II +	Macquarie Prism *	FICAL +
	£m	£m	£m	£m
ANALYSIA TESTER OF A	17.4	**	* .	1 7 16 -
Employed program of the design of the control of th	7	1339	4.0	***
And the second of the second of the second	. •	13/13		11 %

the least of last, by purple of the particle care

For all $x \in \mathbb{R}$, such that x is an experience of x is the form the x in x in x . In

30 June 2020	MGIF II *	MEIFII +	Macquarie Prism *	FICAL +
	£m	£m	£m	£m
Sharing the expansion	 1.5	,		1.274.4
some of the state of the state of the policy	-	.180	1	114
The state of the water of the		**, - ,	23	
A Secretary of the second of t				

31 Events after the reporting period

On 9th July 2021, the Group. refinanced its pank facilities and now has acress to a £100,0m Working Capital Facility maturing in 2024 and an 25 year ± 150 Om Lidgid by Fund. The Jerfacilities are floating rate in cataliers. with a margin over SONIA of between 120 and 130bbs. Arc va Emancing Noti-Angline Committee Configuration art of these arrangement.

On 10 Aug at 2021 at mibroke out at our Busdale transing the lorte. Our erameen have worked on a tour-state.

recove y planto reinidate kervines. present on the mast. Through phases 1 and 2 of our recovery plant around 500 000 horseholds have now had TV. services restored through utilisation of otter stes indicadio service, if Miandi-DAB) have tho been restored for many. Wo is have been completed for the improvement of TV coverage from: our Eston Mabilitie and all addition ac-15m mast his been installed at a site. in An cliffe Wood in order to extend. coverage from this site to achieve. this. Phase 3 of the millovery plan-

is values the erection of a temporary imast at the Busdale's tellwhoolis expected to restore the yest in hority of IV services. The logal process for securing site augessite or 4d the temporary mast toin progress. Phase 1 at the recovery plan will be to complete the enduring sociation Management are still assessing the tinancial enpact of the locident and the assets damaged by the file and have 200

32 Controlling parties

The Company is owned by a consort, im of shareholders, including Canadia Pension Plan Investment Board, Missiquarie European

managed funds and microrities

Infrastructure Fund II. offier Macquane — The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Aldiva-Group Limited

Directors' report for Arqiva Group Limited ('the Company')

The Directors of Arquia Group Limited, registered company number to, the 1 to 100 miles and audited financial statements in respect of the year ended 30 June 2021.

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements as explained in the Statement of Control of the Statement of

Business review and principal activities

The Company acts as an often are notding company of the Aliquia Group Lindon ACL Light in the Electron of companies.

The Company has made a loss for the financial year of £0.8m (2020 f127.1 m) and has not habititis of £11.5m (2020 f10.7 m).

Principal risks and uncertainties and key performance indicators ('KPIs')

From the perspective of the Company the principal risks and uncontenties arising from its activities are integrated with the principal risks, and incertainties of the Group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of the Group, which include those of the Company, are discussed on pages 48 to 52.

Given the straightforward nature of the five straightforward nature of the five strain are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The KPIs of the Group are discussed on pages 32 and 34.

Dividends and transfers to reserves

The Directors do not propose to pay a dividend (2020 inil). The loss for the financial year of £0.8m (2020. £127.1m) was charged to reserves

Financial risk management

Due to the straightforward nature of the continuous may be accounted to expose of the matter than the following the continuous may be a seen as the continuous

Future developments and going concern

It is the intention of the Company to company to the first that the first that the holding company

The Company adopts the going concern pasis in preparing its funded as statements on the base of the future profit cash flows and available resource of the Group which lead the Directors of the Company to be confident that the Company will have adequate resourcen to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Directors

The following held office as directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report.

- Mike Parton
- Mack Braithwaite
- Christian Seymour
- Peter Adams raitemate i
- Sally Davis
- Nelking
- Martin Healey (resigned 12 January 2021)
- Frank Dangeard (resigned 1 July 2021)
- Michael Darcey
- Maximilian Fleguth (atternate)
- Batiste Ogier (appointed 12 January 2021)
- Nathan Luckey (appointed 1 July 2021)

Jeremy Mavor was reappointed as the Company Secretary on 1 July 2021 (previously Rachael Whitaker between 31 March 2021 and 1 July 2021, and Jeremy Mavor prior to 31 March 2021).

Directors' indemnities

The Company has provided an indemnity for its Directors and the Company Secretary, which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006. This was in place throughout the year ended 30 June 2021 and up to the date the financial statements are signed.

Disclosure of information to the independent auditors

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of approval of this report confirm that

- So far as the Directors are aware there is no re-evant audit information of which the Auditors are unaware, and
- each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any refevent audit information and to establish that the order of that information.

On benaif of the Board

Mike Parton Director 21 September 2021

Company statement of financial position

	Note	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
		£m	£m
Non current assets			
Land to the second seco	•		
the state of	•		
Description	-	: :	-
		1.4	G.8
Current assets			
Step in the second control of		2	5.0
Form Carlo		4.0	3.9
Current liabilities			
Constraint		, I	*:
Net current liabilities		(12.9)	(11.5)
Net liabilities		(11.5)	(10.7)
Equity			
1880 - 1880		•	
were the second		ı. -	-
Superior Control		۸.	, ,
Total equity		(11 5)	(10.7)

The acid inting policies and potes on page 133 forming it of these tinancial statements

There will for the trianch year for the Company was it ibs soft to 8m (2020) E127 1m, loss-

During the year the Company in order a companies theory is a scored in 128.0 by relating to the investment of a order is bisidiary of the Company (Argiva Figure No. 3 Pic. as a scored in note 0 to the financial statement).

These tinancal statements on pages 131 to 140 were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 September 2021 and were signed on its behalf by

Mike Parton - Director

Company statement of changes in equity

	Share capital*	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total equity
-	£m 	£m	£m	£m
Balance at 1 July 2019	653.9	315 6	(853 1)	116.4
$((x,y)^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} (x,y)^{\frac{1}{2}} + ((x,y)^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} (x,y)^{\frac{1}{2}} + ((x,y)^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac$			(1271)	71
Balance at 30 June 2020	653.9	315 6	(980.2)	(10.7)
Love metro conjugar			/ M /	
Balance at 30 June 2021	653.9	315.6	(981.0)	(11.5)

Notes to the Company financial statements

1 Argiva Group Limited accounting policies and other information

Basis of preparation

As used in these financial starements and associated notes, the term to the control of the term to the control of the control

Argiva Group Eimited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in United Kingdom. The registered address of the Company is Crawley Court, Winchester Hampshire, SO21, 2QA.

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared at accordance with Financial Reporting

Standard 101, 'Reducted Disclosure Eranework' (ERS 101'). The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis to der the instocreace out convention and in accordance with the Companies Action of Language Countries and its subsidiaries) are available online at www.argiva.com.

The regularements have been applied in accordance with the reduce ments of the Companies Act 2006. As oern tred by Section 108(3) of the Companies.

Statement has not been presented.
Accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout.

New and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted in the current year, a But of which can be found in note 2 of the Group financial statements. There is no material suspection the Company. The following disclosure exemptions, as permitted by paragraph 8 of FRS 101, have been taken in these Company financial statements and note:

EU-adopted IFRS

IAS 1 Prese tration of financial statements

IAS 7 State mont of Cash Frow (

IAS 24 Related Firsty Disclosures

Relevant disclosure exemptions

The requirements of paragraphs 10(d)/10(0), 16,384/388 to D/40A to 9/111 and 134 to

1 30

All disclosure rudiline ments

The requirements of paragraph 17, the required earlifuld sclose related back transactions entered into between two or more members of a Grocus, provided in at any subsidiar, pairs, to the transaction is wholls owned by such a member.

Accounting policies

duvestments

Investments in Los dianes and associates are shown at contiless provision to laborationers.

Cash and comregues areas. Cash in Fides cash at bank and in Fand, and bank deposits renayable on demand

Omer payable

Other payable, are not interest bearing and are recorded at fair value. They are included in current Labelties, except for maticities greater than 12 months after the reporting date. which are classified all non-current labelties.

Divide ras

Dividend distribution race recognised as a liability in the year in which the dividends are approved by the

Action with a state of the

Share capital Ordinary share, are classified as Aulity

Other information

Employees

The Compley had no early oversioning the year (2020) index. None of the Directors (2020) index, were removed attend by the Completiv

Their individual remineration reflects the services they provide to the Company, its subsidianes and a simble of other entities outside of the Group. It is therefore not possible to make an accurate apportionment of the remuneration in a specific title riservice to the Company except where sums are paid to third parties in respect of their services. There were no such subspace of the year (2020) none).

Aught fees

The allott feel in respect of the Co-hpany and feel payable to PrivewaterhouseCoopers LLP for non-allott services were not specific to the Colonality and the disclosed list the notes to the Group fluancial state helits (see note 6).

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

No contical racio inting estimates or judgements have been used in the oreparation of these financial statements.

2 Directors' remuneration

The aggregate of the amount paid to the Directors in respect of their services as a Director of the Group are set out below

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	£m
and production	-	
Company of the American American Services		٦
are Roll	0 5	(0.1)

Certain of the Directors were account of the Directors were shareholders and their individual remuneration refrects the services they provide to the Company, its ways diaries and a number of other entities outside of the Group. It is not possible to make an accurate apportionment of each

their service to the Company and the Group except where so his are paid to third parties in respect of their services of which them we've En 1/2020; Entitle relation to the Company. Accordingly, no remineration in respect of these Directors is recognised in the Company.

There are no directors to whom retire next benefits accound in respect of quarifying services (2020) inone:

Highest paid director

. . . _ .

Included in the above is remineration onespect of the highest paid Director of

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 June 2021	30 June 2020
	£m	Em
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Turners and the second	0 3	(0.5)

3 Deferred tax

The balance of deferred havineroglissed at 301 mei 2021 is £n i (2020) Enio. The movement in deferred income tax assets and habilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same fax purisdiction was £m!

4 Investments

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Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
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Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held
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With the following exceptions, the registered office of each of the subsidiary companies listed was Crawley Court, Winchester, Haimoshire, SO21 2QA

Company	Registered office
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In addition to the subsidiary undertakings the Combany indirectly holds the following interests in associates and joint ventures.

Company	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Registered office	Year end	Percentage of ordinary shares held	
Joint ventures						
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Associate undertakings						
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The following companies within the Group will adopt the Department for Business. Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) audit exemption for the year ended 30 June 2021. As the ultimate parent company, AGL has guaranteed the depts and liabilities neld within these companies as required under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

Company	Company registration number
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The following dormant companies within the Group will take the exemption from preparing and tring financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021 (by vinue of s394A and s448A or Companies Act 2006 respectively). As the ultimate parent company, AGL has guaranteed the various debts and vabilities held within these companies as sequired under section 394C or the Companies Act 2006.

Company	Company registration number
ANH Material Control	71 - 1-4
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The Company held the following investments in a ibsidiances.

								Total	
								£m	
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C	Ost								
	100.0							*	
2	er karalan da karalan								

Carrying value

At 30 June 2021

W 12 1

frequently should indicators arise.

Driving the prior year the Company inclined an impairment charge of £128 Din relating to an investment in a direct subsidiary of the Company. Ard valif handing No.3 Pic. This calculation is considered to be a critical accounting estimate, as the visit of the calculation of the calculation of the calculation of the debt financing operations of Ardiva Group Limited. The investment is now fit by impaired.

5 Other receivables

With the exception of £0.8 in £2020, £0.8 inside thoir Activa Holdings £t 3 which include interest at 9.5 ill per anniar , ad amount; receivable are dive from other Group estitles and ale unsecured interest tree, and repayable on denished During the year management has performed a review of ill tercompany level vable balances which has resulted in the reclassification of some financial statement items between current and run current. The reclassification of pala, Croiwas based on whether there is an expectation they will be repaid in 12 months.

6 Other payables

	30 June 2021	30 June 2020	
	£m 	£m	
Annual tage synthetry is the property residence of the second of the sec	13.3	.1.	
Total	15.5	14.6	

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The Company has no payables falling due after more than one year. Amounts payable to other Group entities are suscented interest free, and repayable on demand.

7 Related parties

The Company has applied the provisions within ERS 101 to be exempt from the disclosure of transactions entered into land parances outstanding, with a Group entity which is wholly lowned by a rother Group entity.

8 Controlling parties

The Company is owned by a consort uso of shareholders including Canada Pens on Plan Investment Board. Macduarie European Infrastructure Fund II, other Macquarie managed funds and million ties.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Arqiva Group Emited.